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DAILY GAZETTE.

1876.

THE CAMPAIGN GAZETTE

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THE CAMPAIGN EDITION

OF THE

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette

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THE CAMPAIGN EDITION

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ADDRESS,

THE GAZETTE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Sitting Bull must be captured by hook or by Crook.

—The Republican Congressional Convention at Fremont, Ohio, renominated Chas. Foster by acclamation.

—Thurlow Weed, whose political sagacity is well known, says New York will go for Hayes and Wheeler.

—David M. Clarkson, a real estate broker of New York, has failed, with liabilities of one hundred thousand dollars.

—A Troy widower sleeps every night on his wife's grave in St. Mary's Cemetery. It does well enough in warm weather.

—The International Chess Tournament, under the management of the Philadelphia Chess club, will be inaugurated to-day.

—Congress has adjourned and the infliction upon the country of Sam. Cox, the Goliar of the Democratic party, is at an end.

—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Twelfth Illinois district has nominated Hon. D. H. Phillips by acclamation.

—Rev. E. P. Smith, President of Howard University, and late Commissioner of Indian Affairs, died at Accrea, on the West Coast of Africa, during the latter part of June.

—Mr. A. S. Abell, proprietor of the Baltimore *Sun*, attained his seventieth birthday on Wednesday. He is worth $10,000,000, and is supposed to be the richest journalist in the world.

—A. M. Hawley, who was suspected of robbing P. D. Bullock, of Jackson, Mich., of $50,000 worth of bonds, notes and currency on July 31, was arrested at Clayton, N. Y., and all of the property recovered.

—A court-martial convened at Alcatraz, Cal., on Tuesday, to try Captain John Egan, of the Fourth Artillery, commanding that post, on charges of alleged conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

—The twelfth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Equal Rights League was convened in Philadelphia on Tuesday in the Assembly buildings, there being about fifty colored citizens of the State present.

—The only daily German newspaper in Iowa, *Der Demokrat* of Davenport, has been led by a careful consideration of Gov. Tilden's letter of acceptance to abandon him and come out for Hayes and Wheeler. It's just that way all over the country.

—The Washington (Ga.) *Gazette* remarks: "For the past week it has been so hot down on Little River that the cat-fish have been observed to crawl up out of the water, lie down beneath the shade trees, and fan themselves with their tails." That is a scaly yarn.

—The Rev. Phillips Brooks, of Boston, is an uncommonly modest man. He objects to the public exhibition of his photographs, and is said personally to request photographers not to put them on sale. If any of his pictures appear in the shop windows, he buys them all up.

—Mr. Randall is said to have determined that there shall be no more legislation in the House before adjournment. The bill which would give additional cavalry to our forces fighting against the Sioux is thus checked in its passage through the House by Democratic filibustering.

—The second month of the campaign is nearly gone, and not the shadow of a blot has been discovered in Gov. Hayes' record. A little mud has been thrown, but not a particle of it has stuck, and the mud machines have been permanently retired. This makes a dull campaign, but it makes a decent one, which is a refreshing change.

—The Colombian Republic is to be added to the list of countries now in the throes of revolution. When the Centennial Exposition was projected the hope was generally expressed that 1876 would be a year of peace throughout the world; it has, on the contrary, exceeded most of predecessors in the number of wars and insurrections in both hemispheres.

—A generic difference. School girls out for a walk:

First School Girl (Sweet Eighteen)—I am so tired of walking along by twos in this way! It's as bad as the animals going into the ark!

Second Ditto (ditto ditto)—Worse! Half of them were masculine!

—Burlington *Hawkeye*: It was immense yesterday afternoon to hear an eloquent attorney attempt to quote Scripture and give the wicked flea away in the following astounding fashion: "Your honor will understand the application of the words of the Good Book to the case in hand when it says, 'The guilty man runs away when there isn't anybody after him.'"

—Mr. Wm. T. Adams ("Oliver Optic") met with a severe accident at his home in Dorchester, Mass., last Thursday. He was standing near a window-sill, reaching upward to close the window, when the screen to which he was holding for support gave way, and he fell to the floor. His spine was considerably injured, but his physicians do not believe that any permanent injury will result.

—The hand and wrist of the right arm of the statue of Liberty which France is about to erect in New York Harbor arrived yesterday. This, with the part on exhibition at the Centennial, makes the arm complete. This tribute from republican France to republican America is not only singularly appropriate in itself, but it is especially fitting as a memorial of the contest in which both countries took part a century ago.

—By consigning the measure to a committee which has decided not to report at present, the House has barred the passage of the Senate's postal bill. The fast mails are thus indefinitely postponed; but the franking privilege is not restored. In view of the good fortune of not being burdened permanently with the Privilege, the country will the more willingly submit to the temporary inconvenience of losing the fast mail.

—The vote of Colorado in favor of the State Constitution is announced by the local papers in the following startling fashion: "Sovereigns, assume your rights. Colorado, youngest, fairest State. In the Union cluster No. 38! No more Government wards in ours. We can vote in Congress now. Ain't you mighty glad you're out of the wilderness. Good bye, Wyoming, New Mexico, Arizona, Montana, Utah, Dakota, and Washington—we leave you pleasant company, and join a bigger and better crowd." They appear to be tickled over it out there.

—Gen. Tevfik, a Turkish officer who has passed some time in the United States, contributes an interesting article to the Providence *Journal* on the policy of his native country toward her dependencies. Of "Young Turkey" he says: "Nevertheless, with all the obstacles which Russia has known so well how to plant in the path of progress, the Turks of to-day, or, to borrow a Western expression, 'Young Turkey,' by no means despairs. She will unceasingly work for reforms which, though unpalatable to Russia, will be immeasurably beneficial to both Mussulmans and Christians. Such is the determination of young or progressive Turkey; and may, in God's will, the unhappy fate of Poland be averted from my country."

—He had a sort of disgusted look as he leaned against the corner of the street and contemplated the portraits of Tilden and Hendricks on a street banner. "Well," said he, after a long pause, "I'm an unreconstructed rebel, and I make no bones of saying I'm down on this Government. I fit agin it four years, and I'd like to have the Democrats come into power ag'in jist to make things lively; but by thunder, if them's good picters of Tilden and Hendricks, you may count me out. Them's the wust I ever see. I hate the country pretty bad, but not bad enough to put two such looking cusses as them over it. No, Sir! Sooner'n live in a country that had two such looking fellers at the head of it, I'd go to Egypt and 'list under the Kay-deev."

—George Eliot's latest novel, "Daniel Deronda," is remarkable for two or three things, among them its varied and strangely interesting developments of Jewish character, and also its extreme painfulness. In the book just issued almost everybody is in a condition of misery, Deronda, his mother, the woman he loves, her brother, Gwendolen, her mother, Rex Gascoigne and pretty nearly all the other figures who appear. The art of the novelist is wonderful, but the work is too sombre. Excepting when the writer permits her fancy to indulge in gentle humor in some of her own comments upon the passing scene, there is almost no relief for the anguish into which her creatures are plunged. It is a misfortune when a great novel is almost wholly harrowing. Fiction gives great pleasure when its shadows are fewer than its gleams of sunshine. *Hamlet* would have been a mighty drama without Polonious and the grave-diggers, but it would not have been such a matchless work of art.

—At Booth's theater, in New York, on Monday evening, the fall season was opened by the production of Lord Byron's play of "Sardanapalus." The critic of the *Herald* speaks thus sarcastically of two foreign female performers: "Mlle. Malvina Bartoletti, an actress from Paris, engaged especially to illustrate the genius of Byron —if we may say it without offense—showed unusual tragic power with her limbs. We should like to describe her costume, but there was hardly enough to describe. She entered into the spirit of Byron's work with unusual agility and grace. When she was swung up into the air by Mascagno, and was bent into an angle and whirled around and around, the admirers of Byron's noble poetry fairly rose in their seats and howled. Salvini in Othello, Booth in Hamlet never awoke so much enthusiasm. But much as we admire Bartoletti, the blue ribbon of the evening was carried off by Mlle. Stickel, we believe, who went around and about like a dumpling, and skipped like a rabbit, and looked so plump, and arch, and coy, and seemed to show such a deep knowledge of Byron's meaning that the believers in the reformed drama roared again and again. Never has New York paid such a tribute of homage to the illustrious author of "Sardanapalus."

THE INDIAN WAR.

GEN. TERRY'S EXPEDITION.

His Command on the March—No Prospect of Another Battle Unless the Indians Want to Fight—The Troops Unable to Overtake Them—Terry's Fight with Sitting Bull—300 Soldiers and 700 Indians Killed.

CHICAGO, August 15.—The *Times'* correspondent, writing from Ft. Buford, August 11, via Bismarck, August 14, says: Terry's force, which left Rosebud on the 8th, numbered a fighting force of sixteen hundred men, and was accompanied by a train numbering two hundred and twenty-five wagons, containing supplies for thirty days. Terry, with a view of forming a junction with Crook, will move down the west bank of the Rosebud for a distance of seventy miles, when the combined force will endeavor to engage the Indians in the region of the Big Horn mountains. Crow scouts report the main body of Sitting Bull's band encamped on Stinking river, a tributary of the Big Horn, and to engage them it will be necessary to cross the Big Horn mountains, which will be an almost impossible undertaking at this season of the year. There appears to be no prospect of another engagement with the Sioux unless the Indians desire to make a fight. The troops will be unable to overtake them before the approach of cold weather.

It is reported large bands of the northern Indians have been crossing the Missouri below Fort Benton, north into the British possessions, and it is not believed that they will make a stand against the troops again this year.

Major Saugor, of the Seventeenth Infantry, has been left in charge of the supply camp at the mouth of the Rosebud, which has been garrisoned by a company of infantry and one hundred and twenty dismounted cavalry. The garrison has been supplied with three Gatling guns.

Considerable illness prevails in the supply camp. Terry has decided to return his entire command to the mouth of the Rosebud about September 15. All troops will be withdrawn after that date. The command will march overland from the supply camp along the north bank of the Yellowstone to a point opposite Fort Buford, where a ferry will be provided to move the command to the east bank of the Missouri. The troops, from that point, will march overland to garrison the posts in Dakota and along the Missouri river. The steamer Far West will remain at the mouth of the Rosebud until the return of the troops, and will convey the sick and wounded and such of the supplies and camp equipage as will be possible, to the mouth of the Yellowstone and down the Missouri. All of the steamers, with this exception, have been taken out of the river.

ST. PAUL, August 15.—The *Pioneer-Press'* Bismarck special to-day says a party of twenty-five men, with teams, arrived from the Black Hills to-day. When one day's march from the hills they had a skirmish with Indians, and lost one man and one wounded in the foot. They report the miners in certain localities very successful —the richest placer diggings they had ever seen. There is an overstock of provisions in the hills, and bacon has been sold as low as sixteen cents per pound and flour as low as four dollars per hundred.

We have no news of Terry's last fight with the Indians, except by the steamer Western, which arrived this morning from Benton. When at Fort Peck the Indians told the captain of the Western that Terry had had a fight with the Sioux the day before, and that Terry's killed numbered three hundred, Sitting Bull's loss being seven hundred men.

The steamer Josephine, loaded with Government freight and troops, leaves Fort Buford to-morrow.

CROOK'S COMMAND.

The Strength of His Force—The Expedition to Have Started on the 5th.

CHICAGO, August 15.—The *Inter-Ocean's* special correspondent with Gen. Crook, under date of the 4th of August, sends news later than any received from that command. He gives the following as the strength of Crook's force, including that of Merritt: Second Cavaly, five companies; Third Cavalry, ten companies; Fifth Cavalry, ten companies; Fourth Infantry, three companies; Ninth Infantry, three companies, and Fourteenth Infantry, four companies. The cavalry averages about forty-five men to the company, and the infantry forty, or a sum total for the present campaign of 1,400 cavalry, 400 infantry and 260 Indian scouts; total, 2,050. Buffalo Bill came with the Fifth Cavalry as a scout and guide on the 4th. Orders are just received to take four days' rations in saddle bags, fifteen being taken on pack mules, and to move at daylight on August 5th.

Movements of Troops.

CHEYENNE, Wy., August 15.—Companies D and F of the Fourth Cavalry left for the North yesterday. Two companies of the Fourteenth Infantry arrived from Utah yesterday, and await orders. Four companies of the Fouth Artillery from the Pacific coast, and one more of the Fourth Cavalry, making six of this regiment in all, are expected here to-morrow. Sixty-eight Ute scouts leave Fetterman on Thursday. They will endeavor to join Crook. Major Frank North, chief of the old organization of Pawnee scouts, is ordered to report to Gen. Sherman. He left Sydney, Neb., for Chicago to-night.

The Battle Between Crook and Sioux.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Gen. Sherman states that he has received a similar report from another direction to that published yesterday, stating that a terrible battle had taken place between General Crook and Sioux, and that the latter had been annihilated. It was brought to the Red Cloud agency, and sent to him from Laramie. Therefore, he says, there seems to be more substance in the squaw's story than at first was considered probable.

Terrific Rain Storm.

TORONTO, August 15.—A special from Straffordville, Elgin county, says there was a terrific rain storm in that section on Saturday, immense destruction of roads, bridges, and crops. Twelve bridges were swept away in a radius of three miles. The stream was never known so high. Pails, &c., exposed to the weather were found to contain seven inches of water.

FIRST EDITION.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

The Last Day of a Long Session.

The Democratic House Closed with Disorder and Confusion.

WASHINGTON, August 15, 1876.

SENATE.

The Committees on Printing and on Public Buildings and Grounds were authorized to sit during the recess.

The Senate then proceeded to consider House bills granting pensions to various persons, and a large number were passed, but before acting upon all on the calendar a motion for an executive session was agreed to, and at 12:30 the galleries were cleared and the doors closed.

Final Adjournment.

The Senate resumed the open session at 2 o'clock, and Mr. WINDOM moved to take up the House resolution providing for the final adjournment of Congress, and an amendment of the same so as to adjourn finally at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Several Senators objected, and the motion was then withdrawn.

The bill to provide for the payment of a full month's wages to certain of the employes recently permanently discharged from the service of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the Treasury Department was passed without amendment.

The Senate, by a vote of 29 yeas and 12 nays, receded from its amendment to the bill of the House to provide necessary means to defray the expenses of the District of Columbia until December 1, 1876, and the bill was passed as it came from the House.

The Senate insisted upon its amendment to the House bill to authorize the President to accept the services of volunteers to aid in suppressing the Indian hostilities, and a Committee of Conference was appointed.

A Misstatement Corrected.

Mr. CRAGIN said the statement recently made by Merrimon that the United States had 93,119 civil employes in 1875 was a gross error, and a great mistake. He had prepared a table from the reports of the heads of departments, showing that in 1875 the number was 62,172, instead of 94,118. He said he desired the country to know what gross exaggerations has been made in the Senate and in the other House of Congress.

Bills Passed.

Mr. CAMERON (Wis.) called up the House bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at or near Sioux City, Iowa. Passed.

The amendment of the House bill to encourage and promote telegraphic communication between America and Asia was agreed to and the bill passed.

Presidential Messages.

The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President returning without his approval the Senate bill to provide for the sale of a portion of the reservation of the confederated Otoe and Missouri bands of Indians and Sac and Fox Indians in Kansas and Nebraska.

Also another message from the President stating that he was convinced, after further examination, that his message returning the bill without his signature was premature, and requesting that the bill might be returned to him for his signature.

The question being on the passage of the bill, notwithstanding the objections of the President, it was passed by a unanimous vote.

Mr. MORRILL called up the House joint resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the change which has taken place in the relative value of gold and silver, the causes thereof &c.

The House bill for the relief of Mrs. Jas. K. Polk, widow of ex-President Polk, was discussed at some length and passed.

Mr. LOGAN called up the report of the Conference Committee on the bill to authorize the President to accept the services of volunteers to aid in suppressing Indian hostilities and it was agreed to.

6:30 P. M.—Mr. WINDOM called up the House joint resolution providing for final adjournment, and moved to amend so that the two Houses of Congress adjourn at 7:30 P. M. this day.

The amendment was agreed to, and the resolution as amended adopted. Messrs. Windom and McCreery were appointed a committee to join with a committee of the House of Representatives to wait upon the President and notify him that Congress was ready to adjourn. The Senate then, at 6:45 P. M., took a recess until 7:15.

Upon reassembling Mr. WINDOM, from the committee appointed to wait upon the President, reported that they had discharged that duty, and the President replied that he had no further communication to make to Congress.

Mr. MCCREERY submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the Senate to the President *pro tem.*, Hon. Thomas W. Ferry, for the dignity, justice and impartiality with which he had presided over the deliberations of the Senate. Agreed to by a unanimous vote.

At 7:30 P. M. the gavel of the presiding officer (Mr. Ferry) fell, and he spoke as follows:

Before declaring the order of adjournment, permit me, Senators, to express my obligations for the trust confided and for the courtesy extended to me throughout an arduous session of eight months and over, now drawing to a close. For your generous support through an impeachment trial and during the first regular session's experience as your presiding officer accept my hearty thanks. This session has drawn to a close. While associated with other historical events it will especially be noticeable as embracing the union of two centuries in the life of the Republic. National permanence, however, is no guarantee against personal change. We are about to part, not without suggestive reflection that in the first month of the new century, and next to this in which we separate, our number was broken by the death of one whose short Senatorial career had won the attachment of many, and the respect of all, and by the departure of another whose longer career had qualified him for the merited place of Executive adviser, which he now honors with honor to himself and the Senate. In returning to your several States to greet their approval of your distinguished services, may heaven's kindly care attend and return you all with added strength to renew your labors next December. To the officers of the Senate, whose valued aid has enabled me to hold your confidence, I tender sincere acknowledgments. Finally, wishing you all a safe return to your respective homes, I now pronounce the first regular session of the Senate of the Forty-fourth Congress adjourned without day. [Applause on the floor and in the galleries.]

HOUSE.

The Tilden Debate.

The Monday night session of the House continued till six o'clock this morning, most of the time after midnight being taken up in dilatory motions and maneuvers to prevent Mr. Cox resuming his speech in reply to Mr. Kasson. At last, about five o'clock in the morning, a truce was effected between the opposing forces, and an opportunity was afforded to both Messrs. Cox and Kasson to make due apology to the House and each other for the exhibiting of any angry passion or the violation of any parliamentary decorum that either might have been guilty of. After that Mr. Hewitt took the floor, and in a speech which was frequently applauded by his own side of the house, defended Gov. Tilden from the assaults made on him by Kasson, and eulogized him as the standard-bearer of the national Democracy.

On motion of Mr. RANDALL, the Senate amendments to the bill to defray the expenses of the District of Columbia until December 1st, 1876, were non-concurred in.

The Hawaiian Treaty.

Mr. MORRISON, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, stated that the committee had taken evidence in alleged improper use of money to aid in the passage of the Hawaiian treaty bill, but there was nothing in the evidence showing the justice of such allegations. He, therefore, moved that the committee be discharged from its further consideration. So ordered.

The Indian War.

Mr. BANNING moved to concur in the Senate amendment to the House bill for volunteers to aid in suppressing the Indian hostilities. He explained that the House bill provided for 5,000 volunteer cavalry, and that the Senate amendment provided for an increase of the regular cavalry regiments to one hundred men for each company. He asserted that the existing law already authorized that increase, but that if men were needed for the Sioux war they were needed immediately, and could be got on the frontier, where the men knew the Indian character and how to fight Indians.

Messrs. GARFIELD and THORNBURG favored the Senate amendment.

After some further discussion the amendment was nonconcurred in.

Message from the President.

A message was received from the President announcing that he had signed the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill, but calling attention to the fact that constitutionally the House had no right to order the withdrawal of consuls or ministers, though it might reduce or withhold entirely the salaries to be paid to said officers.

Mr. LAWRENCE thought Congress was as morally bound as a political duty to appropriate for the salaries of ministers as for any other officer.

Mr. TUCKER entered his protest against some of the doctrines announced on the other side in reference to the President's message in regard to the River and Harbor bill. He said after signing the bill the President's only duty was executive, and the constitution provides that he must take care that the law is executed.

A constitutional discussion as to the limits of the power of the President in regard to diplomatic officers was carried on by Messrs. Tucker and Holman on one side, and by Messrs. Garfield, Lawrence and Banks on the other. The message was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PAGE moved to take up and pass the Senate bill to encourage and promote telegraphic communication between America and Asia. After some discussion, and the adoption of an amendment offered by Mr. Holman to guard against telegraph monopoly, the bill was passed.

Knott and the Caldwell Dispatch.

Mr. HUNTON, from the Judiciary Committee, made a report, exonerating the chairman of the committee (Knott) in connection with the Josiah Caldwell telegram. He at the same time presented a paper written by Mr. Hurd, to the effect that when he stated on the former report being made that there was to be no discussion of it, he had not the authority of Mr. Knott for making the statement, nor had Knott any knowledge of that arrangement.

Mr. MCCRARY presented the views of the minority, dissenting from the majority report, for the following reasons: First, that no report should be made or acted upon at this time, in the very closing hours of the session, when there is no time or opportunity for debate; second, that the matter has not been investigated, no witnesses sworn, and no testimony taken. The report was based wholly upon the presumption that the chairman had acted in good faith and without malice. That presumption had been overthrown by Mr. Knott's speech, and that made it necessary to determine the fact as to his motive upon evidence, and not alone upon presumption.

The majority report was adopted by a party vote—81 to 59.

The House then took a recess for half an hour, awaiting a message from the Senate fixing the hour of final adjournment.

After the recess, there being no other business before the House, the Speaker *pro tem.* announced the commencement of the morning hour, when Mr. Bland's silver bill came up. The previous question having been moved by Mr. BLAND, dilatory motions were thereupon resorted to by the opponents in order to consume the morning hour.

Cavalry for the Sioux War.

Mr. BANNING made a conference report on the bill to increase the cavalry force for service in the Sioux war, and proceeded to explain it. The House recedes from its proposition to authorize the raising of 5,000 volunteer cavalry, and accepts the proposition to increase the regular cavalry force operating against the Sioux by 2,500 men. The conference report was agreed to—yeas 107, nays 39.

Speaker Kerr.

The following dispatch from Speaker Kerr was read:

"My condition is very critical. No change since morning.

"M. C. KERR."

A resolution of sympathy was adopted.

Passed Over the President's Veto.

On motion of Mr. CROUNSE, the bill providing for the sale of a portion of the reservation of the confederated Otoe and Missouri Indians and Sac and Fox Indians in Kansas and Nebraska was taken up and passed by a two-thirds vote over the President's veto.

The Speaker announced as members of the joint committee on Chinese immigration Messrs. Piper, Beebe and Wilson (Pa.)

At 7 o'clock a message was received from the Senate announcing that the Senate had passed a resolution for the final adjournment of Congress at 7:30 this evening, and on motion of Mr. MORRISON the resolution was adopted.

Disorder and Confusion.

Mr. PAGE (Col.), rising to a privileged question, said in the appointment of the committee which has just been made the gentleman from Nevada (Woodburn) and myself have not been consulted.

Here the Speaker said that it was not a privileged matter.

Mr. PAGE persisted, however, in spite of the Speaker's continued calls to order and hammering with the gavel. It is peculiarly unfortunate that the gentleman from Iowa (Kasson) made his speech yesterday, which is the cause of his being forced off that committee, after the Speaker had promised the gentleman from Nevada and myself that he (Kasson) should be appointed.

A large number of members joined the Speaker in demanding that Mr. Page come to order, and so great was the uproar and confusion that the Sergeant-at-Arms seized the huge silver mace of his office and stalked about in the most disorderly section of the hall. In the meantime Messrs. Page and Lane, of Oregon, (who had been one of the most demonstrative members in calling Mr. Page to order,) got into a wordy altercation on their own account, Mr. Lane insisting that Mr. Page's remarks were an insult to the Speaker.

A committee of three was appointed to wait on the President and announce that both Houses were ready to adjourn *sine die*.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Gibsons, Bland and Willard (Mich.) on the commission of silver coinage.

Mr. WELLS reported that the committee had waited on the President and had been informed that he had no further communication to make to Congress.

Mr. GARFIELD (Mr. Clymer having taken the chair) offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the House to Mr. Saylor, Speaker *pro tem.*, for the impartiality, efficiency and ability with which he has discharged the arduous duties of his office during his present term of service.

Mr. BLACKBURN asked Mr. Garfield to accept an amendment by including the name of Mr. Cox.

Mr. GARFIELD said he had no objection if unanimous consent were given for the purpose.

No objection was made, and the name of Mr. Cox was added to that of Mr. Sayler, and the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The Speaker *pro tem.* then announced that the hour for final adjournment having arrived (thanking the House for its courtesy), the first session of the Forty-fourth Congress stood adjourned without a day.

This authoritative dissolution was followed by loud cheers, members and officers immediately taking leave of each other in the most demonstrative manner.

ANOTHER MESSAGE.

President Grant Standing Up for His Rights—The Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill—Invasion of the Constitutional Prerogative and Duty of the Executive.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The President sent the following message to the House of Representatives to-day:

In announcing, as I do, that I have attached my signature of official approval to the act making an appropriation for the consular and diplomatic service of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1877, and for other purposes, it is my duty to call attention to the provision in the act directing that notice be sent to certain of the diplomatic and consular officers of the Government to close their offices. In the literal sense of this direction it would be an invasion of the constitutional prerogative and duty of the Executive. By the Constitution the President shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present consent, and he shall terminate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, &c., &c. It is within the power of Congress to grant or withhold an appropriation of money for the payment of the salaries and expenses of foreign representatives of the Government. In the early days of the Government a sum in gross was appropriated, leaving it to the Executive to determine the grade of officers and countries to which they should be sent. Latterly, for very many years, specific sums have been appropriated for designated missions or employment, and as a rule the omission by Congress to make an appropriation for any specific post has heretofore been accepted as an indication of a wish on the part of Congress, which the executive branch of the Government respected and complied with. In calling attention to the passage which I have indicated, I assume that the intention of the provision is only to exercise the Constitutional prerogative of Congress over the expenditures of the Government, and to fix a time at which the compensation of certain diplomatic and consular officers shall cease, and not to invade the prerogative of the Executive, which I should be compelled to resist, and my present object is not to discuss or dispute the wisdom of failing to appropriate for several offices, but to guard against a construction that might possibly be placed on the language used as implying a right in the legislative branch to direct the closing or discontinuing of any of the diplomatic or consular offices of the Government.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

WASHINGTON, August 14, 1876.

SECOND EDITION

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

The Freshest Gleanings from the Old World.

The War in Turkey.

The Prospect of the Servians Becoming Gloomy.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT PROROGUED.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 15.—Frederick Cavill's attempt to swim the channel proved a failure. He remained in the water twelve hours, and was very much exhausted.

EDINBURGH, August 15.—The *Scotsman* publishes a dispatch from London saying that Disraeli's investure of the Privy Seal is probably only temporary, pending the reorganization of the cabinet. It is believed the following changes will ultimately be made: Lord John Manners, the present Postmaster General, will be created a peer and take the Privy Seal; Right Hon. Stephen Cave, Paymaster General, will succeed Lord Manners; Sir Charles Adderly, President of the Board of Trade, will be created a peer, and William H. Smith, one of the Joint Secretaries to the Treasury, will succeed Adderly. Sir L. Massey Lepes, baronet, will succeed Smith as Joint Secretary. Disraeli will retain the Premiership only during the recess of Parliament, if so long. Lord Derby will then succeed to that office.

LONDON, August 15.—Parliament was prorogued at two o'clock this afternoon by Royal commission. The following is the Queen's speech from the throne by the Lord High Chancellor:

My Lords and Gentlemen: I am happy to release you from your attendance upon Parliament. My relations with all foreign powers are of a friendly character, and I look forward confidently to the maintenance of the good understanding which now prevails. The efforts which, in common with other nations, I have made to bring about a settlement of the differences unfortunately existing between the Porte and its Christian subjects in Bosnia and Herzegovina have hitherto been unsuccessful. The conflict begun in these provinces has been extended into Servia and Montenegro. Should a favorable opportunity present itself, I shall be ready, in concert with my allies, to offer my good offices for the purpose of mediation between the contending parties, bearing in mind alike the duties imposed upon me by treaty obligations and those which arise from considerations of humanity.

A difference has arisen between my Government and that of the United States as to the proper construction of an article in the treaty of the 9th of August, 1842, which relates to the mutual surrender of persons accused of certain offences. The inconvenience to both countries which would follow a cessation of the practice of extradition are great and obvious, and I entertain a hope that a new arrangement will soon be arrived at by which the matter will be placed on a satisfactory footing.

I am deeply thankful that my dear son, the Prince of Wales, has returned in good health from a lengthened journey in India. His presence in that part of my dominions has given occasion for expression of feelings of loyalty and devotion the the throne which I highly value. In pursuance of the power conferred upon me I have, by proclamation, assumed the title of Empress of India. In making, as regards India, this addition to the ancient style of my crown, I have desired to record on this occasion the peculiar interest to me and the earnest solicitude which I feel for the happiness of my Indian people. I trust that peace and order will be re-established in the Malay Peninsula, and that the rulers of the native States will cheerfully accept the recommendations and assistance of my officers for the better government of their territories.

The visit to this country of the President of the Orange Free States has resulted in the satisfactory settlement of a long controversy which has existed with reference to the province of Griqualand, and an important advance has thus been made towards that friendly and cordial co-operation of neighboring States which is essential to the interests of South Africa. A conference in regard to South Africa affairs, in regard to which papers have already been laid before you, is now sitting in London, and cannot fail to contribute largely to the settlement of various and important questions.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: I thank you for the liberal supplies you have voted for the public service. An additional outlay was required to place my army and navy upon a proper footing of efficiency, and the check which had been given to an advance of the revenue by the comparative stagnation of trade compelled me to propose an increase of taxation. I desire to acknowledge the readiness with which you have responded to that appeal, and at the same time assure you that no effort shall be wanting to keep the expenditures of the country within the boundary of moderation.

My Lords and Gentlemen: The act which you passed for the amendment of the laws relating to the merchant shipping will, I trust, promote the safety of our ships and seamen, without imposing unnecessary restrictions upon the conduct of a service on the prosperity of which our national interests in so many ways are involved.

BELFAST, August 15.—The Lady Day procession to-day and accompanying rabble had several encounters with the crowds collected to witness it. Nine persons were sent to the hospital. Further disturbance is apprehended to-night.

THE WAR IN TURKEY.

LONDON, August 15.—A dispatch from Zara announces that an engagement took place yesterday between Montenegrins and Turks near Kuci. The Turks were repulsed and pursued from Fundina to Podgoritza. The Montenegrins captured a quantity of arms, war material and several flags. The Turks lost many killed and wounded.

LONDON, August 15.—A dispatch from Belgrade says it is reported that the Turks have advanced beyond Banja, and that the Servians evacuated that important pass without firing a shot. It is quite possible that constant rumors of Turkish advances and Servian retreats are exaggerated, but it cannot be denied that the prospect of the Servians is becoming more gloomy. A rumor of their evacuation of the defiles leading from Gurgusovatz to Deligrade, and from Saitschar to Parakin, though unconfirmed, is highly probable. If the Turks push forward it is more than likely that the expected great battle at Alexinatz or Deligrade will never be fought. Officials continue to assure the public of their ability to beat the Turks. Nevertheless consternation prevails and must increase as the number of runaways increases in the streets.

LONDON, August 16.—The *Standard's* dispatch from Belgrade says there is a sudden change in the position of the parties. The peace party had entertained anticipations of the success of their policy in consequence of the hopelessness of the military situation and return of Prince Milan from the field, but the arrival of Russians and other foreigners to enlist in the army has been taken advantage of by the war party to create the belief that no power at least will support Servia in good or evil fortune, and the talk now is of continuing the war. The Turks purposely retard their advance to give an opportunity for negotiations, but the peace party are not likely to succeed until the Turks win another victory.

A dispatch from Constantinople to the *Standard* reports that a plot for the betrayal to the Servians of the military plans of the Turks has been discovered at Nisch, and several staff officers arrested.

The *Standard's* Vienna correspondent announces that the leaders of the Servian agitation in the South of Hungary have been indicted for high treason for conspiracy to excite civil war.

The Czar telegraphed to Belgrade that he will stand as godfather by proxy to the young Prince.

LONDON, August 16.—A dispatch from Constantinople says the Turks are inclined to decree the deposition of Prince Milan and nominate a successor. England has protested through her ambassador.

A dispatch to the *Daily News* from Cottaro asserts that in the battle of Kuci the Turks numbered 2,000 and the Montenegrins 15,000.

A Vienna correspondent of the *Times* writes that military critics approve of Tchenayeff's strategy and declare that inferiority of numbers alone obliged him to abandon the Turkish territory and stand on the defensive. He evacuated Gurgusovatz and Saitchar, and is expected to withdraw from the whole line of the Timok, daring the Ottomans to follow him through the gorges between the valleys of Timoka and Morava. He has an army of 60,000, occupying strong positions from Alexenatz to Paratchin. The Turks have 100,000 men, divided into three armies. It remains to be seen whether the Turks will attack the Servians or march north, leaving the Servians behind.

A special to the *Daily Telegraph* reports that the English Consuls at Belgrade and Constantinople have been directed to inform the Servians and Turks respectively that if they will consent to the mediation of the powers England is willing to act.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Panama advices to the 5th state that warlike troubles loom up in the Colombian Republic. The first outbreak in the State of Cauca on July 10th has spread. Pronunciamientos against the Government have been rife in that section, and the Conservative Catholic, or clerical, party are in open rebellion. There have been several fights in Cartago. One hundred Liberals (Government party) were killed or wounded by Conservatives, who gained a fight at Videla, near Polmyra, on July 17th. The Liberals defeated five hundred Conservatives. Another body of five hundred Conservatives under Daniel Herrera were beaten at Mount Pacheco, Herrera losing his life in the fray.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 15.—Cabinet changes are believed imminent. It is more than probable that a climax will be reached within a week, notwithstanding a ministerial crisis now might injure the prospects of the new loan about to be issued under cover of conversion of the National debt, and might interfere with Cuban affairs. Most politicians, of whatever shade, consider the crisis of great importance, and sincere friends of the restored monarchy confess that ex-Queen Isabella's return bodes no good for the country. Public opinion does not favor her influence.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Appropriation Bills Approved.

The President has signed the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill and the Indian Appropriation bill. All the regular annual appropriations have now been approved.

The President approved the bill authorizing the cavalry force to be increased, the bill to carry into effect the Hawaiian treaty, and the bill to encourage and promote telegraphic communication between America and Asia. Among the bills which failed to become laws is one appropriating $800,000 to pay judgments of the Court of Claims.

Speaker Kerr.

A prominent member of the House of Representatives received the following dispatch, dated Rock Alum Springs, 7 P. M., yesterday:

"My condition is very feeble. I am weakening hourly. Unless a change occurs, my time is short. As a last hope, to gratify my good wife and son, I have sent for Dr. Pope. Urge him to come.

"M. C. KERR."

Speaker *pro tem.* Sayler last night received a dispatch, dated Rock Alum Springs, 7:45, saying Mr. Kerr's condition was very critical, but that he had been no worse during the day.

Collection Districts.

Collector James Fishback, of the Tenth District of Illinois, having resigned, his place will probably not be filled, the President, under the recent act of Congress, being required to reduce the collection districts to thirty-five. He will no doubt attach that district to adjoining districts.

Public Printer.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of O. M. Clapp to be Public Printer.

Fatal Affray in Colorado.

PUEBLO, COL., August 15.—A man named Fitzpatrick, a section boss on the Denver & RioGrande Railroad, was shot and killed by Matashi Menhore, one of his men, at Canon City, this evening. Fitzpatrick had been absent on a pleasure trip to the mountains, and when he was gone Menhore circulated a story that Fitzpatrick had stolen a mule. On the return of Fitzpatrick he gave Menhore a severe whipping, when the latter emptied a revolver at his assailant, but without effect. Menhore then went away, reloaded his revolver, returned and shot Fitzpatrick dead. The murderer was immediately arrested, and it is thought he will be hanged by the citizens before morning.

Convention of Photographers.

PHILADELPHIA, August 15.—The seventh annual Convention of the National Photographic Association assembled in Judges Hall at the Centennial grounds. The Convention will be held morning and afternoon until Thursday. President Rulofson, of San Francisco, called the Convention to order, and an address of welcome was delivered by Gen. Joseph R. Hauley, President of the United States Centennial Commission.

☞For Additional Telegrams See Fourth Page.

LOANS.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE in Pittsburgh and vicinity may be negotiated with the INS. CO. OF NORTH AMERICA, of Philadelphia, upon application to WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

EDUCATIONAL.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, N. J.—An excellent school in a charming location. Send for catalogue. REV. WM. C. BOWEN, A. M., Pres. 14-d&s

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AT THE RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—Instruction very practical. Advantages unsurpassed in this country. Graduates obtain excellent positions. Reopens Sept. 14th. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, address PROF. CHARLES DROWNE, Director. 112

CHAMBERSBURG ACADEMY, PA.—Delightful location. Easy of access. Experienced teachers. New library. Health-lift exercise. Rates reduced. Duties resumed Sept. 6. J. H. SHUMAKER, PH. D., Principal. The Principal will be at the Seventh Avenue Hotel on the 8th, 9th and 10th of August, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and any others who wish to make inquiries regarding the School.

NEWELL INSTITUTE,

FOR BOYS.

47 SEVENTH STREET.

Will reopen on Monday, September 4th. Young men prepared to enter any Eastern College, or for business. For course of Study, Terms, &c., see Catalogues at Book and Music Stores. Applications for admission will be received at 47 Seventh street, on and after August 23.

138 BURCHFIELD & McCREERY, Principals.

Washington Female Seminary

The next term opens September 13. For terms, apply to MISS N. SHERRARD, Principal or Rev JAS. I. BROWNSON, President Board of Trustees. b90-ws

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN, Iron Bank Block, Wood, Liberty and Sixth avenue. The work of School will resume on WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1876. Full attendance of pupils is requested. Information given at the School Rooms.

147 HUGH NEWELL, Principal.

Pennsylvania Female College,

Pittsburgh, East End, Pa.

Collegiate year opens September 13th. Grammar School Department for preparatory training will open the same date. Applications for Catalogues and Circulars to be made at the Book Store of ROBT. S. DAVIS & CO., and also to REV. THOMAS C. STRONG, D. D., President.

140-MWF

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞COLORED PEOPLE'S CAMP MEETING, A. M. E. ZION CHURCH, AT FRIENDSHIP GROVE, commencing on SATURDAY, AUGUST 26.—Preaching on Saturday at 8 o'clock P. M., and on Sunday at 9½ and 11 A. M. At 3 and 8 o'clock P. M., the Rev. J. J. Clinton, Senior Bishop, will be in attendance, and will preach at 3 o'clock. The meetings will be conducted by Rev. George Bosley, assisted by Rev. J. E. Price and others returning from Conference. The meeting will be continued for two Sabbaths. The Ministers and Members of all Evangelical Congregations are cordially invited to attend. Ample provisions will be made for all. Those desiring to tent on the grounds can do so without charge, except boarding tents and stands, for which a reasonable compensation will be required. ADMISSION TEN CENTS. Family and Season Tickets at reduced rates. Single Horse and Carriage, 25 cents; Double, 35 cents. Necessary accommodations will be made for horses. West and East Gates will be open on Sunday for admission. Nelson Davis, Frank Williams, George Brown, John Pendleton, John Martin, John Thomas, John Bell, Noah Sly, Henry W. Smith, Daniel Johnson. 142

☞NOTICE TO VENDERS OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLES. All persons found selling Fruit and Vegetables from unbranded boxes and baskets (used as measures) will be dealt with according to law. W. W. TYSON, County Sealer of Weights and Measures, No. 41 Federal street. Box 243, Pittsburgh. Office Hours—8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention. R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Aug. 11, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND No. 23.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., payable on and after August 17, 1876. The transfer books will be closed from the 12th to the 17th inst., inclusive.

WM. LOEFFLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

139

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JNO. L. MOORHOUSE

SUCCESSOR TO

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,

Cor. Market and 4th Avenue.

NEW GOODS,

ALL GRADES OF GOODS,

BEST VALUE.

We desire to call attention to

Colored Dress Silks

All shades at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.

CHECK SILKS,

From 87½c to $1.25.

Black Dress Silks,

In reliable makes and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

NEW CHINTZES,

At 12½c per yard.

New Prints, Muslins, Linens and Sheetings

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

☞Samples sent on application.

JNO. L. MOORHOUSE

Cor. Market St. and 4th Avenue.

Orders for July FOR THE PATENTED COAST Range CALIFORNIA Flour

Having been nearly double those of any previous month, we would ask the trade to order ahead of immediate wants to secure the Flour when needed. Its quality commends it, hence the largely increased demand.

PEABODY, HUGUS & CO., 329 Liberty Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

R. H. Gibson & Co., Wholesale AND RETAIL Dealers in BEST BRANDS BRILLIANT MILLS Family FLOUR GRAIN AND FEED, 44 Ohio St., Allegheny City, Pa.

Mosquito Bars.

EXTRAORDINARY

LOW PRICES

To close out balance of this season's stock.

E. EDMUNDSON & SONS,

Furniture Dealers and Upholsterers,

No. 139 Liberty Street,

FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

CAMPAIGN GOODS AND OUTFITS FOR HAYES and WHEELER MARCHING CLUBS, TOGETHER WITH Transparencies, Banners, Flags, Badges, &c.

Regalia of all descriptions, Military Goods and Embroidery. Call on, or address

F. G. REINEMAN, 113 Third Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLUE LICK AND BEDFORD WATERS

RECEIVED THIS DAY (JULY 24.)

Also, all the principal Imported and Domestic Waters, both on draught and in bottles.

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OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, MOSQUITO BARS.

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THE NEWEST THING OUT.

FOULARD PERCALE SUITS.

IN BLACK,

And the Dark Shades of BLUE, MYRTLE and BROWN.

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BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.

Pier, Dannals & Co.,

SELL THEIR

FINE BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER AT $1.50 PER DOZ., PINTS

Refunding 70c for the Empty Bottles

The Best Quality of Ale and Porter

For sale to the trade in Case or Bottle.

1876. CAMPAIGN. 1876.

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77 and 79 Market Street,

HAVE NOW OPENED FULL LINES

BRADLEY'S LIGHT AND HEAVY WEIGHT

BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS,

Harmony and Damascus Flannels, Barred, All-Wool and Union Eastern Flannels, Different Widths.

FROM THE LATE AUCTIONS,

FULL LINES

Plain, White, Scarlet, Yellow and Blue Flannels, Grey, Blue and Scarlet Twilled Flannels, Ballardville White Flannels, all grades at lowest prices.

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WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

FLOUR, SEED, GROCERIES.

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PROMPTLY.

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Always on hand for prompt shipment.

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ALLEN KIRKPATRICK & CO.

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A Full Line of these Goods at the Warehouse of

D. GREGG & CO.

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TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE,

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NEW FLORAL HALL, GRAND ART DISPLAY,

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Music by Great Western Band. Balloon Ascensions Every Day for First Two Weeks by Balloon "Donaldson," in charge of Professor Harry Gilbert.

FULL PREMIUM LIST.

The Management have made arrangements so complete for the next Exposition, that they confidently announce a superior display to last year. Applications for space now received and space promptly assigned. Premium lists on application. ADMISSION—Gentlemen, 50 cents, Ladies, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents. Address TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE, 198 PENN AVENUE.

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Gum Hose and Packing at Manufacturer's Prices

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, COAL AND COKE WORKS OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

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Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 35¾.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 103.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111⅞.

THE snarl into which Sunset Cox got with Mr. KASSON, of Iowa, ended by Cox making an abject apology.

THE Indian war is likely to amount to little the present year, the Sioux being reported to have crossed the Big Horn Mountains, and some of them to have migrated to the British possessions. At any rate they are thought to be beyond the reach of our troops, and hence not likely to stand another battle the present year. If this should prove true, a winter campaign may be thought necessary, as the surest method of relief against the Indians.

AFTER all the enthusiastic receptions accorded to ex-Queen ISABELLA, and the attempted reconciliation of the two families that claim title to the throne, by the betrothal of the young King with a daughter of the MONTPENSIERS, it proves true that the presence of ISABELLA is anything but agreeable to the people. Her fingers are in politics already, and those who helped to dethrone her are marked for proscription. This has already produced a profound sensation, and may yet imperil again the throne itself.

THE Chamber of Commerce did itself honor, and the Tradesmen's Institute a kindly service, in the preamble and resolutions it adopted, commending our Industrial Exposition to the support of the people. The success of our annual Expositions in turn benefit the Chamber of Commerce, and the business interests of the city. There is no unfriendly rivalry between the two organizations, their objects being entirely distinct. There should, therefore, be the most friendly feeling between the two organizations. We do not doubt that the management of the Institute will extend an invitation to the Chamber of Commerce to hold its sessions in the Exposition building for the next several weeks.

WITH the adjournment of Congress, we will have an opportunity of determining just how much the Democracy have really saved by their talk over economy. They are in hot blood, just now, because the President has determined not to allow appropriations to be used where they do not represent national objects. The River and Harbor improvement bill, which has the little Democratic jobs for which liberal appropriations have been made, is not mandatory on the executive. If it were, the President informs them he would veto it; but as it is not, he will use his judgment about expending the money. This is a back set that was unanticipated, and is highly disagreeable to the unterrified.

THE grand musical festival with which WAGNER has opened his great Opera House at Baireuth, has been marvellously successful thus far. Three of the four parts into which his great musical composition is divided, have been given, and the interest has steadily risen with each successive performance. The festival has been graced by audiences such as have never been gathered before. Large, but not exceptional in numbers, two Emperors—of Germany and Brazil—Kings and Princes, and celebrities in great numbers have been present, constituting an audience of rare quality. The music has been almost perfectly, as well as enthusiastically rendered, the first performance, *Rheingold*, not eliciting great applause. It is, however, but preliminary to the other parts, which have inspired the most earnest and intelligent enthusiasm. The scenic accompaniments of the Opera are novel, original and exceedingly effective. The acoustic properties of the Opera House are perfect, but there is no ventilation. As an illustration of the possibilities of operatic achievement, the performance and surroundings at Baireuth are entirely successful. As an exemplification of anything practical in the art, it is a magnificent and costly failure.

REASONS FOR DISCRIMINATION.

THE GAZETTE was the first journal in the city to urge that the freight discrimination question be removed from mere newspaper discussion, and taken into the Chamber of Commerce, where measures of practical relief could be concerted. The discussions of Monday showed the value of this suggestion. They proved that there are practical difficulties in the way of the enterprise of starting competing lines, which, while they may be overcome by energy, and clear-sighted enterprise, need these as preliminaries to success. The committee to which the questions before the Chamber were referred is capable and enterprising, and will probably sift the entire subject, and point out the exact steps to be taken in order to furnish Pittsburgh a new outlet. As the work to which our people have aroused, is one of vital importance, it is well that all the preliminaries should be carefully considered, in order that the full scope of the enterprise should be fairly understood, when entered upon. This, if done, will be far more likely to secure ultimate success.

The intelligence developed, that European capitalists regard Pittsburgh as in a decline, should nerve to the most resolute efforts to break away from these freight discriminations. In our view, there is a double suggestion in the above mentioned communication. It is, in the first instance, an opinion that should be maturely considered by all who have large interests here. Next, in our view, it suggests the *source of our troubles.* Our freight discriminations centre in the Pennsylvania railroad. It controls the Allegheny Valley, and several Western lines; and it is in a measure *controlled by foreign bondholders and stockholders.* We are not distinctly prepared to say that foreigners hold a majority of its stock, though they certainly do hold large amounts of it. Philadelphia, which also has a large interest, prefers that her end of the line should have freight discriminations in her favor. The English have long desired to break down the industries of Pittsburgh. Her long anti-tariff fight, her attempts, and losses in the effort, to undersell our iron masters, were merely parts of a systematic effort to break down a formidable and growing rival. They showed her earnestness in that direction. It is not strange, therefore, if they have power over the railroads that centre here, that they should use it, as a means of reaching results they have hitherto failed to accomplish by other means. We remember, in a general way, that there is a very considerable amount of foreign capital invested in the Pennsylvania railroad, and naturally, it would seek to promote the policy mentioned. We will be glad to have the subject looked into and to have any reliable *data* obtainable.

THE TRUE POLICY.

Mr. TILDEN, in his letter, pretends to have discovered the true method through which resumption is to be finally, though certainly, reached. His discovery amounts to just this: reduce the interest rate and with the percentage of saving establish a sinking fund, which, invested at four and one half per cent. will, in thirty-eight years, pay off the national debt. If any further proof were needed of TILDEN's demagogism, it might be found in the above absurd proposition, thrown out to catch the unwary and unthinking voter. It did not need the sagacious lawyer to tell thoughtful persons that a reduction of interest will tend to lessen the burdens of taxation, but if the same amount of revenue is to be raised annually, and the surplus, after paying all demands, is to be added to a sinking fund, even this benefit will not be at once apparent. Of course, the sinking fund, when large enough, will pay off the debt, but in order to create this fund the same taxation must be resorted to, or the same falls. The Republican theory and practice have been, in all the past years, to reduce the rate of interest on the bonded debt as fast as practicable, and thus reduce the burdens of the people. The seven and three-tenth interest notes were converted into six per cent. bonds, and eight hundred and fifty millions of these have been since paid with the proceeds of new bonds bearing but five per cent. Then, again, part of this same policy looked to the issue of four and a half per cents., and, after that, bonds bearing but four per cent. In all probability these would all have been issued and sold, and with the proceeds, the five-twenty six per cent. bonds would have been long ago lifted, had not the financial and commercial panic which set in in 1873, prostrated the industries of the whole country, if not of the entire world. As it was, millions of interest were saved to the people, taxation was correspondingly reduced, and thus much of a burden was lifted from the industries of the country. Instead of continuing, as Mr. TILDEN suggests, the same taxation, and forming therefrom, after payment of interest, an annually increasing fund, which ultimately is expected to liquidate the debt, the better policy of the Republicans has been adopted, namely, to reduce interest and taxation as fast as practicable, and thereby relieve the people, and their labor, and prepare them to better sustain themselves, build up the waste places and increase their private wealth. In accomplishing this, the nation grows richer and stronger, as the citizens prosper, while the national debt, through gradual increase of prosperity among the people, is perceptibly reduced with each year.

We believe that a popular loan, like that recently issued by France in bonds not exceeding one hundred dollars each, and bearing over five, possibly four per cent. would be, even now, taken by the people without the agency of the banks or large moneyed institutions, and thus the six per cents. could be redeemed. But we only began this article for the purpose of calling attention to the fact that the Republican administration had been all along solicitious about reducing the interest rate, and thereby lessening the annual burdens on the Treasury, and consequently of the people. All thinking men will recognize this fact, and the chaff of Gov. TILDEN in this respect will go unheeded. The true way is the one already adopted, reduce expenses including interest, and thus the industries of the country will be made to prosper. Such temporary checks as the present business depression will come, as a matter of course occasionally, and owing to various causes, wholly beyond and outside of Government control, but the policy adopted by Congress as already alluded to, will, in the end, bring prosperity to the people, and this once established, with manufactures in full blast, exports exceeding imports and America draining Europe of its specie, resumption will readily be accomplished and almost imperceptibly.

TILDEN'S FIGURES.

The letter of acceptance of a Presidential candidate ranks, in one sense, with the annual messages of Presidents, in importance. It is a declaration of views on National subjects, made by a person aspiring to the high honor of the Chief Magistrate of the Nation. It is at least expected of such a person that his statements of fact shall be accurate, as the dignity and character of the production, and the strength and force of his reasoning depend upon it. It cannot be claimed that Mr. TILDEN's letter was a hasty production, as enough time was given to its preparation for it to be strictly accurate in every particular. The whole strength of his argument depended on the idea that economy would supply the gold to resume upon. Of course the corollary to this line of reasoning is, that the administration of the Government by Republicans has not been economical, the debt has not been reduced, and hence we have not gathered the gold to resume upon. This must be true or his reasoning falls to the ground. If economy is the road to resumption, Republican administrations have not been economical, have not reduced the debt, and therefore have not advanced toward resumption. If the converse is true, that they have economized, have reduced the debt, and yet have not brought about resumption, it follows that TILDEN's reasoning is false, and he a blind leader to the blind.

It is evident that he clearly apprehends this, as he makes a strenuous effort to create the impression that the Republican administration of finances has been lavish, extravagant, and wasteful, imposing unnecessary burthens on the people, and yet productive of no beneficial results. That we be not accused of misrepresenting him, we quote from his letter: "The present depression in all the business and industries of the people, which is depriving labor of its employment, and carrying want into so many homes, has its principle cause in excessive Governmental consumption. Under the illusion of a specious prosperity engendered by the false policies of the Federal Government, a waste of capital has been going on ever since the peace of 1865, which could only end in universal disaster. The Federal taxes of the last eleven years reach the gigantic sum of *four thousand five hundred millions.* Local taxation has amounted to two-thirds as much more. The vast aggregate is not less than seven thousand five hundred millions." This statement in its suggestions, innuendoes and affirmations of fact is so wide of the truth that it is hard to believe it was not made with intent to deceive. The ordinary receipts of the Government during the time he names were as follows: In 1866, $519,949,564; 1867, $462,846,680; 1868, $376,434,454; 1869, $357,188,256; 1870, $395,659,834; 1871, $374,431,105; 1872, $364,694,230; 1873, $322,177,673; 1874, $299,941,090; 1875, $184,020,771; 1876, $290,000,000. Total, $4,047,643,757—or about five hundred millions less than TILDEN claims. Out of the argument thus collected the Republicans have reduced the national debt, during the eleven years under mention, $659,700,000—or at an average of about *sixty millions a year* during the entire period.

In addition to the above there had been contracted during the war a debt of $300,000,000 representing damages of pay to soldiers and sailors, old bounties, railroad and steamboats for transportation, and balances on contracts for all kinds of supplies. This was never accounted with the public debt, but was paid in those eleven years. During this time the Government has paid for interest $1,338,101,456; and for pensions, $297,428,451. These several items, which are entirely the outgrowth of the rebellion gotten up by TILDEN's friends, and endorsed in 1864 in the "failure" plank of TILDEN's Democratic platform, aggregate $2,585,228,907, leaving $1,452,413,850 as the ordinary expenditures of the eleven years mentioned,—or about $132,000,000 a year. The meanness and unfairness of Mr. TILDEN's statement may be thus exhibited: He states that in eleven years of peace the Government consumed $4,500,000,000 of taxes, leaving it to be assumed that the Government expended annually for its support an average exceeding $409,000,000, when the fact was, that, during the eleven years of peace, the expenditures for the support of the Government were but $1,452,413,050, or an average of $132,000,000,—a difference of $275,000,000 a year.

This, however, does not fully expose the extent of the falsehood contained in the quotation we have made from his letter. He entirely suppresses the fact that the annual interest payments of the Government have been reduced from $147,000,000 to less than $100,000,000 a year. Since March, 1869, the coin debt of the United States has been reduced $410,000,000, and the coin interest $29,000,000 a year. He also entirely suppresses the fact that national taxation has been largely reduced, thus giving the people the direct benefit of the economy of the National Government. It really looks as though the acquisition of truth should be the first reform arrived at by the redoubtable SAMUEL.

The bearing of all this on his economical argument is direct and palpable. The figures show a constant and nearly regular reduction of yearly expenditures on the part of the Government during the eleven years mentioned. This proves beyond the peradventure of doubt that rigid economy has ruled during this time. Has it put gold in the Treasury? It has relieved the burthens of the people, and brought us so much nearer to financial safety; but so far as gold is concerned, there is less in the Treasury and country than there was eleven years ago. Could we more clearly demonstrate that his economical idea of resumption shows utter ignorance on his part of the laws of finance! Economy reduces the debt and relieves the burthens of the people, but it has nothing to do with the kind of currency we shall have. And economy has been practiced, as a means of lifting from the shoulders of the people the war debt created by men of the same political faith as Governor TILDEN.

KENTUCKY TERRORISM.

Election Day in the "Dark and Bloody Ground"—How Democratic Majorities are Rolled Up in that State.

An attache of the GAZETTE office has received a private letter from a relative living at Crab Orchard Springs, Lincoln county, Kentucky, and the following extract from it shows how the Democracy of that State carried the election there last week. The writer of the letter is a Democrat, and therefore prejudice against his own party cannot be alleged against him. Crab Orchard Springs is a summer resort much patronized by the elite of the South.

"Yesterday was our general State election day. I hope never to witness again similar scenes. One of those disgraceful riots occurred at the closing of the polls, for which Kentucky, beyond all other States in the Union, excels in. One man was shot down on the street right in front of me (I was one of the officers conducting the election), the ball entering his face near the nose and below the eye. Opposite me in a hotel there was being held a local election for town officers. As soon as it was ascertained who were the defeated candidates, and before the polls were closed, the rabble broke into the room and a general fight with pistols and clubs ensued. Women ran screaming with their children through the streets seeking a place of safety, while others seized their guns and pistols and entered the middle of the street, bidding defiance to any and all who made an attempt to arrest their husbands who were engaged in the riot. For half an hour absolute terror reigned over the town. Many are wounded, some beyond recovery, and no arrests can be made, because the civil officers were beaten off, and Crab Orchard to-day is a second Hamburg, although no negroes participated. The ring-leaders of yesterday's riot—some five in number—brothers and brothers-in-law, are all murderers, the main one having killed five men, so said, and are desperadoes in the fullest sense of the word. One brother was defeated at the election for town marshal. This was the cause of all the disturbance. The officer conducting the general election and acting Deputy Sheriff was elected town marshal. He was beaten off last night, and this morning, when he aroused me at an early hour for the election returns, which it is his duty to deliver to the County Court Clerk, he informed me that to-day he would resign his office, and as soon as possible his citizenship at Crab Orchard, at least. Although no violence or disrespect (further than the indiscriminate firing of pistols) was offered the board, of which I was a member, yet to-day I am determined fully to get away from this place, and that, too, at an early date. No man is safe here, or anywhere where the civil law is set at defiance. You may ask, will the Governor interfere to preserve order and punish the guilty? Yes, he will, if he is rightly informed of the riot. But it wouldn't amount to anything, because terrorism reigns all over this dark and bloody ground. I was an eye-witness to most all of the rioting, but I dare not go before the proper tribunal—the Grand Jury—and bear witness against the rioters. I would be shot down by any one of this gang on sight. The courts are helpless. They dare not imprison the rioters here. Others in adjoining counties would (in the garb of Kuklux) release them, which is being done everywhere in the State. Only last month a cold-blooded murderer, a white man, from Casey county, imprisoned at Lancaster, was released, and a negro hung. Again, in the month of June, young McCoy, of Garrard county, was shot dead at Hyattsville, in said county, for bearing evidence against one of the murderous clan. The murderer had an informal trial and was released on small bail. Yes, I must leave this country, although I have found a strata of most excellent men and women here, whose many kindnesses to me, as well as for their many virtues, I must ever hold dear.

O, how I wished yesterday for just twenty-five men of the old Fourth Iowa. I would have been happy then. Peace and good order would reign here to-day, and as long as I held command. * * *.

POLITICAL NOTES.

SCOTT LORD says he introduced his Hamburg resolutions to supply a defect Mr. Tilden made.

THE Democratic party must fight the campaign as the opponent of resumption. Its cry of reform has been drowned by the cry of repeal.

AS MR. HAYES never embezzled any railroad bonds, and Mr. Wheeler never stole any water bonds, they of course have no right to be considered reformers.

AN Indianapolis friend of Gov. Tilden says that the latter will spend half a million dollars as soon as a quarter of a million to carry Indiana, and will spend whatever sum he thinks necessary to the end.

THE Hamburg rioters have been bailed in $1,000 apiece. That settles the question of the severity of the punishment they will receive. For killing a negro in South Carolina a man is not required to furnish heavy bail.

WHEN at school Governor Hayes was not often seen among the boys at ball-playing, quoits or shinny, or at the bathing place in Owl Creek. In leisure hours he was in his window with book, magazine or newspaper, or sitting on the steps watching how the game went on. In the literary society to which he belonged he took an active part, and was always on hand and ready for duty. His compositions dealt chiefly with matters of fact, and were brief and always to the point. In debate he was clear and positive, often catching some flaw in the argument of his opponent. He was slender in his youthful days, an athlete in physique, but more so in mental make-up. If there's any truth in phrenology, and one who has seen him will see how prominent is the region of his reasoning powers.

THE enthusiastic Democratic journalist who, upon the nomination of Mr. Tilden, burst forth with the remark "The Hour and the Man have at last met," builded better than he knew. He told a literal truth. *The Hour* and the Man did meet, and the Man smashed *The Hour* all to pieces. The New York correspondent of *The Hour* newspaper of London sent to that enterprising journal by cable Tilden's letter of acceptance in full. It was too much for *The Hour.* It has ceased publication. The effect of the letter upon several distinguished Democrats of this city who have not yet recovered from it has already been recorded. That was at short range and was not remarkable, but here was a flourishing newspaper brought down at a distance of 3,000 miles. At that rate it would only take the Governor about two messages to bring the whole press of Great Britain to the dust.

"THE WALKYREN."

The Second Opera of Wagner's Trilogy—A Greater Success than the First—Unbounded Enthusiasm.

Following is the *Herald's* cable dispatch from Bayreuth, Bavaria, relative to the performance on Monday night of the second part of Wagner's Trilogy: Whatever may have been the success of the introduction to the Trilogy of Wagner, "Rheingold," yesterday, it was entirely overshadowed by the grandeur of the representation of "Die Walkure" this evening. There was the same eager crowd of visitors and the same profound attention at the theatre during the representation. The auditorium was darkened as before, but silence had to give way to rounds of applause in some of the scenes. The curtain rose while the last notes of the *Vorspiel* floated up from the "mystic abyss," and the dreary hall of Hunding, with a large tree in the centre, was unfolded to view. This scene was exceedingly sombre, more so even than the music in which Ortrud and Telramund reproach each other in the beginning of the second act of "Lohengrin." There were some suggestions of lovely melody here and there in the commencement, but they were of an evanescent character. Sieglinde, represented by Madame Scheizky, proved to be a very ungrateful *role,* as it was permeated with the deepest melancholy, and there seemed not to be a single ray of light to dispel its gloom. Hunding (Herr Niering) was scarcely better, although cast in a more robust form of music. The passion and expression infused into the *role* of Siegmund by the celebrated Berlin tenor, Niemann, and the varying themes, always clad in the richest orchestral raiment, of the unhappy son of Wotan, formed the main attraction of the first act.

WOTAN AND THE VALKYR.

Mme. Amalie Materna, from the Imperial Opera House, Vienna, and Franz Betz, the renowned baritone, make a striking appearance on the summit of the mountain in the second act, where they represented Brunnhilde and Wotan. Both were arrayed in glittering armor, and the fine dramatic voice of the lady gave to the extraordinary phrases known as the *Walkure motif* all the wild effect designed by the composer. The scene between Brunnhilde and Siegmund and Sieglinde in this act, in which the Valkyr resolved to brave Wotan's anger and protect the lovers, was a triumph of the most emphatic kind for the composer and the artists. Notwithstanding the desire of Wagner that no outward manifestations of applause should be indulged in, lest the continuity of thought should be interrupted, the audience found it impossible to restrain their enthusiasm, and, during the second act, the outbursts of applause at times were deafening. One of the grandest effects ever produced on the stage was the camp of the Walkyren in the third act. The war maidens on horseback, each with a slain warrior lying across her saddle bow, dashed across the stage among crags and fir trees, all singing the wild chant, the *Walkure motif,* brandishing the spears and shaking their burnished shields. The close of the opera, however, was the principal feature of the performance. As Brunnhilde sank into her magic slumber the fire god appeared at the command of Wotan, and as the noble voice of Betz declaimed forth the words, "Loge hor!" the stage, auditorium and the surrounding plaza became crimsoned with light. It was the most perfect illusion ever witnessed on any stage. One would imagine that an immense conflagration was in progress. On this scene the curtain closed for the last time, and then the enthusiasm of the audience reached fever pitch. Wagner was repeatedly called for, but it was of no avail. He would not appear before his admirers. Then calls were made for the artists, but they also declined to acknowledge the tribute paid to them. The performance commenced at four o'clock, the signal being given in front of the theatre by eight trumpeters, as on the previous evening. At the close of each act there was an intermission of an hour, during which time the audience betook themselves to different parts of the town, returning to their seats when the well known trumpet call was heard. The curtain fell on the last act at half-past nine o'clock.

PLOT OF "THE WALKYREN."

The first part, or "Rheingold," concluded on the previous day with the surrender of the ring to the Giants and the departure of the Gods with Freia, the Goddess of Eternal Youth, to their abode in Walhalla. By this act of surrender, Wotan, Minister of Justice, had taken a most fatal step. Although his position gave him the award of justice, he yielded to the stings of selfish desire, and surrendered the gold to the Giants when it rightfully belonged to the daughters of the Rhine, in order that he might recover his youth. The laws which alone could insure his race from the powers of darkness and chaos had thus been infringed, and they were thenceforth subject to the curse which Alberic had given to the gold. Their doom was therefore inevitable. Wotan, in full knowledge of his future, begins desperate efforts to regain what he lost. He visits Erda, the Allwise Goddess who had counseled him to redeem Freia with the gold. He subdues her by a powerful charm, and nine daughters, the Walkyren, are born him, who are to become agents of his plans, breathing courage into the souls of his combatants. Assuming the name Wales, Wotan dwells for a time on the earth, studying how he can best accomplish his ends, and after uniting himself to one of the daughters of Erda, becomes by her the father of Siegmund and Sieglinde, who are twins. Siegmund grows up the companion of his father, dwelling with him in the forests and leading a life of murder, hardship and adventure. Meanwhile, and unbeknown to the father and son, the mother's house is attacked and burned, and Sieglinde carried away against her will, to become the unwilling wife of Hunding, a mortal enemy of her brother. One day Siegmund is overcome in the forest by an enemy, and, while fleeing before him, is driven into Hundnig's house, where he falls asleep, but is not recognized by his sister.

Hunding returns and knows his visitor, but bids him retire and pass a peaceful night, but to rise in the morning ready for mortal combat with him. Sieglinde prepares the chamber for her lord, and hands him his usual draught into which she had injected a narcotic. Hunding takes himself to his couch, and is soon asleep. Sieglinde comes forth from the chamber and seats herself at the side of her brother, toward whom she had already experienced a tender feeling, but did not know that it came from the fact that the same blood flowed in her viens as in his. Seiglinde tells him of her wedding day, and how an old man (Wotan) had appeared dressed in rude clothing that covered him even to the very eyes, and had plunged a sword into one of the pillars of the house as far as the very hilt, offering it as a gift to the man who should be able to withdraw it from its place. The sword remained there still. Siegmund and Sieglinde were sitting by a dying fire, and as this story was told, a flickering ray of light from the perishing embers falls upon the sword-hilt and then goes out, leaving darkness. A gentle wind opens the door, and delicious air and brilliant moonlight stream in upon the floor, lighting up the faces of the brother and sister, who, with one accord, recognize each other and are enraptured with delight. The sword is plainly visible to Siegmund in the moonlight, and with vigor in every nerve and muscle he rushes to the place, and with a tremendous effort dislodges the weapon from its position. Sieglinde, toward morning, retires to her chamber, and at early dawn Hunding arises and calls for Siegmund, whom he tells to prepare for battle. The strife begins. The three are on the scene. Wotan appears in company with his favorite daughter Brynhild, one of the Walkyren, who adopts the cause of her earthly brother, Siegfried, and in the fight covers him with her shield. But Wotan, influenced by Edra, who had only hatred for a son of Wotan's born of another bride than herself, espouses the cause of Hunding, and the unfortunate Siegfried falls in the battle. But Brynhild goes to the aid of the disconsolate Sieglinde, whom she throws upon a steed, and the two disappear amid thunder and flashes of lightning. Another scene then opens with "The Ride of Walkyren," which is one of the most vivid of the whole drama. During a vivid thunder-storm Walkyres appear from all directions, riding on horseback, each with a corpse in the saddle before her. Wotan appears greatly angered with Brynhild. Her sisters plead for her; but he is implacable, and condemns her to sleep on earth until awakened by a Giant to whom she must be a wife. She pleads that none but a strong, heroic man may awaken her, and on a mound in the centre of the stage Wotan places her prostrate, and calls forth Loge, the god of fire, who surrounds her with flame, and Wotan in his rage and sorrow disappears in a cloud from the view.

How He Felt.

He sat crumpled up over the remains of a watermelon, with his hat on the back of his head and his toes turned inward, groaning as if his heart would break.

"Do you feel sick, Sam?" asked a sympathizing friend.

"I feel," said Sam, speaking with much difficulty, "I feel as if I was havin' a circus performance in here," and he struck himself a blow beneath the belt that sounded like the flap of a wet sheet in an eighteen knot breeze.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward, Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City.
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. McELROY, JR., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. McGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. McCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

MR. ROBINSON'S MONUMENT.

Why He Was Anxious.

Mr. Robinson went out to the cemetery on the day after the interment of his wife, and had an interview with the superintendent.

"What are your regulations in regard to monuments in this cemetery?" asked Mr. Robinson.

"Well, we hardly have any special rules. We let people do pretty much as they please."

"You wouldn't make a fuss," said Mr. Robinson, "if a man should put up something original and novel over a grave, now would you? Something calculated to attract attention."

"N-n-no, I guess not. What have you in view?"

"Well, you see, Harriet was an uncommon patriotic woman; made socks for the soldiers during the war, and was all the time knitting fiddle-faddle things for sanitary fairs, and I thought maybe I'd get her up some kind of a red, white and blue monument, with a brass eagle on top and the American flag flying from a pole. Perhaps I might put 'Hail Columbia' in gilt letters on the stone on one side, and a picture of General Washington holding the Declaration of Independence in his hand on the other. How does that strike you?"

"It would be unique, anyhow."

"But what I wanted to see you about particularly was to know about the size. Now would you allow me to make the monument about fifty feet high of some solid kind of stuff that'd spread over the ground a little piece."

"Oh, yes! I s'pose so! It will be costly, though."

"Oh, I don't mind the cost. What I want is to get weight in the material so's it'll set heavy on the ground, and stay there."

"You must have thought a great deal of Mrs. Robinson to expend so much money on her."

"Well, betwixt you and me, that isn't exactly it. She was one of those restless, oneasy women that never'd stay quiet when you wanted her to, and it occurred to me that maybe something might happen to resuscitate her, and to tell you the honest truth, my idea was to run up some kind of a monument that'd hold her down permanent; keep her there, you understand. I don't want her bustling about, now that she's stowed away as dead."

"You are probably not aware that we have introduced an alarm here, which connects the vaults with the office, so that if a person returns to life out of a trance we can at once go to the rescue. Mrs. Robinson, you know, is in a vault temporarily."

"You don't mean to say," exclaimed Robinson, "that she's got one of the alarms anywhere near her?"

"Certainly, she has."

"See here, now, I want to say something to you in private. The honest fact is, I'm about to marry the Widder Jones, and if I can make any little arrangement with you to snip off the wire for a few days until Mrs. Robinson is thoroughly dead, it'll be money in your pocket."

"Can't do it, sir."

"Because you see for yourself how thundering embarrassing it's going to be if the old lady should come to and begin to stir around just after me and Mrs. Jones were comfortably married. Now wouldn't it? Look at it in a common sense light. So if you could muffle up that machine somehow, or give me some kind of a written guarantee that she won't resurrect, it'll be regarded as a personal favor. Do they ever come to?"

"One old lady revived last week, after she had been in the vault three days."

"My gracious, man, you take my breath away! Why, it's awful! Upon the whole, I believe I'll run Mrs. Robinson out and bury her in the Methodist burying-ground. I'll send over a man for her this afternoon, and put her in a hole forty feet deep. I never did like these cemeteries anyway with their new-fangled notions. So you be ready to ship her off when that fellow comes with the wagon."

Mrs. Robinson is now entombed securely, and Mrs. Jones and Robinson are one. —*Phila. Bulletin.*

How to Deal with Highwaymen.

The Paris newspapers chronicle an example of presence of mind which it may be well to quote for the benefit of belated New Yorkers. The other night, says *Figaro*, one of our friends was passing by a dark and lonely boulevard on his way home. He was walking on one side of the walk, his cane in his hand, and unconscious of any danger. Suddenly one of those rascals cut out for the House of Correction came out from a pile of building materials, armed with a big stick, advanced upon the belated stroller, and at last planted himself before him. "I want money," said the rogue addressing our friend. "How much do you want?" "I must have twenty francs." "The deuce you must," remarked the victim. "If I give you twenty francs the other fellow will ask for as much more." "What other fellow?" asked the thief turning his head to see whether there really was a rival behind him. Seizing the moment when he turned, our friend inflicted a master-stroke of his cane upon the side of the thief's head, which stunned him and laid him out; then ran away without losing a moment's time.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz, Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MILNOR. Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

MY WIFE
insists on using only B. T. Babbitt's Best Soap.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

SINNOTT'S WOODEN TANK FACTORY.
I am prepared to furnish Oil, Water and Liquor Tanks of all sizes and shapes, at short notice. Orders by mail promptly filled.
PIERCE SINNOTT,
Nos. 115 and 117 Buena Vista street, Allegheny City, Pa.
g58

FOR LUNCH, PICNICS, &C.—CANNED Ox Tongues, Potted Turkey, Chicken, Ham and Tongue, Spiced Salmon, Fresh Salmon, Mackerel and Lobster, Dessert Fruits, Sardines, Shadines, Pressed Corned Beef and Tongue, Spiced, Cove and Pickled Oysters, Pickles, Fresh and Preserved Fruits, Crackers, Cheese, &c., for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

NOTICE—THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE public not to negotiate a NOTE drawn by THOMAS WATSON in favor of JOSEPH P. REED, for $55, and indorsed by JOHN H. CRATTY, as said note was lost by the owner, and payment is stopped.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S, Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

REPPS AND POPLINS.

Opening this day a very choice line of new styles in Tycoon Repps for Wrappers.
A choice line of Colored Poplins, extra weight and finish, in new and most desirable shades for the coming season, at 25c per yard, worth and sold at 33.

FANCY PLAIDS, &C.

All the new autumn shades in plain Brocaded and Fancy Plaid Dress Goods in lowest to finest qualities, at very lowest prices.

CASHMERES.

Fine Colored Cashmeres in newest colors at low prices.
Special attention is invited to our very extensive line Black Cashmeres in Wool, All-wool and Silk Warp and to the usual good value offered. An examination will show these goods to be the best value it has ever been our pleasure to offer.

SILKS AND ALPACAS.

And unusual good value in Black Alpacas and Mohairs in all grades.
A full and complete line of all qualities in Black and Colored Silks. Fancy and Mourning, Checked and Striped Silks, Brocaded Silks in all shades at our usual low prices.

FLANNELS, &C.

Medium and heavy weight Flannels in plain, all colors. Fancy Barred Fine Shirting Flannels, Heavy Country Flannels and Embroidered Skirting Flannels.
Ladies' Cloth Sackings in desirable shades, Cassimeres, Cloths, Jeans, Fine Cloths, &c.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

WHITE GOODS.

An unusually complete and attractive line of White Goods at special low prices.
White Counterpanes and Quilts, full sizes in all grades at the lowest prices
At $1, an extra size Embossed Table Cover, all wool, an extra bargain.

SUITS, &C.

At $2 and $2 50, Ladies' White Barred Nainsook Suits, reduced from $8.
Important and attractive reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Linen Suits, in plain, braided and embroidered, making this a most favorable opportunity to obtain a special bargain.
A complete line of Ladies' Black and Colored Suits at lowest prices.

LACES AND SHAWLS.

Special bargains in Llama Lace Points, Capes and Sacques reduced almost one-half.
New Shawls in an extensive variety, at lowest prices.

UNDERWEAR.

Full lines of Ladies' and Misses' Merino Underwear.
And a large variety of styles in Muslin Underwear for Ladies and Misses.

CLOTHING, &C.

Ready-made Clothing, and Suits made to order for Gents, Youths and Boys, at short notice.
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., at very lowest prices.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

We have just opened in our basement a full new and complete stock of everything in the way of Housekeeping Articles and useful goods, at much less than usual prices for same.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS.

At 75c, Unlaundried Shirts, with 3 ply Linen Fronts and Cuffs, a good bargain.
At $1, Unlaundried Shirts, with 3-ply Linen Fronts and Cuffs, all in every way much superior to any previous offerings in these goods, being extra well made and finished with filled seams, a special bargain.
From 70c to finest qualities, extra good value in Fine White Dressed Shirts, open and closed fronts.
Very latest styles in standing and turned down Linen Collars.

FURNISHING GOODS.

At 45c, a few dozen left of those extra long, real Balbriggan Hose for Ladies, with silk stitching, worth 75c.
Ladies' extra length White Cotton Hose 3 pair for 25c, and in all the finer qualities.
Full and complete lines of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description at very lowest price.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Our usual good value and lowest prices for Domestic Goods. Everything in this line being offered at the lowest prices to be found anywhere throughout the United States.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

JEWELRY.

Just opened a beautiful line of Jewelry in Ladies' Gold Rolled Plate Sets.
Black Vulcanite Jewelry, plain and Pearl and Gold setting. Horn and Whitby Jet Sets. Celluloid Pearl Jewelry.
2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 row Rubber Bracelets, from 15c per pair upwards.
Gents' Sets, Studs, Sleeve and Collar Buttons, &c., at the very lowest prices.

SASHES, &C.

At 12½c upwards, a beautiful line of Fancy Plaid Sash Ribbons. Plain Sash Ribbons, all colors, at lowest prices.
Important reductions in Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, from 4 to 50c.
An exceptionable choice line of patterns, special bargains.

SCARFS, TIES, &C.

Opened to-day another invoice of latest shapes in Hats and Bonnets for early Autumn at low prices.
Trimming Velvets, Black and Colored Trimming Silks, Black and Colored Ribbons in newest Fall shades. New Wings, Tips, Feathers, Plumes, &c, Hat Ornaments in new designs.

SICILIAN NETS.

All shades in "Sicilian Nets" for Scarfs at a little lower than usual prices. Colors embrace light, medium and navy blue, pink, cherry, cardinal, cream, white, brown and black, also all of the above shades in "Sicilian Net" Scarfs with fringed ends.
Windsor Ties and Plaid Ties, plain and fringed. Beautiful line of Embroidered and Crepe Lisse Scarfs, assorted colors.
Lowest prices for Black Lace Scarfs and Bows, Scarfing Nets, Chantilly and French Laces.
Opening daily new novelties for early Autumn.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Great Sale
OF
DRY GOODS
TO QUIT THE BUSINESS,
NOW GOING ON
AT
A. W. ERWIN'S,
172 and 174
Federal St., Allegheny.
THE
Entire Stock to be Sold.
Price not so much an object as to close out the stock as soon as possible.
Call and secure some of the bargains we are offering.
A. W. ERWIN,
172 & 174 Federal Street,
Allegheny City, Pa.

Goods Must be Sold.
GREAT REDUCTIONS.
As a meeting of my creditors has been postponed until September 5, the sale FOR CASH of the entire stock will be continued for their benefit until that time. Many of the goods are selling for half price. Stock of Fall Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Gloves, Ribbons, Furnishing Goods, Bags, &c., &c., is very complete.
Ladies' All-Wool Vests, 75c.
Men's Vests, 35c.
Germantown Yarns, 7½c per oz.
Shawl Straps, 25c.
Silk Umbrellas, $3 to $5.
Balbriggan Embroidered Hose, 20c.
Sash Ribbons, 12½c per yard.
Gents' Fine Shirts, $1 to $1.50.
Call Early and Get the Bargains.
J. D. Carlisle,
37 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

ARCHITECTS.

BOYD & GAMBLE ARCHITECTS
GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
Corner of Wood street and Diamond alley.

T. D. EVANS, ARCHITECT,
Has returned from Europe.
OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE,
b65 PITTSBURGH.

BARR & MOSER, ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

WALL PAPER!
Be of good cheer
To all good people it doth appear
That spring time housewifery draweth near,
Therefore
W. P. Marshall
Hath received a new collection of
WALL PAPERS
In Leather, Brocade, Gold, Satin Stencil-panels, Pictures, Illuminated Borders and Surbases, in styles old and styles new, at all grades of prices, at
NEW STORE ROOMS,
74 SEVENTH STREET.
(FORMERLY IRWIN.)

GRAY'S ROOF PAINT
STOP ALL LEAKS
IN
OLD SHINGLE, TIN, FELT OR CANVAS ROOFS,
84 Diamond Street.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
Foot of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE,
Offer largest assortment,
ALL GRADES OF GOODS,
BEST VALUE.
Attention is directed to the following:
Hamburg Embroideries, new and fresh goods, just opened at extremely low prices.
Nainsook and Swiss Embroideries.
Guipure and French Embroidered Bands.
Plain White, Colored and Mourning Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at bargain prices.
Linen Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts with Collars attached.
Linen Neck Plaiting and Crape Ruchings.
Black Silk and Thread Veiling Nett, Plain and Dotted.
Colored Grenadine and Berege Veilings.
Black Lace and Nett Scarfs at reduced prices.
Silk Scarf Nett, open mesh, all colors.
Crape and Twilled Silk Windsor Ties in all shades.
Extra bargain in Plain, Colored and Plaid Sash Ribbons, at 15c, 25c, 65c, and 75c per yard.
Brocaded Sash Ribbons, newest thing out.
COLORED DRESS SILKS
Full lines, all shades, at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 per yard.
Black, White and Colored Stripe and Check Silks at 75c, 85c, 90c and $1 per yard.
BLACK DRESS SILKS,
Most reliable makes, quality guaranteed.
Linen Suits, Overdresses and Jackets.
Debege and Linen Dusters at reduced prices.
White Lawn, Swiss and Muslin Jackets.
Ladies' Corset Waists, made close fitting, high and low neck.
Ladies' Colored and White (real bone) Corsets, from 75c up.
French hand-made, Werley, Glove-fitting, Madame Foy's and Abdominal Supporting Corsets, all sizes.
Bargains in Ladies' and Children's Plain, Colored and Fancy Striped Cotton Hose on counters.
Ladies' Fine List and Silk Stockings, choice styles and shades.
Gloves—Ladies', Misses' and Men's Fine Lisle Gloves, all sizes.
Undressed Kid Gloves, Black and Medium shades—2 and 3 button.
Fans—Black and White Silk Fans, Plain and with Paintings.
Open and shut Japanese Fans from 5c up.
Jet Jewelry closing out at less than half price.
Portmonaies, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Hand Mirrors, &c.
Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.
RETAIL STORES

ICE.

ICE.
In order to reduce our stock, we will sell Ice at our office during the month of August, by wagon loads of 4,000 pounds and upwards, at
Eight Dollars ($8) Per Ton.
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO.,
A. Hersperger & Sons,
OFFICE—Twentieth and Railroad Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa. 118

ICE! ICE!
ICE.
KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season. Ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send to or leave orders at offices, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. e19

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between John L. Moorhouse and Abraham W. Carsten, under the firm name of MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the said A. W. Carsten having sold and transferred all his interest in said firm and business to said John L. Moorhouse.

All debts owing to the said partnership are to be collected and received by said John L. Moorhouse, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

JOHN L. MOORHOUSE,
A. W. CARSTEN.
Pittsburgh, Pa., August 8, 1876. 131

CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.

FRENCH GLASS SHADES!
For covering Wax Flowers, Clocks, Stuffed Birds, Goods in Show Windows, &c. Extra heavy Shades or Cemetery use.
W. C. ARMOR,
No. 16 Sixth Street, near Suspension Bridge.

NEW MUSIC BOOKS.
THE ENCORE.
A book for SINGING CLASSES, by L. O. Emerson. Contains 50 pages of "elements," well arranged, a hundred pages of new, bright, interesting music, easy glees, 4-part songs, etc., for practice, and half as many pages of the best church music; thus furnishing the best materials for Singing Schools in the best form.
Price, 75c, or $7.50 per dozen.
THE WHIPPOORWILL.
A fine collection of School Songs, in great variety; Subjects, Words and Music alike good, and such as will surely please. By W. O. Perkins, author of "Golden Robin," "Shining River," etc.
Price, 50 cents.
THE SALUTATION.
New Church Music Book by L. O. Emerson. Fine Singing School Course, with abundant material for practice and a large number of the best Metrical Tunes, Motets, Anthems, etc. Choir, Classes and Conventions will gladly welcome this new compilation of a most successful composer.
Price, $1.38, or $12.00 per doz.
Either book sent, post-free, for retail price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston,
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.,
711 Broadway, New York.
J. E. DITSON & CO.,
Successor to Lee & Walker, Philadelphia.

Enameled
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, WATER, SEWERAGE, SOIL PIPE, &c.,
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co.,
Guaranteed against the effect of water, air or earth, singly or combined.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD STREET.

NOTICE—WE HAVE IN STOCK THE largest assortment of Fruit Jars, Jelly Tumblers and Preserve Jars to be found in the city. Also 28,000 lbs of Sealing Wax to arrive on Tuesday, July 11th, all of which we are prepared to offer to the trade at hard pan prices. Would suggest that now is the time to send on your orders, as prices owing to the rapidly increasing demand must necessarily advance. Very Respectfully,
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
189 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

B. AND B.
128 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
AUGUST 15, 1876.
MOTTO:
"Extra Value in Each Department."
NEW FALL GOODS.
100 PIECES DOUBLE WIDTH
American Poplins!
At 25c, which have always sold former seasons at 37½c.
NEW DRESS GOODS
To arrive daily during the week, consisting of Cashmeres, Brocade Alpacas and Cashmeres, Serges, &c., all very superior values.
Bargains to Close!
25 pieces Pure Silk Warp Pongees in Dark Grays and Browns at 37½c.
A line of 26 inch Mohair Plaids and Plain Goods, Light and Medium effects at 12½c.
These are imported Fabrics and about one-third their value.
Fine Black Silk and Cashmere Sacques at astonishing reductions.
SILKS
We call special attention to a lot of Black Cachemire Silks, at $1.50 per yard, well worth $1.75 to $2, extraordinary bargains. New Black Gros Grain Silks at $1 and $1.25. Our own importation of "Hand-Loom" Black Silks from $1.75 to $4 per yard. New Colored Silks from $1 to $1.50. New Black and White Stripe Silks 75c to $1.
NEW BLACK CASHMERES, American goods, at 40c; all-wool French Goods, 75, 85, 90 and 95c. 46-inch goods at 90c. Extra fine qualities at $1 and up to $2.50. Silk Warp Cashmeres at $1.25 and up to $2.50.
BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

FIRE BRICK, SEWER PIPE
A. HARTUPEE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
Of any desired size and shape. Also
Every Variety of Tiles,
For Gas Works, Refineries, Stoves, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Beds and Furnaces.
Finely Ground Fire Clay always on hand
OFFICE,
CORNER FIRST AVE. AND SHORT ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEGAL.

H. A. COLLIER,
ATTORNEY,
NO. 127 FIFTH AVENUE.

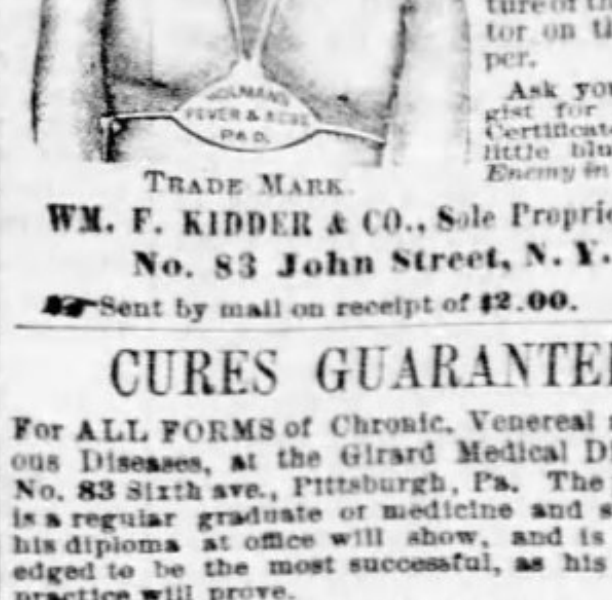
In the matter of the Voluntary Assignment of HENRY JONES.
No 54 December Term, 1875.
Notice is hereby given that the account of the assignee was filed in the above case on the 29th day of July, A. D 1876, and unless exceptions are filed thereto before the 19th day of August, 1876, the same will be allowed.
SEAL
By the Court.
From the Record.
B. F. KENNEDY,
Prothonotary.
19 w

NOTICE—UNITED SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH. Having sold my stock and retired from said Banking Association, I have no further interest therein, but commend said Bank to the continued confidence and patronage of the public.
135 A. C. SILVERMAN.

WINDOW GLASS, &c.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WINDOW GLASS,
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

HOLMAN'S
Fever and Ague and Liver Pad
CURES WITHOUT MEDICINE, SIMPLY BY ABSORPTION.
The Best Liver Regulator in the World.


HOLMAN'S FEVER & AGUE PAD.

The only true cure for and preventive of malaria in all its forms: *Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Yellow Fever, Sea-Sickness, Neuralgia, Bilious Disorders, &c., &c.*
None genuine without the Trade Mark and Signature of the Inventor on the wrapper.
Ask your druggist for it. For Certificates, read little blue book, *Enemy in the Air.*

TRADE MARK.
WM. F. KIDDER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
No. 83 John Street, N. Y.
☞ Sent by mail on receipt of $2.00.

CURES GUARANTEED
For ALL FORMS of Chronic, Venereal and Nervous Diseases, at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. The proprietor is a regular graduate of medicine and surgery, as his diploma at office will show, and is acknowledged to be the most successful, as his extensive practice will prove.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic and Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produces some of the following effects: As emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, coughs, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victims for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelopes for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
GIRARD MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sunday from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

HAVANA CIGARS—A FRESH INvoice choice brands Havana, Key West and Fine Domestic Cigars, just received and for sale by the thousand or at retail, by
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner of Liberty and Ninth streets.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
There are Three Reasons Why Everybody Should Buy from
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
1st—Our sales room being on Second Floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d—We buy everything from Manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d—We sell for Cash, avoiding thereby losses by bad debts, and are offering goods at the LOWEST PRICES.
NEW
SPRING PATTERNS
JUST OPENED.
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

HOTELS.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
(FORMERLY HARE'S HOTEL,)
No. 133 Liberty Street, foot of Fifth Ave.
TERMS $2 PER DAY.
g32 HUGH KEYS, Proprietor.

Great Western Hotel
DILLINGER & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nos. 1311, 1313 and 1315 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have enlarged, modernized, refitted and newly furnished this large and commodious House. Street cars to the Centennial Buildings pass and repass the Hotel every minute.

FOR THE CENTENNIAL
AND
Summer Excursionists!
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
Fine Russia and Grain Leather
Traveling Satchels,
LUNCH BASKETS,
Fine Ivory and Rosewood Hair Brushes,
RAZOR STRAPS, CLOTHES BRUSHES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
C. Yeager & Co.
110 MARKET STRTET.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
CHIMNEY SWEEP,
Fine Grate Setting,
ALL KINDS OF
Furnaces and Ranges Repaired and Chimneys Topped.
All orders left at No. 25 Strawberry alley, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, Pittsburgh, or at the Allegheny Postoffice, Box 89, will receive prompt attention.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.'S
BROOM FACTORY
AND
Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Brushes, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

DR. WHITTIER,
Founder and Proprietor of the
Keystone Dispensary
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private, Nervous and Urinary Diseases.
Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and finally impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all urinary diseases and Syphilis (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. Cures guaranteed.
Dr. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicines prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere, by mail or express.
Office-hours—9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. only.
TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,
144 pages, fine illustrations. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders, sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequences. Price 50 cents at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address,
KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,
No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEXT PRESIDENT.
Portrait of HAYES and WHEELER,
Executed in the finest manner. AGENTS WANTED. Send 25 cents for sample and circular. Size 19x24 and 11x14. Address
STROBRIDGE & CO., Lithographers,
140 Race street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BROOM HANDLES—ONE CAR TO arrive and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers.
B. DICKEY & CO., 77 Water street.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, August 16, 1876.

The recurrence of extreme weather has again exerted a depressing influence on business, and given a midsummer aspect to affairs. It is a surprising fact that the rise and fall of heat is marked by changes in business of similar character. At the banks, affairs show slightly increased activity, but this is the result of general business arrangements, looking to future operations, rather than to immediate demands of money for current business use. So far as immediate operations are concerned there appears to be no perceptible improvement in local financial affairs, and the money market remains in about the same dull and unsatisfactory condition as noted for some time past. There is literally no demand for money, and the calls on the banks for accommodations are few and far between, and limited to small amounts. Business is dull in all departments of trade. Trade in mercantile circles follows about the same course, the demands from country merchants being unusually light, and restricted to supplying immediate wants. Collections are reported very slow in all quarters, and parties in all departments are reducing expenses as much as possible.

—The threatened bankruptcy of the British Indian Government is a calamity that brings the gold maniacs face to face with the inevitable consequences of the depreciation of silver, the artificial scarcity of gold, and the demonetization scheme. Before this depreciation of silver set in the Indian finances were far from promising, as the debt was constantly increasing, and the revenue made no corresponding progress. But the fall in the value of silver adds enormously to the burdens of India. As the demonetization scheme originated among the speculators of England, it seems like retributive justice that the British empire should thus suffer under it. But, after all, this depreciation of silver merely repeats the experience by which our own colossal foreign debt was piled up, for the unnatural and extravagant appreciation of gold was the medium used in both cases. It has bankrupted Egypt, Turkey, Mexico, about one-third of the American railways, and now menaces with a similar fate the national finances of India, Italy, Russia, Austria and Spain. The decline in gold in New York looks as though the game were weakening at last. But unless it does come to an end it will produce an international bankruptcy so vast that the bond-holding class in Europe must finally be ruined. To show the means used to engineer this artificial scarcity we have only to compare the stock of specie in the three principal banks of Europe in 1864 and in 1876:

	Dec., 1864.	July, 1876.
Bank of France,	$87,500,000	$410,000,000
Bank of England,	78,280,000	145,000,000
Bank of Germany,	10,000,000	141,000,000
Total . .	$175,780,000	$696,000,000

—*Philadelphia North American.*

—In regard to the "decline in the price of silver," the circular of Messrs. Watts & Co. presents some instructive facts. It gives the imports of silver from different countries, and the exports, showing (1) that the United States is sending no more silver to England than in 1875, and less than in 1874, for the imports for six months ending June 30 from this country were £1,293,851 in 1876, and £1,293,258 in 1875, and £2,046,925 in 1874; showing (2) that imports from Mexico and South America have also declined from £2,024,483 in 1874 and £1,998,979 in 1875 to £1,683,477 during the same months in 1876, and (3) that imports from other countries, Germany excepted, also declined from £1,498,908 in 1874 to £1,083,250 in 1875, and £1,097,979 in 1876. From Germany alone there has been an increase of £700,000 since 1875, the imports being for six months £1,267,231 in 1876, and £559,987 in 1875, but in 1874 they were £1,351,849. Finally it is shown that the exports to India and China are larger than in 1875 or 1874, and that the total exports to other countries also show an increase each year. The importance of these facts, in view of the claim that a glut of silver has caused its price to fall, will be readily appreciated.—*The Public, Aug. 10.*

—The New York *Times* says trade dollars have already made their appearance in that city at the bar rooms and restaurants, and in the course of a few days they will no longer be looked at as curiosities. This new coin, at present prices of silver, can now be coined at a profit and circulated at par with greenbacks. Individuals can have their own silver coined at the mint under existing laws and realize this profit. As it is idle to expect of either branch of the present Congress any decent legislation on the silver question, a substantial rise in the price of silver appears to be the only thing which can protect us from a debasement of the currency by means of a trade dollar inflation. It is not impossible, however, that, should the trade dollare become plenty, the banks would refuse them. This, however, is certain, that if our object is to regain the gold standard the currency cannot be diluted with trade dollars, or any other dollars of inferior value to gold, without making that object more difficult and more doubtful than it is now.—*Phila. Record.*

—The total capital of fire and marine insurance companies in Pennsylvania is $9,681,013, the gross assets being $29,222,190. The income from premiums during 1875 was $11,722,753, while the total expenditures were $9,382,415, of which $5,898,382 were for losses paid, and $1,141,617 for dividends to stockholders. The total liabilities of the companies, including re-insurance and capital, are $22,530,647, while their surplus over all liabilities, exclusive of capital, is $16,312,554. The risks written during 1875 aggregated $884,523,456, and the total risks January 1, 1876, were $916,712,122.

—Sixty-four United States municipalities who had in 1870 an aggregate indebtedness of $278,600,000, in 1875-6 had an aggregate debt of $640,800,000, an increase of $362,200,000, or 130 per cent. within five or six years. Do people wonder at the panic of 1873—and the continued panic from 1873 through 1876, in the face of figures like these? In the history of the world there is no parallel to this record, and we place the result before the country as the proper answer to all forms of argument and all kinds of appeal in behalf of present or future inflation.

—The coinage of the San Francisco Mint for July was the largest ever made in any one month, and was as follows: Double eagles, $4,140,000; half dollars, $176,000; trade dollars, $127,000; quarters, $128,000; dimes, $35,000. Total, $4,606,000.

Robinson Bros., Brokers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	111⅜	5-20's 1868-coupons	121
U. S. 6's 1861, coup	120⅛	10-40's	116
" 1865	115⅝	Currency 6's	126
" 1865 new	117⅜	New 5 per cents	117¼
5-20's 1867	119⅜	10-40's coupons	119⅝
RAILWAYS.			
N. Y. Central	105⅝	Ohio & Mississippi	13
Erie	13⅜	Union Pacific	63
I. C.	88	Toledo & Wabash	1⅝
C. C. & I. C.	3⅞	Harlem	137⅜
St. Paul	37⅝	Adams Express	113⅝
Do. Pref.	71⅝	American Express	59
Michigan Southern	54	U. S. Express	66
Do. Central	43	W. Fargo & Co. Ex	84
Northwestern com.	39	Quicksilver	11⅝
Do. Pref.	63⅝	Fort Wayne	102
Rock Island	107	Hannibal & St. Jo.	11⅝
Cleve. & Pitts	94	Panama	126
Pacific Mail	24⅜	Iron Mountain	18⅝
Western Union Tel.	71⅞		

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board.

P. R. R. (S)	49⅝	Cen. Trans (A)	45
Reading (B)	44⅛	Empire do. (A)	50
U. Cos. of N. J. (B)	129	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (B)	101⅛
Oil Creek (B)	9⅝	P. C. & St. L. 7's (A)	82
Lehigh Valley (B)	56	N. Pacific bonds (B)	—

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

J. Sharp McDonald to Mary A. Cornish Nov. 4, 1872; lot on Face street, Elizabeth township . . . $1,000

T. D. Chantler to Rose McKenna, April 14, 1876; lot on Fourth avenue, Robinson township . . . $1,000

Margaret McGibony to Sarah McGibony, Sept. 21, 1873; 1 acre and 71 perches in Baldwin township . . . $427

R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to M. McKeefer, April 22, 1876; interest of Jas. Hamilton to lot in Chartiers township . . . $50

Wm. Miskimins to Jas. Mackin, Oct. 22, 1864; 5 acres and 12 perches in Penn township . . . $507

D. C. Phillips to John Munch, June 26, 1876; lot on Quarry Run street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh . . . $1,225

John R. Cummings to Wm. Thompson, July 21, 1876; lot on Third street, West Elizabeth borough . . . $1,174

W. Dilworth's executors to the South Pittsburgh Planing Mill Co., Dec. 24, 1875; lot on Dilworth street, Thirty-second ward, Pittsburgh . . . $400

A. P. Norton to K. L. Anderson, May 10, 1876; two lots on Southern avenue, Thirty-second ward, Pittsburgh . . . $1,000

A. J. Nicholson et. ux. to A. S. Nicholson, Jan. 3, 1872; lot on Second avenue, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh . . . $1

NEW YORK, August 15, 1876.

Money closed easy at 1@1½; prime mercantile paper 3@4. The customs receipts were $139,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $112,000. The clearings were $17,000,000. Sterling was quiet at 487@489. Gold opened and closed at 111⅜, with sales in the interim at 111¼. Loans ¼ to 2 and flat. Governments were strong and in good demand. Railroad bonds were firm. State securities were quiet. Stocks were dull and somewhat irregular, closing firm, with an advance of about 1 per cent. in St. Paul preferred. The other changes were unimportant. The transactions were 60,000 shares, of which 9,000 were Western Union, 4,500 Rock Island, 11,000 St. Pauls, 3,000 Erie, 8,000 Lake Shore, 6,000 Ohios, 3,000 Michigan Central, 4,000 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and 3,000 New Jersey Central.

Governments.—United States Coupons 1881, 120¼; 5-20s '65, 115⅝; do. new, 117¼; do. '67, 119¼; do. '68, 121; new 5s, 117½; 10-40s, 116; coupons 120⅜; currency 6s, 126.

State Bonds.—Tennessees old, 46½; do. new, 46⅞; Virginia old, 27; do. new, 28; Missouri 6s, 106¾.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 71⅞; Quicksilver, 11⅞; do. preferred, 14; Pacific Mail, 24⅜; Mariposa, 7; do. preferred, 8½; Adams Express, 113½; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 84; American Express, 59; United States Express, 66; New York Central, 105⅝; Erie, 13¼; do. preferred, 20; Harlem, 137¼; do. preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 43; Panama, 126; Union Pacific, 63; Lake Shore, 54; Illinois Central, 89; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92; Northwestern common, 38⅞; do. preferred, 63⅞; C. C. C. & I., 39⅞; New Jersey Central, 62½; Rock Island, 106⅞; St. Paul, 37½; do. preferred, 71⅛; Toledo & Wabash, 1⅞; do. preferred, 2; Fort Wayne, 102; Terre Haute, 105½; do. preferred, 113; Chicago & Alton, 101½; do. preferred, 108½; Ohio & Mississippi, 13; Delaware & Lackawanna, 85⅞; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Co., 17⅞; Missouri Pacific, 7; Indiana Central, 2; Burlington & Quincy, 3⅞; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 20; Central Pacific, 111¼; Union Pacific, 109; Union Pacific land grant, 105½; do. Sinking Fund, 95½.

LONDON, August 15.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £128,000. Consols: 96 7-16; 5-20s '65, 106; do. '67, 109¼; 10-40s, 109⅞; new 5s, 107⅛; New York Central, 96; Erie, 12½; do. preferred, 20.

PARIS, August 15.—Rentes 106f 25c.

FRANKFORT, August 15.—United States new 5s 103.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 15, 1876.

The extreme hot weather has curtailed business somewhat, which at best is nothing to brag of, but our merchants are hopeful that in the course of a few weeks, when our iron mills, glass factories, and other manufacturing establishments start up, that there will be an improvement. The leading article presents nothing deserving of special mention.

APPLES—Very dull; quotable at 50ca$1,25 ℔ bbl, as to quality and condition.

BERRIES—The receipts are falling off, but the supply continues in excess of the demand; Blackberries, selling at 50a75 ℔ bucket; Whortle-berries, 75a85c.

BUTTER—Prime to choice solid packed—in firkins and tubs—18a20c. Very little call for low grades.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Factory, 8a8½c to the trade, and 9a9½c in a jobbing way.

EGGS—Continue dull; fresh stock, guaranteed as such, steady at 11a12c, with a small supply; stale stock almost unsaleable at any price.

FLOUR—Is reported dull and prices easy, although without quotable change. The western and eastern, as well as the foreign markets, generally reported quiet. Following are the jobbing rates:

Red winter wheat flours	$8,00a8,50 ℔ bbl.
Amber wheat flours	7,00a7,50 "
Spring wheat flours	5,75a6,25 "
Patent process and fancy white wheat	8,50a9,50 "
Rye flour	4,50a4,75 "

GROCERIES—With the exception of Sugar, for which there is a continued steady demand, the grocery business is very dull. An increased trade in Coffee is looked for next month.

RICE.

Carolina	6½a7½	Louisiana	6¼a6⅝

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	13 a	Standard B	11⅝a
Crushed	12⅝a	Standard Ex C.	11⅝a
Granulated	12⅝a	Ref. Yellow	9⅝a10⅛
Powdered	12⅝a	N. O. new crop	8⅝a 9⅛
Standard A	11⅝a		

SYRUPS.

Choice	65 a70	Fair	65 a68
Prime	60 a63	Dark	45 a50

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	62
Fair	60	Demara	50a5

TEAS.

Young Hyson	35a0 85	Japan	40a65
Gunpowder	45a0 90	Oolong	35a85
Imperial	40a 75	Souchong	35a75

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	23 a	R Rio (℔ pkgs)	26
Prime Rio	21½a22	R Rio (loose)	25½
Good Rio	20 a21	Roasted Java	36
Old Gov Java	32		

GRAIN—The inquiry far Wheat continues light and the market is quiet and a little offish in tone but unchanged; No. 1 red winter, $1,10a1,15; No. 1 amber, $1,15,a1.20. The Oat market has not varied much for several days; we repeat former quotations —30a32c on track, as to quality. Ear Corn very dull—there appears to be no demand for it; quotable at 50a53c. Shelled Corn is also dull but in light supply; 53a55c for mixed to prime yellow. Rye dull and lower; we now quote at 55a60c.

HAY—Old crop, both loose and baled, appears to be about done, as there is little or none coming forward, but if there was it would not now bring much, if any more than new; new crop quoted at $10a15 per ton for loose from country wagons; baled on track, $12a14 by the carload, according to quality and condition.

MILL FEED—Bran reported dull at $11a12 per ton; seconds and shipstuffs, $13a15; middlings and chopped feed, $18a20.

OILS—Extra lard oil, 85c; winter extra strained, 95c; No. 1, 75; No. 2, 60a65. Miners oil, winter made, 57a60c; summer strained, 55a55c. Linseed oil steady at 55a58. Carbon firm at 14½ by the car load and 15a15½c in a small way.

PEACHES—Were in light supply and prices were better; $1a1,50 per box.

PLUMS—Dull but unchanged; $4a5 per stand of two bushels, as to quality and condition.

POTATOES—Very dull; quoted at $1a1,25 ℔ bbl. Baltimore sweets, $3,50a4 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—We can report a steady demand for the hog products, but there has been no recent change in prices. Dealers complain that the margin for profit at current rates is small.

Hams—Ex S C ℔ ℔	—	Mess Pork ℔ bbl	$20,75
Do. Canvassed	15	Short Cut do	20,75
Shoulders Ex S. C.	—	Lard, prime leaf, tcs	12¾
Do. Canvassed	10½	Lard, Ref for summer use—in trcs	12⅝
B'fast Bacon S. C.	—	Do. ½ bbls	13¼
Do. Canvassed	15½	Do. bkts	13⅝
Dried beef Ex S. C.	—	Do. 3 ℔ caddies	15
Do. Canvassed	15½	Do. 5 ℔ do	14⅝
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz	$8½	Do. 3 ℔ pails	15¾
Bacon Shoulders	9½	Do. 5 ℔ do	15
Short Rib Sides	12¼	Do. 6 ℔ do	14⅝
Clear Sides	12⅝	Ham Sausage	—

RAGS—Steady at 3c ℔ ℔ for good country mixed.

TALLOW—Dull: No. 1 city rendered 8a8½c; do. country, 7a7½c.

Chicago Seed Market.

The supply of timothy was again increased. The quality of the offerings was very good. There were a fair number of orders on the market, but buyers, in view of the increased supply, asked for liberal concessions, which receivers were compelled to concede to in order to close out consignments. Early sales of prime were made at $2,20, but a decline to $2,10a2,14½ immediately followed, and the market closed at the inside. Quite a large amount of good seed changed hands at $2a2,05. There were no sales of common reported. Seller the month was also easier. Sales were made at $1,97½a2. The previously chronicled qualities continue to exist in the market for the other descriptions, and prices remain without essential change. Clover quotable at $8,75a9 for poor and $9,50a9,75 for good to prime. Flax, $1a1,25 and Hungarian about 25a45c. Millet, 25a35 for common to fair; there was no prime on the market.

No Further Reduction of Freight Rates.

It is denied that the Erie Railway are carrying freight from New York to Chicago at 20c for the first three classes and 18c ℔ 100 ℔s for fourth class. The Pennsylvania road rates are 25c and 16c, and none of the other trunk lines, we are informed, are taking freight at any lower rates. New York merchants gain a point, it is said, by the new arrangement of the Penna. R. R. Co. They have always discriminated in favor of Philadelphia, but at present the rates between that city and the west are uniform with these from New York.—*N. Y. Bulletin.*

The Corn Crop.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, says: Advices in regard to the growing corn crop lead to the impression that an average yield will be produced in Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee; that in the bottom lands of Indiana and Illinois the yield will be light, while the rolling lands will produce a fair crop; that Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota will have an average crop, while Kansas and Nebraska will exhibit a material increase.

The Hog Crop of Ohio.

The Assessor's returns for the counties of Ohio show an aggregate of 1,801,250 hogs returned this year, against 1,778,899 hogs last year.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 15, 1876.

The market for Crude was strong, and prices as compared with Monday, were higher: United certificates quoted at $2,50 and immediate shipment at $2,67½a2,70. The advance was rather unexpected, that is it came sooner than operators generally looked for, as the market had been offish for some days, and the bears were doing their level best to get it down.

Refined was also stiff and higher; Baltimore, 17⅝ bid; Philadelphia quotable at 18; New York, 18¼; on cars here, 14½.

It is reported that the Standard have about consummated the purchase of another refinery.

Oil Barrels unchanged; countries, $1,30; city make, $1,45a1,50.

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F. & Co	348
H. S. A. Stewart	Do do	261
J. A. McKee & Son	Warden F & Co	202
Total		811

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
S. Craig	Penn o w	393
Owner	Empire o w	639
J. Bushnell	Iron City o w	234
S. Craig	Empire o w	234
J. Bushnell	Brilliant o w	952
Total		1,813

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY AND B. AND O. RAILROADS.

Shipper.	Consignee	Bbls.
Brilliant O W	Warden, F. & Co. Balt.	1,446
Liberty O. W	Do do Balt.	364
American Oil Co	Brough McK & Co. Balt.	1,089
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F & Co. Balt.	781
Total		3,680

Progress of Summer Packing.

The Chicago *Daily Commercial Bulletin* says: The receipts of hogs during the past week were fair, and packers transacted a moderate business; prices ruled about 10a15c lower ℔ 100 ℔s on the whole range, and they purchased a larger percentage of the arrivals. The quality of the hogs continues good—fully up to the average of previous weeks—and the lighter qualities still command a premium. The tone of the foreign advices is rather discouraging to manufacturers of hog product, and they are giving domestic cuts a little more attention—making contracts for small lots to be delivered during the latter part of this month. The houses, as a rule, are generally running about one-half their capacity—merely enough to keep hands employed. There is a fair amount of product on hand in process of curing, but the supply on the market is comparatively light—packers as a rule having kept their manufacture well sold ahead, and the bulk of the product now going forward consist of summer-cured delivered on contract.

The packing to date aggregates about 530,000 hogs against about 525,000 hogs to date at this time last year. At other points slaughtering is progressing moderately, though there is a general inclination to curtail operations for the present. The packing at Cedar Rapids to date is 61,151 hogs, against 46,234 to date last year.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 15, 1876.

FLOUR—Steady and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet, but firmer; No. 2 Chicago spring 86¼c spot; 85⅝c August; 88c September; 89a89¼c October; No. 3 73½a75c; rejected 61a61½c. Corn steady; No. 2 44½c spot; 44½c September. Oats steady and firm; 30c spot or September. Rye quiet at 51a52c. Barley stronger; 55a58c.

PROVISIONS—Pork unsettled; $17,50 spot; $17,45a17,50 September. Lard dull; $10,75 spot and September. Bulk meats quiet and steady; shoulders 6⅜a6½c; clear rib 9c. Bacon: shoulders 9¼a9⅜c.

WHISKY—Quiet and unchanged.

On call board wheat was unchanged. Corn ⅛a¼c higher. Oats unchanged. Pork heavy and lower; $17,25 September; $14,90 the year. Lard heavy and lower at $10,50; $9,30 the year.

New York.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Flour quiet; receipts 12,000 bbls; No. 2 $2,25a3,25; superfine western and State $3,60a4,20; common to good $4,20a4,60; good to choice $4,65a5,15; white wheat extra $5,20a7,25; St. Louis $4,30a7,75. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal heavy at $2,60a2,85. Wheat unusually dull; very little demand; shippers want the best quality of No. 2 Milwaukee, which is scarce and steady, all other grades nominal; receipts 16,000 bush. Rye firm and unchanged. Barley and Malt quiet. Corn: receipts 158,000 bushels; scarcely so firm; western mixed hot and warm 50a54c; do. ungraded 55a58c; mixed graded 56½c. Oats dull and unsettled; receipts 21,000 bushels; mixed western and State 39a42c. Hay and Hops unchanged. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes 14⅜a17⅜c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8⅜a8⅝c. Molasses and Rice quiet. Petroleum quiet; crude 10⅝a10½c; refined 18c; cases 21¼a21½c; naphtha, city, 11c. Rosin easier. Turpentine firm. Eggs quiet; western 13a15½c. Pork dull at $18,40. Beef quiet; western long clear middles 9⅜c; city 10a10½c. Lard dull; western $10,82a10,95. Butter firm; western 13a25c. Cheese quiet at 3a9⅞c. Whisky steady at $1,14.

Foreign.

ANTWERP, August 15.—Petroleum: refined 35⅞f.

LIVERPOOL, August 15.—Cotton firm; 6 1-16@6 5-16d; sales 15,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export, and 8,000 American. California white wheat average 9s 1d@9s 4d; Club 9s 5d@9s 10d; red western spring, No. 2 to No. 1, 7s 6d @8s 10; do. winter 9s@9s 6d. Flour: 21½@23s. Corn 25⅜s. Oats 3@3½s. Barley 3⅛s. Refined petroleum 13⅜@14d; spirits 9@9¼d.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, August 15.—Cotton moderately active and higher at 11⅜c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat quiet and weak; red $1a1,12. Corn steady at 45a46c. Oats inactive at 30a42c. Rye dull at 58c. Barley firm at 80a81c. Pork dull and lower; sales at $17,50. Lard easier; steam 10 3-4c; kettle 12½c. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 6 1-2a6⅝c; clear rib 8 1-2c; clear 9c. Bacon quiet at 7 3 4, 8, 9½, 10, 10 1-2a10 3-4c. Whisky steady at $1,10. Butter dull and unchanged.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, August 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 white Wabash new $1,17; No. 3 do. $1,08; No. 1 white Michigan new $1,12; No. 2, do $1,04; No. 3 red new $1,01½; rejected red new 89c; No. 2 amber Illinois new $1,15. Corn quiet; high mixed 49 1-2c, spot; held at 48c; no grade 47c; damaged 39c. Oats dull; No. 2 new 31c; Michigan 32c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, August 15.—Refined petroleum 17⅜a17 3-4c; crude 13 3 4c. Flour: super $3,50a3,62½; extra $4,00. Wheat steady; amber $1,17a1,20; new held at $1,10a1,15. Rye 60c. Corn: sail 55 1-2c; mixed 55a58c. Oats: Pennsylvania 32a32½c. Whisky dull; western $1,14. Butter: depressed prices and unchanged. Cheese firm at 7 1-2a8¼c. Eggs steady at 17a18c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, August 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened quiet and a shade lower; closed quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,06½; No. 2 92½c; No. 3 82c. Corn quiet; No. 2 nominal at 44¾a45c. Oats entirely nominal; No. 2 30½c. Rye nominally firmer; No. 2 53c. Barley quiet; No. 2 spring 70c; No. 3 39c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, August 15.—Cotton dull at 11c. Flour firm; extra $3,25a3,75; family $4a4,20. Wheat dull; red 90ca$1 01; amber $1a1,06. Corn unchanged. Oats quiet; white 34c; mixed 33c. Pork firm at $19. Bacon dull; shoulders 8½c; sides 10⅛a10⅜c. Lard dull; 10½a13c. Whisky steady at $1,10.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—Cotton dull at 10⅝c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet at $1,48½. Corn firm at 39.c Rye dull and nothing doing. Pork dull at $18,75. Lard dull and unchanged. Bacon irregular at 8¼, 10½a10⅝c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 15.—Flour quiet; superfine lower at $4,75. Corn meal firm at $2,75. Hay firm; choice $20. Pork dull at $19,50a19,75. Bacon firm; shoulders 9c; clear rib 11c; clear 11½c; others unchanged.

Boston.

BOSTON, August 15.—Flour in steady demand; prices unchanged. Corn quiet; mixed and yellow 59a65c. Oats firm; No. 2 white and mixed 36a36½c; rejected 31a39c.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, August 15.—Wheat steady; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1,17; No. 1 white Michigan $1,36. Corn firm; high mixed 55a56c.

Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, August 15.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 26½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, August 15.—Petroleum unchanged; S. W. 110 test 15c.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, August 15.—Cattle: receipts 629; total this week 8755; market slow; quality poor; sales 80 cars; best offerings full strong last week's prices, while poorer classes are way off; meanest lots entirely neglected. Sheep and lambs: receipts 2800; total this week 5,400 head; market slow; quality poor; a few lots prime would find ready sale at good prices; sales of 9 cars at from strong last weeks prices to a shade advance; number fresh arrivals on market. Hogs: receipts 700 head; total this week 8,000 head; market moderately active; Yorkers $6,20a6,50; heavy $6,25a6,60; prime $6,80.

WATERTOWN, August 15.—Cattle: receipts 1,172 head; trade comparatively dull, a decline of prices of 1-2c live weight, in consequence of heavy receipts; choice $7,25a7,50; extra $6,25a6,75; first quality $5,75a6,00; second $5,00a5,50; third $4,50a4,75. Sheep and lambs: receipts 4,549 head; a large decrease in receipts tended to a better feeling; lambs full ½c better; in lots of 150 $2a2,50a3,00; extra $4,25, or from 3 1-2a5 1-2c per pound; spring lambs 4 3-4a6½c.

CHICAGO, August 15.—Cattle: receipts 2,100 head; shipments 800 head; firmer; fair demand; common to good $2,55a3,50; good to extra steers $4,70a5; sales chiefly at $2,50a3. Hogs: receipts 7,400 head; shipments 6,000 head; firm; shipping about 10c higher; sales $6a6,37½, chiefly at $6,25; heavy $6a6,35; light bacon $6,25a6,30. Sheep: receipts 330; moderately steady and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—Hogs steady; Yorkers $5,75a6,00; butchers $6,10a6,25; Philadelphia $6,25a6,30. Cattle: demand almost wholly local; unchanged.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 15.—Hogs: $5,85a6,10; receipts 960 head.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Business was fairly active with commission houses dealing in cotton and woolen goods, and prints continued in brisk demand at firm prices. Sprague's dark prints advanced to 7c. Freeman's prints opened at 6¼c. Bleached shirtings and cotton flannels are in steady request. Dress goods, shawls and skirts are in fair demand. Woolen goods, flannels and blankets are in moderate request.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Cotton firm at 12⅝a12½c; futures steady; August 12 17-32c; September 12 3-32a12 5-16c; October 12⅜a12 5-16c; November 11 21-32a11 11-16c; December 11 11-16c.

MEMPHIS, August 15.—Cotton quiet; light offerings at 11⅜c; sales 750 bales; receipts 112; shipments 74.

GALVESTON, August 15.—Cotton steady at 11⅜c; net receipts 78 bales; gross 80 bales; sales 78 bales.

SAVANNAH, August 15.—Cotton steady; middlings 11⅜c; net receipts 89 bales; sales 42 bales.

CHARLESTON, August 15.—Cotton firm; middlings 11⅜a11½c; net receipts 30 bales; sales 100 bales.

MOBILE, August 15.—Cotton; firm; middlings 11⅜c; net receipts 13 bales; sales 300 bales; exports coastwise 49 bales.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—7 cars flour, T. C. Jenkins; 11 baskets potatoes, W. Ernhouser; 5 do, W. J. Steel & Bro; 13 sks wool, W. Barker; 185 sks oats 41 do bran, J. Kell Sr; 1 car oats, J. & D. McCaffrey; 1 car staves, A. S. Carlisle; 1 do hay, J. G. Miller; 1 do, A. Austin & Son; 1 do, S. B. Floyd & Co; 1 do hoops, A. McCluro; 1 do lumber, E. Bindley; 1 do, A. Aubrey & Son; 8 pails tobacco, C. Atwell & Co; 6 bbls potatoes, Mechling & McB; 125 bxs cheese, N. J. Braden; 42 sks t seed, Elwood & McC; 1 pkg grease, J. H. Loh & Co; 50 bbls oil, J. S. Ramsey; 35 bbls syrup, Arbuckles & Co; 1 car flour, D. Wallace; 1 do corn, McHenry & H; 8 tubs butter, J. J. Pettit & Co; 40 brs g ware, R. P. Wallace; 10 do, Cavitt & P; 20 sks flour, H. Gerwig; 43 bdls paper, J. Harrison; 2 bbls eggs, Bigham & S; 1 do, P. Jageman; 2 bbls liquor, J. K. Lanahan; 5 do, G. A. Kelly; 30 bgs t seed, J. Hinkle; 35 pkgs lard, J. P. Hanna & Co; 5 cases cheese, Luebbe Bro; 10 bbls spirits, J. Frolich; 28 trees shoulders, R. Owens; 25 bbls spirits, M. Munhall; 2 cars flour, Jenkins Bro; 1 do, D. Wallace; 120 pkgs lard, Shoemaker & Co; 8 bbls potatoes, James Lacey; 10 bbls spirits, S. McKerickert; 11 do, J. Getty & Co; 1 car beer, W. Buckenhiser & Co; 1 do lead, Bailey, F. & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R. CO.—1 car lumber, Calhoun & C; 1 do hay, Fred Kober; 3 kegs paint, 11 cases do, A. Baldwin; 1 bbl do, Davis, C. & Co, 10 trcs bellies, M. M. Fried; 10 do, W. B. Hays & Son; 20 bskt vegetables, J Taggert; 4 bbls oil, B. Tripp; 35 hides, B. R. Little; 5 bdls chairs, E. Edmundson; 5 bbls s ware, J. S. Neal; 6 pkgs eggs, Head, C. & Co; 3 do, 1 do butter, R. Harvey; 61 bags feed, Houck, McC & Co; 9 bbls flour, F. W. Jenkins; 3 do, 3 bbls apples, J Meyer; 8 do, J. J. Pettit; 8 do, Head & McE; 4 do, J. Kaiser & Co; 22 cases matches, B. C. & J. H. Sawyer; 11 bxs cheese, McIntire & B; 8 bxs crackers, S. S. Marvin; 1 car corn, 9 bgs t seed, Elwood & McC; 100 o bbls, C. A. Wormcastle; 175 pcs s pipe, C. Brown; 42 bskts vegetables, S. Black; 12 bbls potatoes, Head, C. & Co; 11 do, Voigt, M. & Co; 10 do pkgs, J. A. McKee & Son.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—20 steel w akeins 4 bbls ex do, J. Lautner, 20 sks flour, Luebbe Bro; 17 sks meal 24 do screenings 49 do flour, Adams & K; 46 hf cks shoulders, E. H. Myers & Co; 28 bales cotton, Eagle C M; 4 bxs cheese, Weisbrod & W; 5 bdls wheels, Lyle, B & McC; 2 cases candy, Kramer & V; 1 do, E. Maginn; 1 do, C. Maginn; 3 bbls liquor, S. Klinordlinger; 1,571 c hams, W. B. Hays & Son; 25 hhds sugar, Haworth & D; 25 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills; 27 stands grapes, Voigt M & Co; 3 trcs beef, Walker, D. & Co; 2 safes, Hall's S. & L Co; 22 ½ buts tobacco, J. S. Dilworth; 25 ½ do, T. C. Jenkins; 7 cases s do, H. Dallmyer; 142 sacks wheat, Marshall, K. & Co; 15 bbls crackers, Snowden & K; 10 trcs bacon, W. B. Hays & Son; 10 do, R. Owens & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO.—1 car lumber, Willis & B; 1 car lumber, R. & H. Fulton; 1 do ice Chaut. Lake Ice Co; 1 do, Eberhard & O; 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 1 do clay, Harbison & W; 1 do bark, F. Woeful; 1 do hay, H. J. McCracken; 1 car acid, Pgh Acid W'ks; 6 do metal, Lucy Fur. Co; 1 bdl castings, Graff, H & Co; 1 bx hams, W. B. Hays & Son; 1 car brick, Carnegie, B & Co; 2 cars coal, American O W'ks; 21 pkgs r chairs, J. W. Drape & Co; 1 car lumber, A. L. Shaffer.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR—2 cars wheat, Marshall K. & Co.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

W. J. Hammond s	1	H. Lloyd & Son m	4
A. H. Childs m	2		
Total			7

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.

Jones & L m	1	J. Moorhead b	5
Total			6

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Jones & L m	3	Shoen'r B & Co o	6
Total			9

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R.

E. Thompson S. Wk	6	Nimick & Co m	9
J. Painter & Son m	2	Byers, McC & Co m	1
W. Mullins s	4	Maloney & L s	3
W. Springer s	1		
Total			26

SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

W. J. Hammond,

Cor. Eleventh and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL

CAYWOOD & LEWIS,

General Produce Commission Merchants,

Have removed to 335 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents for TWIN BROS. YEAST.

REMOVAL.

Watt, Lang & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

FLOUR DEALERS

HAVE REMOVED TO

331 LIBERTY STREET.

HARDWARE.

LANE BROTHERS
POCKET KNIVES,
Knives and Forks,
SPOONS, SCISSORS,
AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS
Hinges, Nails, Files, etc
Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Cor. Liberty & Sixth
Street.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

PLOW WORKS.

Keystone Nut and Bolt Works.

F. M. HASLETT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLOW, CARRIAGE

And Machine Bolts, &c.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

Corner Main and Cherry Sts., Allegheny

PATENTS.

PATENTS.

JOHNSTON & DONN

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

AND

Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents,

Offices, No. 16 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and corner of F and 8th St., Washington, D. C. JOHNSTON & DONN make examinations as to the patentability of inventions; give opinions as to value of Patents; prosecute infringements and defend Patents. Established 1852.

PROFESSIONAL.

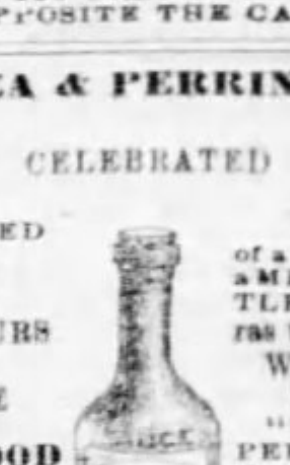
SAMUEL M'MASTERS,

Alderman,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
NO. 100 GRANT SRTEET,
OFFICE, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED



PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India and is in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK.

CEMENT—100 BBLS. CHOICE PORT LAND Cement. For sale by J. B. CANFIELD, June 8, 1876. 116 Water street

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY.—DAILY REPORT OF THE STAGE OF WATER, WITH CHANGES IN THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 3 P. M

PITTSBURGH, August 15, 1876.

Stations.	Above low water ft. in.	Change —or+ ft. in.	Dir'n of Wind.	State of Weather.
Cairo, Ill.	16 2		SE	Fair.
Cincinnati, O.	7 8	—2	NW	Fair.
Davenport, Iowa.	2 11		E	Cloudy.
Dubuque, Iowa.	4		E	Fair.
Keokuk, Iowa.	3 11		E	Fair.
Leavenworth, Ks.	9 10	—2	SE	Fair.
Louisville, Ky.	5 6	—4	N	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	14	+2	SW	Fair.
Nashville, Tenn.	6 6	—2	W	Cloudy.
Omaha, Neb.	7 8	—3	SE	Cloudy.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	4 3	+9	W	Fair.
Shreveport, La.	21 5	—7	SW	Fair.
St. Louis, Mo.	12 4	—4	NE	Fair.
Vicksburg, Miss.	23 7	—8	SW	Fair.

JAMES MITCHELL,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

THE stage of water last evening was 4 feet 3 inches, and falling. Unless we have more rain, the water will soon get down again. Weather continues oppressively hot. Business dull.

THE I. S. Kiefer is getting a tow of oil ready for Huntington.

THE Exchange was to have left Cincinnati for this port on Monday.

CAPT. JNO. WOODBURN'S new steamer will be launched at Madison to-day.

THE Star of the West will enter the Wheeling and Bellaire trade this week.

THE Hawkeye left Charleston on Sunday for Cincinnati, with 15 barges of coal.

THE Granite State is coming up, and will be here to leave for Portsmouth on Friday.

THE towboat J. S. Mercer has been purchased by the Grand Lake Coal Company—price $5,500.

THE Storm left yesterday for Big Sandy to look after the wreck of the towboat John F. Dravo.

CAPT. HENRY C. WOODWARD died on Saturday last at his old homestead, two miles below Charleston, W. Va.

MR. WILLS HAYS, river editor of the Louisville *Courier*, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Philadelphia.

NATCHEZ shipped 22,293 bales of cotton from September 1, 1875, to August 1, 1876—nearly one-third as many as Vicksburg.

MR. WM. M. SHAW, of the Louisville *Ledger*, who was here for some days on a visit to his friends, left for home on Monday night.

UPPER Mississippi packets have so little business that, unless detained by bars, they are always ahead of time coming down stream.

THE towboat Veteran arrived and departed. The little steamer Frank Willard departed for Cincinnati last evening with a very fair trip.

CAPT. S. H. PARISOT, of the Yazoo, Tallahatchie and Sunflower lines of steamers, was married at Vicksburg on the 8th to Miss Savannah Lamkin.

CAPT. KNOWLES has chartered the Jas. E. Rankin to take the place of the Chesapeake in the Parkersburg and Gallipolis trade during the low water season.

AS soon as Captains Donnelly and Hart's new boat is launched, the work of setting up Cap. J. D. Hegler's new boat will be commenced, as the timbers are about all out.

THE Whale and her tow, aground at Brown's Island, was floated off by the rise, and is proceeding on to her destination, St. Louis. It is hoped that she will have no further trouble.

IT is believed generally that Capt. Frank Hicks, late of the Mary Bell, will be the purchaser of the Thompson Dean, to be sold next Thursday. Some, however, think that Captain Paul will buy her.

THE wheel of the steamer Clinton, knocked off by a collision with the bridge pier a few months ago, has been found below Saverton, near the Missouri shore. Capt. Kinnear is taking it out.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* of Monday says: Capt. Anschutz has contracted with Capt D. H. Morton, of the Madison Marine Ways, for a St. Louis and Pittsburgh packet 240 feet long, 38 feet beam, 6 feet hold, to be completed November 1.

THE Upper Mississippi is getting too low for anything but light draft boats to push logs and lumber in the raft channels. Should the river continue falling a few days more the old style of running rafts will come into vogue—floating them.

GRAHAM, MCINTIRE & HOWE, of Paducah, have sold the steamer D. Van Bush to H. C. Wilson & Co., for $1,525 cash. She will be fitted up as a trading boat and run in the south. Capt. N. C. Seloy negotiated the sale.

COOK'S circus boat, C. P. Huntington, was stoned at Warsaw, on the Upper Mississippi, the other day, by a large crowd, because the performance of the circus company was not satisfactory. She is going up Illinois River.

THE St. Louis *Republican*, 12th, says: The report about the Idlewild going to run between St. Louis and Chester has probably no foundation. No person with money will agree to lose it in that trade. The opposition would be too strong for the Idlewild, or any other wild boat. However, the majority of the voters are always delighted with a fight on the river.

IT is alleged now that it was pilot Wm. Abrams who milked Capt. Marsh McDonald's cow, and the fact that the little steamer Willard laid up near Capt. McDonald's place on the night of the robbery, and as Mr. Abrams was on the boat at the time, it looks suspicious. Some people are so uncharitable as to connect the name of Capt. I. R. Whittaker with the theft, but Isaac, we understand, claims that he can prove an alibi.

THE light-house tender Alice is above Vicksburgh, on her way up the river. The following is a list of changes and new lights established between Vicksburg and New Orleans: Ratliff's, Mississippi shore, new light; Ft. Adams, Mississippi shore, new light; Bongere Landing, Mississippi shore, new light; Natchez Island landing, moved to Avenue, one mile above; Waterproof, (head of bend) La., new light; Buck Ridge moved half a mile lower down, La.; Big Black Island, Miss., in bend below foot of island (new). Lights not mentioned above were left at old locations.

SMITH & SHEPLER,

CELEBRATED

Feed Water Boiler Washer.

PATENTED FEBRUARY 29, 1876.

This Improved Heater and Washer has been approved by the National Board of Supervising Inspectors, in session February, 1876, and also by practical Engineers on the steamboats Whale, Rover, Seven Sons, Maggie Smith, Ironsides, and others.

J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,
Manufacturers,
68 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS,

Regular Ironton and Pittsburgh Weekly Packet.

Leaves Ironton every Thursday.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday at 12 M.

THE NEW AND LIGHT DRAUGHT SALT VALLEY.

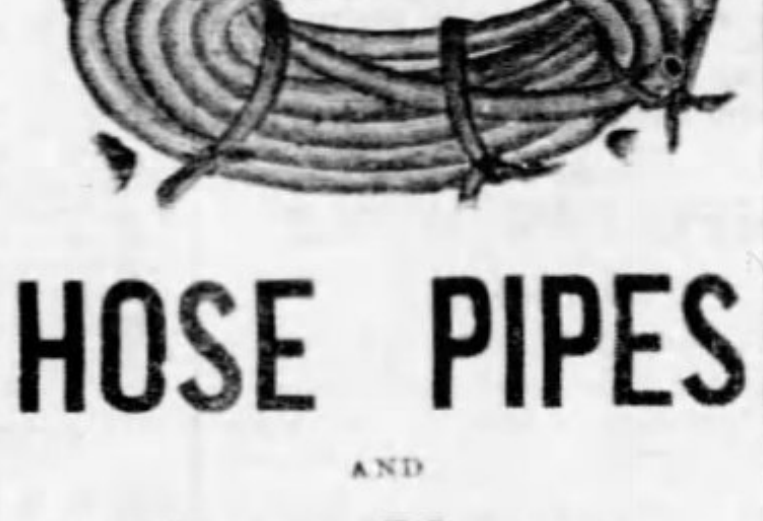
SAM. DeWOLF . . . Master
JNO. KIRKER & CHAS. M. BUCHANAN, Clerks

Passengers by the "Salt Valley" with through Tickets, will be transferred to the R. R. Packets and arrive at Cincinnati Thursday morning.

Freights and passenger rates as low as the lowest. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
GEO. H. GHRIEST,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood St.

HOSE, COUPLINGS, &c.

HYDRANTS HOSE,



HOSE PIPES

AND

Couplings,

Bailey, Farrell & Co.

167 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT

Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

D. W. C. Carroll & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tubular, Double-flued Tublar, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers,
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks,
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans,
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers,
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges,
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE

Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

PAINTING.

WESLEY COULTER,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

No. 236 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

CHOICE SHELLED CORN—ONE CAR Kansas, to arrive and for sale by R. DICKEY & CO., 77 Water street.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c

BROWN & BLACK,

PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And dealers in all kinds of Produce, Flour, Grain, Feed, &c.

No. 193 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Special attention given to consignments.

REFERENCES—R. Patrick & Co., Bankers, Pittsburgh; C. Yeager & Co., Dry Goods and Notions, Pittsburgh.

The Only Grain Warehouse in Pittsburgh with Steam Elevator and Track Connections.

LAING & M'KALLIP

Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Grain, Feed, Flour, Hay, Straw, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Anthracite Coal.

357 Liberty St., 134 Fifth Avenue, and cor. 31st St. and A. V. R. R.

W. H. MECHLING . . . . L. McBRIDE.

MECHLING & McBRIDE

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 207 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are constantly receiving the very

BEST FLOURS MADE

In the United States, and which we guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

Storekeepers, Bakers and Families

In want of something choice will find it in our stoc at all times. Our New Process Flour is superior to anything in market and at moderate price.

S. LINDSAY, Jr., & CO.,
No. 157 Liberty Street.
March 14, 1876.

PETER KEIL . . . . JAS. F. RITCHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET,

Patterson's Block, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD WALLACE,

WHOLESALE

GROCER & PRODUCE DEALER

No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in

HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

205 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.

FAMILY GROCERS,

And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Corner of First avenue.

AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,

185 LIBERTY STREET,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Apples, Apple Butter, Pickles, Jersey Seed Sweet Potatoes, Onion Sets, Brownell Beauty Seed Potatoes, Beans and Produce generally. Advances made on consignments and prompt returns guaranteed.

FOR SALE—SUNDRIES.
6 cars Wheat,
1 car Corn Meal,
1 car Ground Corn and Oats,
25 bbls choice White Beans,
2,000 of those heavy, large, India Bags, cheap,
1,000 Cotton Seamless 2 bushel sacks.
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty St., office up stairs.
March 17, 1876.

INSURANCE.

ÆTNA

INSURANCE CO.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Charter Perpetual. Capital, $3,000,000. Losses Paid in 55 years, $44,500,000.

JANUARY 1, 1876.

ASSETS.

(At Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 588,559 74
Cash in hands of agents and in transit	436,501 63
Real Estate	365,000 00
Mortgage bonds	1,418,060 00
Bank and Trust Company stocks	1,330,150 00
Railroad Stocks	579,686 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	81,500 00
Loans on collaterals	13,727 00
United States, State and city stock and other securities	1,969,465 61
Total	$6,792,649 98
LIABILITIES.	
Claims not due and unadjusted	$ 246,385 50

S. S. CARRIER, AGENT,

59 Fourth Avenue.

SOLID INDEMNITY

Fire, Life and Accident Ins. Agency.

COMPANIES REPRESENTED.

Germania Fire Insurance Company of New York	$1,700,000
Atlas Fire Insurance Company of Hartford	511,000
Glens Falls Fire Insurance Company of New York	750,000
Security Fire Insurance Company of Connecticut	850,000
Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia	6,000,000
Commercial Fire Insurance Co. of New York, total assets (over liabilities)	525,000

Cash Assets Over $8,000,000.

OFFICE, 61 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

JOHN D. BIGGERT, Manager.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH. Incorporated March 1849.
CAPITAL . . . $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Losses Promptly adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Charles J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, John Wilson,
Philip Reymer, John B. Jackson,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
DIRECTORS.
C. Yeager, James Graham,
L. Walter, Geo. W. Evans,
W. W. Patrick, Jas. P. Brewer,
C. C. Boyle, Louis J. Aaron,
J. C. Lappe, J. C. Fleiner,
Jacob Painter, J. S. Reymer.
Thomas Mellon,
C. YEAGER, President. L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer. THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JAS. S. McCORD, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
John Irwin, Jr., W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey, Geo. W. Cochran,
Harvey Childs, Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays, James S. McCord,
Capt. Wm. Dean, T. H. Nevin,
B. L. Fahnestock John F. Robinson.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co., OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1844
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

Franklin Fire Ins. Company

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Losses Paid since 1829, over $10,000,000
Cash Assets Jan. 1, 1876, $3,308,824 88
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
J. G. COFFIN & CO.,
THIRD AVENUE AND WOOD STREET.

BRIDGE WORK.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMP'Y

BUILDERS OF

Iron and Wooden Bridges,

Wrought Iron Turn Tables, Roofs, &c.

OFFICES—Cor. Forty-first and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh; No. 218 South 4th street, Philadelphia

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

Iron Bank Block,

corner Sixth avenue and Wood street,
PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL . . . $200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
James Mosgrove, Archibald Wallace.
James W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles B. Leech, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.

Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. fe19:h41

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL . . . $100,000

Incorporated by Legislature.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas Fawcett, D. W. C. Carroll,
James H. Hopkins, Julius Adair,
James Bown, J. H. Walter,
Madison Bailey, J. H. Denniston,
George Bingham, Abram Hayes,
Paul H. Hacke, James Wilson.
THOMAS FAWCETT, President,
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President,
M. HUNNINGS, Cashier.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

OF ALLEGHENY,

No. 171 Federal Street.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

Stockholders Individually Liable.
Six per cent. interest allowed on time Deposits.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
J. W. HALL, Vice President.
Simon Drum, D. Macferron,
Geo. D. Riddle, R. H. Knox,
R. W. Cartwright,
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

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Smith, Sutton & Co.,

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ESTABLISHED IN 1845,

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Manufacturers of

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Of every description; also

Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS STREET and FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plate, Elliptic and Platform Springs, Axles, Steel Tire, &c., &c.

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OFFICE, NO. 389 LIBERTY STREET

PITTSBURGH, PA.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have again opened a branch office for the practice of their profession at No. 2 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted, more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands suffer from the effects of early indiscretion and seek in vain for relief, for none but the educated physician who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength. To all such Drs. Jordan and Davieson offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, No. 2 Eighth street, on receipt of 25 cents, and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Every case is strictly confidential. d&S

☞ KEYSTONE DISPENSARY, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa., a special institution, having a Union-wide reputation for the reliable and successful treatment of Private and Urinary diseases, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, etc. Everybody should read TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE, 144 pages; illustrated; cloth and gilt binding; about wonders of reproductive system, marriage, proper age and condition, marriage impediments, causes and consequences. Price 50 cents. Address as above, or call DR. WHITTIER. d&S

☞ PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of 20 years standing in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases. For Circulars and Book, 10c., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays excepted.

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ALL OTHER VARIETIES,

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AND REFINED SHEET IRON.

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Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and

PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,

Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855, manufacturers of the well-known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.

Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Bar, Rod, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Extra Horse Shoe Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Iron Plow Beams, Flanged Landside Iron, Light T Rails, 12 to 28 lbs. per yard, Splice Bars, "U. S." Boiler Plate and Fire Box Iron, and Boiler Heads, all Flanging, Boiler and Tank Rivets, extra quality; Wayne and "U. S." BEST REFINED STEEL and Cast Steel. Also, Iron Centre Cast Steel for plows and cultivators, Tire Steel, Lay Steel, Grain Drill Steel, Flanged Landside Steel and Steel Plow Beams. All descriptions of Iron and Steel made to order for Agricultural Implements, Plow Moulds, Shares, Cultivator Shovels, Rolling Coulters, &c., cut to any desired pattern. Near Union Depot. Office and Works,

COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND TENTH ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Our "U. S." Brands warranted to be unexcelled.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

EVERSON, MACRUM & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of

SHEET AND BAR IRON,

Flat, Bar, Round, Square, Band, Hoop, Tank and Boiler Iron, Fine and Common Sheet Iron.

Office at Works, SECOND AVENUE, immediately above upper Monongahela bridge,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Manufacturers of COAL PIT CAR WHEELS, BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE and MACHINERY CASTINGS of every description. RAILROAD STREET, between 29th and 30th streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Manufacturers of BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE AND MACHINERY CASTINGS. CORNER OF LIBERTY ADN, TWENTY-THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH PA.

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Successors to W. J. ANDERSON,

Machinists and Iron Founders.

Grist and Saw Mill Work a Specialty.
Turbine Water Wheels.
Agents for Defeur & Co. Bolting Cloths, and John A. Wafner's Coil Springs for Mill Spindles.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

No. 39 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Industrial Machine Works.

Hugh M. Bole, Proprietor,

Manufacturer of Stationary Steam Engines used in Saw, Grist and Planing Mills; Engines for Coal Mines and Inclined Planes, either single or double. We also make a specialty of manufacturing Machinery for Crushing and Washing Coal, Coke Oven-Pushing Machine, Elevators, Screens, &c. All work warranted first-class.

Shop—Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Robinson, Rea & Co.,

FOUNDERS and

MACHINISTS,

12 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.

A. GARRISON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilled AND Sand Rolls

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,

ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

Haskins Patent Double Spiral Pinions,

AND

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse:

No. 33 Wood Street, Cor. Second Avenue.

STOVES, RANGES, GRATES.

New Improvements

FOR THE

FIERY FURNACE.

THE

AGITATING GRATE

(LARKIN'S PATENT,)

The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.

The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.

MANUFACTURED BY

GRAFF, HUGUS AND CO.

Who are also the Manufacturers of the

IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN

Boston Cooking Range,

PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.

206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, April 16th, 1876, Trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia 3:30 p. m., New York 6:45 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN daily, except Sunday, 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.

DAY EXPRESS daily, at 8:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:55 p. m., Philadelphia 7:20 p. m., New York 10:20 p. m., Baltimore 7:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily at 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p. m., Philadelphia 3:10 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:40 a. m., Philadelphia 7:00 a. m., New York 10:10 m.

FAST LINE daily at 7:51 p. m.; arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a. m., Philadelphia 7:35 a. m., New York 10:25 a. m., Baltimore 7:35 a. m., Washington 9:02 a. m.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION 3:41 p. m.

WALL'S ACCOMMODATION 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a. m., 2:41, 5:46, 6:11, 11:31 p. m., Sunday 12:56 p. m.

BRINTON ACCOMMODATION 6:06 a. m., 5:01 and 9:26 p. m. Sunday 9:26 p. m.

WILKINSBURG ACCOMMODATION 9:21 a. m., 1:41, 3:11, 5:21, 7:11 and 8:11 p. m.

TORRENS ACCOMMODATION 10:11 p. m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday . . . 1:01 a. m.
Fast Line daily, except Monday . . . 1:26 a. m.
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday 7:56 a. m.
Cincinnati Express daily . . . 8:11 a. m.
Pacific Express daily . . . 1:41 p. m.
Limited Mail daily . . . 5:41 p. m.
Way Passenger daily . . . 8:51 p. m.
Jonstown accommodation . . . 10:36 a. m.
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a. m., 1:21, 2:41, 5:51 and 7:56 p. m. Sunday 10:01 a. m.
Brinton Accommodation 7:41 and 8.16 a. m., 7:06 and 11:11 p. m. Sunday 7:06 p. m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation 11:46 a. m., 3:06, 4:41, 7:31, 9:21 and 10:01 p. m.
Torrens Accommodation 7:11 a. m.

SOUTH-WEST PENN. RAILWAY.

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8:31 a. m.
Connellsville Express daily, except Sunday 4:36 p. m.

Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a. m. and 6:46 p. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, (city time):

MAIL TRAIN, connecting for Butler . . . 6:46 a. m.
EXPRESS, connecting for Butler . . . 2:26 p. m.
FREEPORT ACCOM, 9:16 a. m. and 4:56 p. m.
SPRINGDALE ACC., 11:26 a. m., 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p. m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p. m.
MARKET TRAIN FOR BUTLER . . . 3:51 p. m.

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler . . . 9:56 a. m.
Mail Train, connecting from Butler . . . 5:26 p. m.
Freeport Accom . . . 8:11 a. m. and 1:36 p. m.
Springdale Accom., 6:58 a. m., 3:46, 7:16 and 11:11 p. m. On Sunday at 9:51 a. m. and 7:01 p. m.
Market Train from Butler . . . 9:11 a. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.

D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after April 16, 1876, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:57am	Atlantic Ex	2:22am
Erie & Asht. Ex	7:12am	Wheeling Ex	10:47am
Cl. & Wh'g Mail	8:32am	Chicago Ex	12:27pm
Chicago Ex	9:12am	Erie & Ash. Ex	3:42pm
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	1:52pm	Chicago Mail	3:42pm
Pacific Ex	2:12pm	Cleveland Ex	3:52pm
Wheeling Ex	4:17pm	Ch. & St. L. Ex	7:17pm
Erie & War Ex	4:37pm	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	7:27pm
Thro. Ml., limit	6:02pm	Erie Ex	11:27pm
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	8.47am	Leetsdale Ac	6:42am
Leetsdale Ac	10:27am	Leetsdale Ac	7:37am
Leetsdale Ac	12:07pm	Beaver Falls Ac	8:12am
Sharpsville Ac	1:12pm	Enon Accom	8:47am
Enon Accom	3:42pm	Sharps. & W'ar ac	10:12am
Leetsdale Ac	3:12pm	Leetsdale Ac	12:52pm
Beaver Falls Ac	6:22pm	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12pm
Leetsdale Ac	9:27pm	Leetsdale Ac	4:27pm
Leetsdale Ac	11:27pm	Leetsdale Ac	7:37pm
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42pm	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:52am

Fast Through Mail, leaves daily. Pacific Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily. Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted. All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MEYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. (Panhandle Route.)

On and after SUNDAY, June 25 1876, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.

Fast Line	2:07am
Pacific Express	8:42am
Dennison Accommodation	7:17am
Washington Accommodation	9:17am
McDonald's Accommodation	11:02am
Columbus Accommodation	3:12pm
Washington Accommodation	5:07pm
Limited Mail	6:02pm
McDonald's Accommodation	6:12pm
Mansfield Accommodation	11:02pm
Sunday Church Train	12:47pm
" " "	9:42pm

ARRIVE.

McDonald's Accommodation	6:47am
Cincinnati Express	8:02am
Washington Accommodation	8:22am
Dennison Accommodation	9:42am
McDonald's Accommodation	2:02pm
Washington Accommodation	3:57pm
Columbus Mail	5:32pm
Fast Line	7:27pm
Southern Express	2:12am
Mansfield Accommodation	7:12pm
Sunday Church Train	10:02am

Pacific Express and Limited Mail leave daily. Cincinnati Express Fast Line and Mansfield Accommodation arrive daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Sleeping Cars without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., Gen Supt.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

ON AND AFTER JULY 10th, 1876, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner of Grant and Water Sts., as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Connellsville Ac	6:15am	McKeesport Ac	6:45am
Through Mail	7:45am	Through Express	7:15am
McKeesport Ac	9:15am	McKeesport Ac.	7:40am
McKeesport Ac.	11:20am	W. Newton Ac.	8:30am
McKeesport Ac.	3:15pm	Uniontown Ex	9:40am
Uniontown Ex.	3:45pm	McKeesport Ac	12:40pm
McKeesport Ac.	4:15pm	McKeesport Ac.	2:00pm
W. Newton Ac.	5:10pm	Uniontown Ex.	5:35pm
McKeesport Ac.	6:20pm	McKeesport Ac.	6:05pm
Through Ex.	8:00pm	McKeesport Ac.	7:30pm
McKeesport Ac	11:15pm	Through Mail.	7:40pm
Church Train	12:45pm	Church Train	10:05am

Mail trains daily. Through Express departs daily, except Sunday. Through Express arrives daily, except Monday. Accommodation trains and Uniontown express daily, except Sunday. Church train Sunday only.

75 MILES THE SHORTEST TO WASHINGTON and the only line via the National Capital to the Eastern Cities.

Pullman Palace Coaches and magnificent Day Cars through to Washington and Baltimore without change.

Ticket Offices, Corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, and Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.

L. M. COLE, Genl Ticket Agent.
E. K. HYNDMAN, Superintendent.
R. EVANS, Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY, Aug. 14 1876, and until further notice, Trains will leave and arrive at the New Depot, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Monon. Mail	8:30am	Pittsburgh Ac.	8:10am
Monon. ac	11:15am	Pittsburgh Ex.	9:49am
Monongahela ex	3:57pm	Pittsburgh Ac.	2.4 pm
Monongahela ac	5:52pm	Pittsburgh Mail	5:47pm

Homestead accommodation leaves Ormsby at 5 52 a. m., returning, leaves Homestead at 6 20 a. m., running to Birmingham.

CHURCH TRAIN leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 8:00 a. m., stopping at all points for passengers, and reaching Pittsburgh at 10:08 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:40 p. m., arriving at Monongahela City at 2:50 p. m.

All trains from Pittsburgh run through to Monongahelo City.

Through connections to and from Brownsville and all intermediate points on the Monongahela river, daily, (except Sunday,) as follows: Leave Brownsville at 5:00 a. m. and 12 m., connecting to reach Pittsburgh at 9:49 a. m., and 2 40 and 5:47 p. m. Returning, trains leaving Pittsburgh at 8:30 and 11:15 a. m., and 3:57 and 5:52 p. m., connect with Packets, reaching Brownsville at 4:00, 9:15 and 11:00 p. m.

Leave orders for Baggage at General Office, 61 Fourth avenue.

WM. J. ROSE, Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.
JOHN M. BYERS, Ch. Eng. and Supt.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, JULY 2d, 1876, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh Time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Arnolds Park Accom	6:50am	Night Express	6:25am
Buffalo Ex	8:30am	Arnolds Park ac	6:40am
S. Works Ac	10:15am	S. Works Ac	8:10am
Freeport Ac	12:20pm	Arnolds Park ac	9:55am
Titusville Ex	2:05pm	Emil'ton & Reynoldsville Ac	11:15am
Emil'ton & Reynoldsville Ac	3:20pm	S. Works Ac	1:45pm
Arnolds Park ac	5:00pm	Titusville Ex	2:35pm
S. Works Ac	6:15pm	Freeport Ac	6:00pm
Night Ex	8:25	Buffalo Ex	7:30pm
Arnolds Park ac	11:10pm	Arnolds Park ac	9:55pm

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church Train leave Soda Works at 8:40 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:45 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2 15 p. m. Stopping at all stations.

Sunday Special—Leaves Pittsburgh at 7:40 a. m., arriving at Emlenton 11:45 a. m., returning leaves Emlenton 3:15 p. m., arriving at Pittsburgh 7:25 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. & E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, westward to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. & P. R. R.

Buffalo Express north and south, connect at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Sligo, Brookville and Reynoldsville.

Buffalo Express, north and south, make close connections at Brocton to and from Buffalo.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for baggage to be checked from hotels or residences to destination.

Ticket office, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. MORTON HALL,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.
DAVID McCARGO, Gen. Superintendent.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

S. C. GRIER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

COAL.

Railroad Yard, corner Grant avenue and Ft. W. R. R. Crossing, and River Yard, corner Rebecca and Ridge streets, Allegheny City, Pa. Prompt attention given to filling orders.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Miners, Shippers and Dealers in

FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH

COAL.

OFFICE and Yard, 567 LIBERTY STREET.

Particular attention given to filling orders of above Coal.

HOME NEWS.

Parties who do not receive the GAZETTE by 7 A. M., are requested to notify the office, and the tardiness will be corrected at once.

The probabilities for to-day are rising, followed by falling, barometer, cool, northerly winds, veering to warmer, easterly or southerly, clear or partly cloudy weather.

Obituary.

Mrs. Latta, the wife of the Lieutenant Governor, died at Uniontown last Sunday. She had been spending the summer at the Stone Tavern, Fayette Springs, Fayette county, where she had been accustomed to visit during the summer for several years past. Mrs. Latta was an intelligent and a most estimable woman. Consumption, that insidious destroyer, hastened her to an untimely death.

A Boarder's Idiosyncracies.

On Monday evening one of the boarders at Joseph Lofink's house, on Troy Hill, mysteriously disapeared and strange to say a lady's gold watch, pair of gold bracelets, and $30 in money belonging to Mrs. Lofink, disappeared about the same time. The police were notified of the affair and were on the watch for the boarder but they had not succeeded in capturing him up to late last evening.

A Bad Fall.

Last evening a little son of Wm. McFadden, coal dealer on Anderson street, Allegheny, fell through the trestle work in the coal yard, and struck upon his head. He was picked up in an insensible condition and removed to his home on Lacock street, and a physician called in. He sustained several severe wounds on the head, but his injuries were not of a serious nature.

Base Ball.

The Liddells scored another victory on Monday. They defeated the Keystone club of Lancaster, Pa., by a score of 9 to 5.

The Allegheny's start on a western tour to-morrow. They first visit Columbus, where they will play the Buckeyes on Thursday and Friday, and from there they will proceed to Wheeling, Springfield and Indianapolis.

Tho Press nines are making arrangements for their next contest, which will probably come off next Saturday.

INVESTIGATION.

Meeting of the Directors of the Allegheny B. B. Club

A meeting of the Directors of the Allegheny B. B. club was held Monday evening for the purpose of investigating the charges or allegations by the manager that certain of the players had sold the recent game with the Neshannocks. The result of the investigation has not been made known, further than that the suspended members have been reinstated. If the party making the charges cannot sustain them, he should be held responsible for the loss of the game, for it was that report that lost the game, if it was not sold.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

An Allegheny Boy Rescued from Drowning.

A little boy, about 12 years of age, had a very narrow escape from drowning in the Allegheny river yesterday afternoon. About 4 o'clock he and several other boys went in bathing, a short distance above the Allegheny end of the railroad bridge, and he ventured out beyond his depth. He called for help and a gentleman on River avenue heard his call, and pulled off his coat and boots and plunged into the river and dragged the boy out. When he was placed on the raft, it was thought that he was dead, but by this time several other men arrived and they worked with him for nearly half an hour, when he showed signs of life. He was then carried to his home on Madison avenue and a physician summoned. His escape from death was very narrow.

CITY MORTALITY.

Eighty-one Deaths in the City Last Week

Dr. Snively, physician to the Board of Health, reports 81 deaths is the city last week, from the following causes:

Measles, 1; scarlet fever, 3; enteric fever, 2; remittent fever, 1; simple cholera, 1; choleraic diarrhea, 11; smallpox, 2; pyaemea, 1; cancer of stomach, 1; cancer (not specified), 1; scrofula, 1, phthisis pulmonalis, 3; tabes mesenterica, 1; encephalitis, 2; meningitis, 2; parapligar, 1; infantile convulsions, 4; epilepsy, 1; pericarditis, 1; valve-disease of the heart, 1; heart (disease not specified), 1; cyanosis, 1; bronchitis, 1; bronchial catarrh, 1; teething, 7; gastritis, 2; enteritis, 2; dysentery, 2; diarrhea, 8; tumor of ovary, 1; parturition, 1; premature birth, 2; old age, 3; debility, 3; alcohol, (intemperance), 1; run over by wagon, 1; by drowning, 1. White, males 37; females, 42; colored, 2. Total 81. Married, males, 7; females, 7; single, males, 31; females, 32; widows, 2; widowers, 1; not stated, 1.

Under one year of age, 32; from 1 to 2 years, 15; from 2 to 5, 5; from 5 to 10, 2; from 15 to 20, 6; from 20 to 30, 3; from 30 to 40, 5; from 40 to 50, 2; from 50 to 60, 3; from 60 to 70, 2; from 70 to 80, 3; from 80 to 90, 2; from 90 to 100, 1.

The increase was 21 over those of the previous week.

MORE BONDS WANTED.

Brownsville Avenue Commissioners Make Another Demand Upon the Controller for Bonds.

The cry for the issue of more bonds for the completion of Brownsville avenue, a thoroughfare which has already cost the city thousands upon thousands of dollars, is again made. This time the commissioners made a requisition on Controller Snodgrass for $10,000 worth of bonds, and they say that it will probably take $40,000 worth in addition to the ten applied for to complete the work. The trouble that this thoroughfare has occasioned, since work has been commenced upon it—about three years ago—has been time and again mentioned in these columns. As soon as one portion is finished another part gives way. The total cost of the improvement up to the present date is $328,000, and the $50,000 yet required will increase the sum to $378,000. It is safe to predict that this amount will not even be sufficient. The property that abuts on this thoroughfare will not be worth the assessment; in fact, a great portion of it is now almost valueless. Many of the property-holders are only too anxious to surrender their estates for the assessment. During last winter almost every other week a slide would occur, and several houses, lots and all were precipitated over the hill. The city, in the end, will have to foot the biggest half of the bill, as some of the property now cannot be assessed at all. This thoroughfare has been a burden ever since work was begun upon it, and will be until the last stone has been laid, if it ever will be. It is high time the city, with the large debt over-hanging it, should adopt some plan whereby this continual demand for the issue of bonds could be stopped.

ONE, TWO, THREE, BOUNCE.

How a Self-Constituted "Gazette" Correspondent was Treated at Camp Wayne—A Good Way to Handle a D. H.

The newspaper business is probably more imposed upon than any other avocation wherein man is engaged. An incident which fully corroborates this statement occurred at the Centennial encampment of the N. G. P. last week. The affair is jocularly reported by some of the tan-colored boys who have just returned, although the GAZETTE office, which figures most prominently in the little circumstance, has had intimation of it several days since, but considered it of such insignificance as it really is. At all events it was fun for the boys, and to hear them tell it is just where the fun comes in. Newspaper men stamp imposters D. H.—dead head. They impose in various ways, and are the most cheeky mortals in existence. It was a D. H. at whose expense all this merriment was occasioned. 'Tis said he represented himself as a correspondent of the GAZETTE, and thereby managed to become acquainted with some of the boys, and succeeded finely for a while in "sponging" off them. This unmitigated wretch, whoever he may be, is entirely unknown to this office. Things passed off smoothly until one evening it was whispered about camp that this identical nuisance had been reporting unpleasant items about the Sixth Division. This state of things of course would not be tolerated by them, and after a brief consultation, the following morning, a committee of about a dozen seized the D. H., who was stretched out comfortably in one of the tents, ere he had awakened from the dead slumber that kept him unconscious of all the surroundings. His cranium was felt, and was found big, but it was made still larger a few minutes later, when the committee got through with him. Procuring a large piece of canvas, all hands took a hold and he was gently tossed on to it. Then, one, two, three bounce, and the would-be correspondent, duster and all was scattered between heaven and earth. This operation was repeated for some time, and between each bounce he was told to "put it in the GAZETTE" but he didn't. This took all the starch out of that fellow and brought him to a realizing sense, for he was not half so cheeky as before. It is needless to say that he didn't tent in camp that night.

Notice.—For some time past many of our customers have been disappointed in not getting what French bread they wanted at our retail department, No. 18 Fifth avenue. We have increased our facilities and will endeavor hereafter to have a full supply for all.

S. S. MARVIN & Co.

Wanted.—A loan of ten thousand dollars for three years, on improved property in Allegheny county. First mortgage will be given. Address, with rate of interest,

JOHN NOLIVEN,
GAZETTE OFFICE.

Bargains.

Ladies' Silk Sacques, Linen Dusters and Shawls at a great bargain at H. J. Lynch's, No. 96 Market street.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····Post master Myler, of Allegheny, had two letter boxes placed in the Exposition building yesterday.

····A repairman at the outer depot in Allegheny, named James Crooks, had one of his fingers crushed yesterday afternoon.

····Superintendent Richmond, of Allegheny, reports the Allegheny river to be seven inches lower now than it has been for many years.

····The Exposition building was partially illuminated last evening until a late hour for the benefit of workmen who are erecting stands, etc.

····Representative Zern has been given the power of appointing a deserving young man to a beneficiary scholarship in the Louisville Medical College.

····The Allegheny park commission met last evening and approved one bill, the only business to be disposed of, and then adjourned until September 1st.

····The entry list for mules and asses at the Centennial Exposition will be kept open until September the 15th. The reporters of the *Leader* have already been entered.

····The inlet pipe from the river to the new Water Works, in Allegheny, is being cleaned out, and as a consequence the Lowry engine has not been working for some days.

····Mr. Fred. Earnest's residence on Liberty avenue, near Twenty eighth street, was robbed on Monday night of a silver watch and one white shirt. Thomas Marsden is charged with the theft.

····Geo. Kale, a coal miner, aged about twenty-three years, employed at Allison's coal bank, Chartiers township, Washington county, was killed on Monday by the falling of a quantity of slate while at work in the bank.

····John Fleming was arrested in Allegheny yesterday for jumping off a train which was in motion, but was discharged by Mayor Phillips. An hour afterwards he was again lodged in the lock-up for creating a disturbance.

····Monday night a tramp, who Rev. John Glogger had employed to work for him at his residence near Sheridan Station, on the Pan Handle road, disappeared with goods belonging to Mr. G. amounting in value to over $100.

····The dwelling occupied by Fred. Ernest, Twenty-eighth street, South Side, was broken into on Tuesday night, and a silver watch stolen from a trunk. Thos. Mardand was arrested on suspicion of having stolen the watch.

····An Indianapolis lady named Mrs. William Hooper, yesterday morning fell from the gang-plank of one of the Brownsville packets, at Elizabeth, and broke her leg. She was brought to this city where she was properly cared for.

····C. Heyl, a laborer, while engaged in cutting a bar of iron at Graff, Bennett & Co.'s mill, yesterday morning, received a painful, but not dangerous, gash in the throat by a piece of the iron, which flew up from the cutter and struck him.

····Morgan Hood, a resident of Moon township, was drowned in the Ohio river near Ellanova Springs while bathing Monday evening. An inquest was held by Justice Beggs, of Moon township, and a verdict of accidental drowning returned.

····An attempt was made Monday evening to burglarize the cellar of Mr. Alt, residing at the corner of Twenty-sixth and Sarah streets, but the burglars were frightened away, taking with them the lock which they had forced from the cellar door.

····A row occurred in Charley Stevens' saloon last evening, during which one individual drew a revolver upon a man who had struck him and cut his forehead. The police interfered in time to prevent a tragedy, and conveyed the revolver wielder to the Central Station.

····An individual mournfully entered the Allegheny poor office on Monday and asked for aid to send his wife to her relatives at Lancaster, stating that she was a perfect demon, and that it was impossible for him to live with her. The assistance was not furnished him as the poor authorities had not the power.

····Rev. Mr. Hershberger, pastor of the Eighteenth street (South Side) German Evangelical Lutheran Church, tendered his resignation, which was accepted on Monday. The cause of this step was, it appears, a difference of opinion between the pastor and his flock in regard to certain matters connected with the congregation.

····A house of ill-fame on Redoubt alley was on Monday night, visited by the mother of the proprietress of the establishment, who prayed incessantly for the redemption of her daughter. Every effort was made to stop the old lady who had succeeded in gathering a large crowd, but she would not desist until taken into custody by an officer.

····The printers of Pittsburgh mourn the death of Prince, a canine that has made his home in the offices of the city dailies for a number of years past. The dog possessed almost human intelligence. He was a regular tramp, and was known in almost all the newspaper offices of the country. He was poisoned.

····Some of the striking miners in the Youghiogheny and Monongahela regions are quietly accepting the reduction from 3 cents to 2½, and several of the works are beginning to assume an industrious appearance. The works of the Cleveland Coal Company, Lynn, Wood & Co., and several others are now operating at the reduced price.

····Yesterday was observed by the Catholic Chuch as the Feast of the Assumption. Services were held in all the churches. At the Cathedral the ceremony was unusually impressive, and Mass was celebrated for the children in the basement of the chapel at nine o'clock. In the evening vespers were chanted as on Sabbath evening.

····We learn that the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company has given notice to the engineers and firemen that a reduction of fifty cents per day in the wages of those employed in the above positions, will take place immediately and be continued until further notice. This is a big reduction, but we understand the men have nearly all yielded, and there is no probability of a strike.—*Wheeling Register.*

····A meeting of the Printing Committee was called for last night, but, as usual, no quorum was had. In fact the only member present was Capt. Fox. Another attempt will be made to get the committee together Friday afternoon; if it is not successful, a request will be made for the resignation of the members who impose upon the public by accepting an election to Councils without any intention to attend them.

PERSONAL.

***Health Officer Gray has resumed the duties of his office.

***Mr. Wm. Wilson, son of Mr. Fred. Wilson, has returned from Europe.

***The "Immortal J. N." is now an inmate of an insane asylum at Toledo.

***Mr. R. P. Nevin, of the *Leader*, left for Washington and Philadelphia yesterday.

***J. M. Hall, General Passenger Agent of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, accompanied by his family, returned from Chautauqua Lake yesterday.

***Miss M. A. Cutcheon, formerly a teacher in the High School, has been elected a teacher in the grammar school of the Mt. Albion district, vice Mrs. Bair.

CAMP CLIPPINGS.

Brevities from the "Sunday Press" About the Sixth Divison.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Press* among other paragraphs contains the following:

THE Nineteenth Infantry held its own on Thursday.

THE Heath Zouaves and Latta Guards marched and looked well.

THE Hutchinson Battery it is said will disband when they go home.

IT is estimated that 1000 cases of champy were drank last week by the big guns.

AND why was Colonel Guthrie of the Duquesne Grays put under arrest last week at camp?

THE Duquesne Grays appeared on evening parades in single rank and with a total of about 150 men.

KNAPP'S Battery made a fine display; in fact, Griffin, Hutchinson and Knapp laid our Keystone out in the cold.

THE Jefferson Cavalry were handsomely entertained by the members of I, of the Second, at Cafe Stein, on Monday.

FRED. MILLER, a prospective "active" of F, of the Second, regally entertained the Duquesne Grays at Belmont on Sunday last.

WHAT feasting and dissipation the elegant and limitless staff have been enjoying at Camp Anthony Wayne! It is paralyzing to think of.

Dick Baker, 1st Sergeant of the Duquesne Grays, say "it's a lie that there is no hospitality in Philadelphia." "Heave ahoy," says the jolly Richard!

CAPTAIN BRECK, of the Hutchinson Battery, says he's the "boss" of the Pittsburgh battery. He wants his subalterns to know that he runs the machine.

LIEUTENANT BOYER, Gus. Saurman, Walt, Berry and other "actives" of the Second took care of the boys of C of the Duquesne Grays last week.

THE Duquesne Grays on Thursday were A No. 1 in every respect. Fine looking, soldierly fellows, tip-top marching, and an elegant band and drum corps!

THERE was a gala time at camp on Wednesday evening, or rather night. A contemporary remarks that many of the big guns were to be seen deploying and skirmishing under the table.

GENERAL PEARSON'S insidious "old rye" has a bad effect upon some of the reportorial corps. One of the fraternity after partaking of the delectable nectar, reposed in a station house all night.

"CAPTAIN BRECK of Hutchinson's battery did not make many friends while in camp. His arbitrary conduct and abrupt manners made him exceedingly unpopular," so states an officer of his division.

CAPTAIN KLEINZ has been the recipient of a serenade from the band of the Duquesne Grays. The leader Prof. S. Arbugast, was the leader of the Fifth Pennsylvania Cavalry band, the regiment that Captain Kleinz commanded during the war.

Oysters.

Ask your grocer for the
STAR BRAND.

FAREWELL CAMP ANTHONY.

Arrival of the Last of the Troops—Staff, Greys and Hutchinson's Battery.

The last of the Pittsburgh troops arrived home from the Centennial encampment yesterday. The Greys and the Monongahela Light Guards arrived at 10 A. M., and the division staff and Hutchinson's battery came in on the Pacific express at 1:40 P. M. They paraded down Fifth avenue headed by Brigadier General Brown, to their armorys and were dismissed. The Monongahela Light Guards took the first train home.

The following complimentary order was issued by Major General Pearson, which gives a satisfactory explanation of the reported troubles existing among some of the officers and men of the Sixth Division:

HEADQ'RS SIXTH DIVISION, N. G. P.,
CAMP ANTHONY WAYNE,
PHILADELPHIA, August 13, 1876.

General Orders No. 16—[Extract.]

III. The Major General desires to compliment and congratulate the officers and men of his command for the very satisfactory and soldierly manner in which every military duty has been performed. It is seldom that a Division so large would be encamped for a period of twelve days without some trouble or bad feeling; but on this occasion, whilst certain papers of our own city have published statements of quarrels and dissatisfaction among the troops that had no existence except in the imagination of the malicious slanderers who took so much trouble to break down the reputation which our citizen soldiery were laboring so zealously to earn as citizens of Pittsburgh—this encampment closes without any but the most agreeable relations between this headquarters and the several commands. And the friendly feelings established between the regiments and companies, as well as the different headquarters, on this tour of duty, give evidence of enduring benefit to the whole command. That you carried off the honors of the grand parade and review of Thursday there can be no doubt, and he takes especial pride in saying that his Excellency, the Governor, and Major General Latta have authorized him so to state. And the Major General has no hesitancy in saying that this compliment was earned by the zeal and efficiency of Brigadier General Browne, commanding Fourth Brigade, Col. S. W. Hill, Fourteenth Regiment, Col. N. P. Guthrie, Eighteenth Regiment, Major W. W. Tyson, commanding Nineteenth Regiment, and the commanders of Hutchinson and Knap's Batteries, and the respective officers of the commands named, and he earnestly and heartily thanks the officers named, as well as *all* the officers and men, together with the officers of his staff, for the attention to their respective duties which won the compliments he recites with so much pride.

By command of Major General Pearson.
JAMES B. MOORE,
Lt. Col. and A. A. G.

NOT DEAD, BUT SLEEPETH.

A Liberty Street Toper's Ghastly Experience.

Those hapless mortals who have indulged in a night of reckless dissipation, and awakened in bed next morning with an exceedingly faint recollection of how they got there, will know how depressing is the influence of returning consciousness; what a great humbug life seems, and how strong is the temptation to take one's revolver, and by its aid seek oblivion from memories and thoughts that are far from elevating and invigorating. It is only such persons who can fully appreciate the feelings of the man on Liberty street yesterday morning, whose experiences were startling, to say the least. He is a person not altogether minus that prominence which the possession of worldly goods gives one, and therefore when he wandered into a Liberty street livery stable, near the Union Depot, in a condition of inebriety, he was not kicked out, but allowed to rest his weary bones, and wildly whirling brain, upon the fragrant floor of the establishment. Shortly after he had drifted into the realms of Morpheus a number of carriages of the establishment which had been attending a funeral returned. In the hearse was an ice box in which the veritable corpse had reposed. Suddenly the idea struck the stable employees of having some sport at the expense of the devotee of Bacchus, and after removing the coffin shaped ice box from the hearse, they gently lifted the slumbering toper from his ill chosen bed, and stretched him out in the box. Utterly oblivious of life's troubles he slept on until the effects of his excessive imbibations had vanished, and he awoke—to find himself the inmate of a coffin. Naturally the last vestige of his lethargic slumbers vanished, and springing from the repulsive and suggestive receptacle of his body, he profanely desired to know who had placed him there, affirming that he wasn't half so dead as the man would be, could he but find him, who had taken such a liberty with his august personage. The stable boys, however, were too acute to reveal their connection with the affair, and the devotee of Bacchus was compelled to depart with no other satisfaction than that he derived from heaping anathemas upon the heads of his unknown persecutors.

PLAGIARISM.

The "Truth is Mighty, &c"

The enterprising reporters of the GAZETTE clip their local news from the Youngstown (Ohio) *Register & Tribune*, and in the case of a mining accident, last Thursday, near Youngstown, falsely locate the scene in Lawrence county, Pa.—*Leader.*

If the *Leader* had included the reporters of the *Dispatch* with the GAZETTE pirates it would have struck the nail squarely on the head. It is nothing for these journals to appropriate long news items from these columns without giving the least credit. They have done this so often and so long that we have come to believe with them, that by some rule they have acquired the right to do so.—*Youngstown Register.*

The above, taken from the *Leader* of Thursday last, is all correct, with the exception that the accusation of plagiarism the *Leader* takes the credit of making against the GAZETTE was made by the GAZETTE against the *Dispatch*, and the *Leader* plagiarizes from the GAZETTE, and then goes on to substitute the name of that paper instead of the *Dispatch*, and finally puts on the very cap sheaf of sublime check by garbling our article and putting words into our mouth which were never uttered, substituting the name of the GAZETTE, when the *Leader* well knows that its own reporters were charged by us with the plagiarism. Thieving with such coolness is as refreshing as an iceberg.—*Youngstown Register.*

THE EXPOSITION.

The Opening Postponed—The Building Not Ready.

At a meeting of the Board of managers of the Tradesmen's Industrial Institute held yesterday it was decided to postpone the opening of the Exposition until Saturday the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock. The reasons for the postponement are various, and we think sufficient to justify the managers in this action. In the first place, the new building, known as Floral Hall is not ready for the opening. The work was pushed on it as fast as possible, but the decorations could not be completed in time to open the building to the public to-day. Secondly, the paintings procured in the East for exhibition in the Art Gallery did not arrive in time, although shipped several days since, to be properly arranged and catalogued, and many of the exhibitors, from disappointments of various kinds, found it impossible to be ready for exhibition to-day, and the managers not desiring to open the building to the public and take the money of visitors without giving them some equivalent, decided to postpone until Saturday, when, it is thought, everything will be in readiness for a grand show.

Something Worth Knowing.

A few days ago, happening to meet a young man of our acquaintance who looked as if he had just been lifted out of a bandbox, we were prompted, from the general neatness of his outfit, to ask where he had purchased his new suit. He said at Eisner & Phillips', corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue. We suggested that of course the suit had been ordered to measure. He said not at all; that he had selected it from among the large stock of ready-made suits that filled their counters. And yet how neat and genteel.

Clearance Sale.

Entire stock of Spring and Summer goods, fashionable makes and reliable goods, many kinds at less than cost. This opportunity is a rare one. Call soon and satisfy yourself beyond doubt of the correctness of the assertion that we can sell boots and shoes lower than ever before.

W. G. HOOVER,
No. 38 Fifth avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

At the sign of the world.

Advice.

If you would be respected, successful in business, and personally comfortable, you should have your suits made by B. Tiegel, No. 53 Smithfield street, whose stock of fashionable suitings are of the most excellent and durable material, and whose reputation for the manufacture of neatly fitting garments is beyond question. He is one of the men for whom Diogenes searched, and, therefore, you need not fear that he will charge you two prices. Cheap.

Watch.

A very large and choice selection of the finest American and imported watches, of elegant design for ladies and gents, guaranteed reliable, and selling at very low prices, on the popular plan of from $1 to $5 per week at the jewelry house of Jno. Mitsch, No. 92 Ohio street, Allegheny.

Her Pretty Teeth were pearly white
With SOZODONT,
Her breath was sweet as summer's night,
With SOZODONT
And e'en her rosy gums were bright
With SOZODONT.

Dress Goods.

Plaid Mohairs and Debeges very cheap. Summer Silks, Pongees and Hernani at greatly reduced prices, at H. J. Lynch's, No. 96 Market street.

Fine Note Papers and Envelopes.

Stationery my specialty.
GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,
No 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

DINING A REGIMENT.

Pleasant Episode of Camp Life — A Wealthy Pittsburgh Merchant Invites the Fourteenth Regiment to Dinner.

Probably the most pleasant episode connected with the present encampment of the National Guard transpired on Saturday evening last at the dress parade of the 14th Regiment (Sixth Division), Colonel Hill commanding. The regiment paraded with nearly its full strength, and went through the various evolutions in a style which elicited well-deserved applause from the thousands of spectators present. A few minutes prior to the parade being dismissed; George Wilson, Esq., a prominent citizen of Pittsburgh, and at present president of the fire commission of that city, and who was formerly Quartermaster of the regiment, approached Colonel Hill, and through him extended an invitation to the entire regiment to dinner at the Great Western Hotel, Market street, yesterday. Colonel Hill, after a polite acknowledgement of the compliment, communicated the invitation to the captains of the several companies, and they having accepted on behalf of their commands, Mr. Wilson was heartily thanked by Col. Hill in behalf of the regiment. On the invitation being repeated by the company commanders to the friends, Mr. Wilson, as he rode through the camp, received quite an ovation, the men, by most of whom he is well known, giving hearty cheers at his approach. The company assembled at the hotel at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when what proved to be a regular banquet was heartily partaken of. Speeches were made expressive of the appreciation of the guests of the kindly hospitality of Mr. Wilson, who in reply referred to his admiration of the soldierly qualities of the men and his deep interest in the welfare of the regiment, with which he had been connected. At the conclusion of the festivities the men returned to camp well pleased with their generous reception and the exceptional compliment paid their regiment by one of the most popular merchants of the Iron City.—*Philadelphia Press.*

AN EXASPERATED HUSBAND.

He Threatens to Commit Suicide and Murder Unless His Wife is Released from the Poor House.

Several months ago the wife of a German who resides on Perry street, Third ward, Allegheny, was sent to the insane department of the Allegheny City poor house. Yesterday the husband of the woman called upon one of the Poor Directors residing in the second ward, to find out when his wife would be released. He stated that he has three children, who are being taken care of in a Catholic institution on the hill, where they were placed after the departure of their mother. The German has been indignant for some time at his wife's incarceration in the Poor House, and when he called at the store of the Poor Director he was in no good frame of mind. Efforts to quiet him proved fruitless, as he would not listen to reason, demanding his wife "right avay quick," saying that she was no more crazy "in the head" than he was. Not getting any satisfaction from the call, he stalked out of the store, but before making his exit, stopped at the door to utter a parting remark in an indignant manner to the effect that "by tam if my vife don't be let out I shoot my childers and then myself right in there [pointing to his head]. You vant to foolish me too much, you does." Notwithstanding the dire threat there is no probability of his wife being released for a while, at least.

POLITICAL.

Various Doings in City and County.

A Hayes and Wheeler Club was organized in the Fourteenth ward last night. The Seventeenth ward will muster up a club on Saturday night.

The colored Republicans of Allegheny have resolved to hold a mass meeting on Park Way, on Monday evening next, and arrangements are now being made to procure speakers to address the assemblage.

The new Democratic County Committee will meet at the Central Hotel this morning, at ten o'clock, to organize and elect officers.

The Democrats of the Second district will meet this evening in Wilkin's Hall, on Fourth avenue, to organize a Tilden and Hendricks club.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

GOTFRIED ZANG, the man charged with locking up his child in a pig pen, has been arrested, and will have a hearing at 4 P. M. on Thursday.

A COLORED man named John Turner was committed to jail by Alderman McCall, of Tarentum, yesterday morning, for having made an infamous assault upon the little daughter of Mr. Wash. Banister.

WM. HERRING was assessed $10 and costs by Mayor McCarthy last evening for kicking up a row with Wm. Kelly at the foot of Wood street. Kelly paid $5 and costs for knocking down a man in Herring's saloon.

Court Brevities

THE County Commissioners have about completed their "flitting," and are now settled in their new quarters.

JUDGE STOWE will hear five *habeas corpus* and *certiorari* cases this morning, all committed to the Workhouse by the Mayor on charges of vagrancy.

SAMUEL WELLMAN, of Erie county, filed a petition in the Clerk's office of the U. S. District Court yesterday for the adjudication of himself in bankruptcy.

MICHAEL VEIOCK, shoe dealer, of Allegheny city, filed a petition yesterday in the Clerk's office of the U. S. District Court for the adjudication of himself in bankruptcy, which was referred to Register Shafer for examination and report.

Closing Out.

Silk Sun Umbrellas, Lace Curtains, Marseilles Quilts and Hamburg Edgings and Flouncings closing out at the lowest cash prices at H. J. Lynch's, No. 96 Market street.

ADDITIONAL TELEGRAMS.

THE BRAKEMEN'S STRIKE.

Proclamation by Governor Hendricks—Troops Held in Readiness to Quell Disorder—Engineers and Firemen Threatening to Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 15.—The Governor to-day issued a proclamation ordering the striking brakemen on the Ohio and Mississippi Railway to desist in their disorderly proceedings, and advising them to apply to the courts for the redress of wrongs.

Three companies of soldiers are under arms in the State buildings here to-night, waiting Gov. Hendricks' orders to move to Seymour and Vincennes, as he may decide.

CINCINNATI, August 15.—The strike on the Ohio & Mississippi road still continues. Late this afternoon a freight train on the Louisville branch was stopped, and placed on a side track at Deputy, Ind. The pay car reached Vincennes this afternoon, and those who so desired were paid in full and discharged. Quite a number accepted the other alternative of the company, receiving checks for their June wages, payable August 31st.

The firemen held a meeting at Vincennes this afternoon, and considerable dissatisfaction was expressed by them. The engineers are also exhibiting syptoms of discontent, and a general strike of all employes is imminent. Military are expected at Vincennes during the night, and after their arrival efforts will be made to get freight trains in motion. After paying at Vincennes, the pay car will return to Seymour and other points where the dissatisfied men are, and the same course will be pursued as at Vincennes.

The railroad officials feel confident that the appearance of militia at Vincennes tomorrow will end the difficulties. Superintendent Grimperling has advised agents that freight trains will be run as usual tomorrow.

A meeting of workingmen was held in this city to-night. Resolutions were adopted expressing sympathy with the strikers, and denouncing the railroad company for withholding the wages of the men, and calling on Congress to declare the charter of the company forfeited to the Government.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—Mr. Waldron, Superintendent of the O. & M. Railroad, arrived here to-day from Vincennes, and is directing matters relative to the strike from his headquarters. He will organize a force of two hundred veterans who served in the war, selecting those of well-tried bravery, who will be distributed along the line of the road to protect property and guard those desiring to work from the violence of the strikers. They will be under the charge of detectives Lonergan and Thiel, of this city. Forty of them left tonight, and more will start to-morrow for various points on the road.

A COLORADO OUTRAGE.

A Train Stopped and Boarded by Masked Men, and a Judge Taken Prisoner and Marched Towards the Mountains.

BOULDER CITY, COL., August 15.—This morning as the Colorado Central train reached a point about six miles north of Ralston, an obstruction was discovered on the track in the shape of cross ties, which brought the train to a stop. It was boarded by twenty-four masked and armed men, who demanded, at the point of the pistol, that the passengers go forward to the baggage car, all except Judge Stone, who was forcibly taken off towards the mountains. It is supposed it was done to retard the qualification of Receiver Moffatt, Jr., which was to have taken place here to-day.

Marine News.

LONDON, August 15.—The steamships California and Periere, from New York, and China, from Boston, have arrived out.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Arived—The steamship Scythia, from Liverpool.

GRANT INVERVIEWED.

Our Silent President Explains His Relations with Bristow and Wilson.

His Simple Rule of Right—Honest Desire that no Guilty Man Should Escape—Confidence in Babcock and Porter.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—President Grant, in the course of an interview last evening at the White House, which had been solicited by a correspondent, with a view to getting his reply, if any he wished to make, to the attacks upon him recently, and those particularly in the evidence adduced before the Commitee on the Whisky Frauds, discussed quite freely the whole subject of these vexatious charges and insinuations. He treated them in so calm and fair a spirit as to evidence that strong sense of justice which his friends so urgently claim for him. All the while that he was explaining his views of the persons assailing or assailed, or while he was referring to those who had the Congressional investigation in charge, he spoke in a pleasant, cheerful manner, smoking leisurely as he went on. The names of ex-Secretary Bristow and ex-Solicitor Wilson came up, of course, most prominently. "Having had the fact of a well considered conspiracy laid before him, with every evidence of its being well founded," he remarked that "notwithstanding he never gave the subject any more than passing attention, and the thing did not cause him the slightest apprehension, because he knew that neither during the course of his military life, nor in his civil experience as President of the United States, had he ever written anything which could come up to cause him the slightest concern or shame. Of course with the light of events since come to pass, and the experience of earlier times, there were many things he could see now which he might do, if again necessary, in a different way; but they pertained more to a matter of discretion as to individuals than to questions of policy. In everything he did he had always adopted the rule through life to examine into what was submitted to him carefully and without anything but the principle of doing right, as far as he could judge, to guide him. He has always written, spoken and acted in that direction and in a manner which he thought came up to that standard. The question of his integrity or probity, as it might be judged now or in after years, never gave him an emotion of concern, at least in the way of doubt, because he knew that he had ever been impelled by proper motives, and he did not believe that there was the slightest thing to the contrary on record.

Many Misrepresentations.

There were many misrepresentations, he went on to say, made in connection with the official communications between himself and ex-Secretary Bristow and ex-Solicitor Wilson. As an illustration of this he never asked for the resignation of the former, but three several times when he voluntarily proposed to do so, he (President Grant) prevailed upon him to stay in office. Once Mr. Bristow insisted upon the acceptance of his resignation, because, he said, he could not undergo the ordeal of superintending another discharge or cutting down of the Treasury employes. Again, and for the third time, Mr. Bristow tendered it and fixed the date of its occurrence as he would like it to be upon June 20, because he said that was his forty-fourth birthday, and he would be glad to close his official life upon that day. On the second occasion the President prevailed upon Mr. Bristow to remain, because the new order of things in the Treasury Department was about to take place, with the substitution of silver for the fractional currency, and he thought it would need the supervision of Mr. Bristow.

The Congressional Investigations.

So far as anything had been elicited in the Congressional examination bearing upon himself or the attaches heretofore of the White House, the President went on again, after a pause, and with great tranquility, a show of great satisfaction and a quiet smile; he was willing to leave the whole matter to the judgment of the country from the testimony given by ex-Solicitor Wilson before the Congressional Investigating Committee. In relation to that part of Bluford Wilson's testimony which charged Generals Babcock and Porter with being concerned in Black Friday speculations the President said he once put a lot of papers rolled up, for a moment, in a private drawer of his desk, and subsequently took them out, handing them to his son, who was acting as his private secretary, for examination. The papers he found, when reported upon by Mr. U. S. Grant, Jr., did not show any connection whatever of General Babcock with the Black Friday affair at the time stated, because they could not, as he was then in San Domingo, and, as for General Porter's connection with the Black Friday scandal, he could not find that he had ever bought a dollar's worth of gold in his life, but he had purchased one or two small pieces of property on Washington Heights, New York city, through or in connection with General Butterfield, which, from all he could learn, was a perfectly honorable and straightforward transaction. When these many and frequent reports were made about those bearing a near and intimate official relation to him, it was natural he should accept them with great caution and suspicion, but he always signified in the most distinct and emphatic manner, as he did in the letter indorsement of

"Let No Guilty Man Escape,"

which Mr. Bluford Wilson was endeavoring to abstract, with other papers from the Treasury Department, that he did not desire that any persons, no matter how high the officials might be, even if they were his own intimates, should enjoy immunity from responsibility or escape punishment for wrong-doing, if proved upon them. At first, when the hints were made to him, he was led to believe that they meant Casey and others. He was told by those attacking Generals Babcock and Porter that facts would be given by General George H. Sharpe, Surveyor of the port of New York, and those papers examined by young Mr. Grant were left by him, but at no time did the President stand in the way or intimate anything but his strongest desire to have a full, earnest and honest examination and prosecution of any wrong-doing among his friends.

As for Mr. Bristow, the President added, notwithstanding the doubts and expostulations of my friends, I always regarded him with the fullest confidence, good will and respect; but my friends laughed at me when I gave it finally as my opinion, from facts and information brought to my knowledge by persons whom I thought reliable, that there was a conspiracy on foot, in which he took part, pertaining to the Presidential candidacy; and I regret the conclusion forced upon me now, that there was more than seeming truth in the supposition.

The President ended the conversation, which he conducted on his part in an unreserved and easy manner, by remarking, "That is about as fair and correct a statement as can be made of this subject." Finishing the interview with this emphatic indorsement of himself, the President arose and in a most courteous manner excused himself and bade the correspondent good night, leaving the green room with his private secretary, Mr. U. S. Grant, Jr., to join Generals Sherman and Van Vliet on the portico of the White House for a quiet chat and smoke.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The Turf.

SARATOGA, August 15.—The weather is hot and oppressive, but the attendance is good. The first race, ¾ mile, for all ages, was won by Madge, Freebooter second, Inspiration third. Time 1:16¼.

The second race, free handicap for all ages, 1¾ mile, was won by Burgoo, Galway second. Vigil two lengths in the rear. Time 3:07¾.

The third race was for a purse of $500 for all ages, 1½ miles, and was won by Rhadamanthus, May D. second, Madge third. Time 1:59¾.

The hurdle race, two miles, free handicap for all ages, was won by Resolute, Kelso second, Stanford third. Time 3:54.

UTICA, August 15.—There was a very large attendance at the opening of the Utica Park Association. The weather was warm and pleasant. Mambreno Kate, Irene, Carrie N, Capt. Smith, Enfield and Rose started in the 2:36 race. Kate was the favorite at two to one against the field. Irene won in three straight heats, Mambreno Kate second, Captain third, Carrie N fourth, Enfield fifth in all the heats, Rose sixth in the first and distanced in the second heat. Time: 2:27¼, 2:24, 2:25¼.

Little Fred was the favorite in the 2:24 class on Monday night, but to-day sold at $50 to $70 for Amy B, and $30 for the field. Fred Maybird, Amy B, Breeze, Blue Mare, Annie Collins, Little Gipsey, Belle Brassfield and Frank Reeves started. A majority of the sporting men feared that they would be slaughtered by Fred, as they were last year. After the third heat Higley was taken out of Fred's sulky, and Jack Phillips took his place. Fred took the first and fourth heats, and was distanced in the sixth, Amy B the second heat, Breeze the third, aand Maybird the fifth and sixth. At 7:45, it being dark, the race was postponed until to-morrow. Time 2:22¼, 2:25¾, 2:24, 2:26, 2:27¼.

At the three-quarter pole in the sixth heat Fred quit and bled from the nostrils and mouth. He sogged slowly to the end of the third quarter, and then choked. A veterinary surgeon said he had congestion for four hours, but it is openly charged that two pails of water were put into him after the fifth heat. There is great indignation over this performance.

Base Ball.

LOUISVILLE, August 15.—Louisville, 17; Cincinnati 5.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—St. Louis, 6; Chicagos, 3.

Suicide of a Drunken Man.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, August 15.—A man named R. Dorrey, a tailor, living on Logan street, while under the influence of liquor, to-day, laid down on the track of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad at the foot of Washington street, and was run over and instantly killed by the noon train. His head was cut off and the body shockingly mangled.

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

WASHINGTON, 1 A. M., August 15, 1876.
The probabilities are that the Lower Ohio river and Mississippi below Memphis will continue slowly falling.

CINCINNATI, August 15, 1876.
The river is seven feet nine inches, and falling. Fair and warm. Arrived—Sandy No. 2, Evansville. Departed—Hudson, Wheeling; Sandy No. 2, Louisville.

VICKSBURG, August 15, 1876.
Weather cloudy and warm. Down—Bismarck.

HUNTINGTON, August 14, 1876.
The river is twelve feet eight inches, and rising.

WHEELING, W. VA., August 15, 1876.
The river is three feet eleven inches, and stationary.

MARIETTA, August 14, 1876.
The river is five feet nine inches, and falling slowly.

MIDDLEPORT, August 14, 1876.
The river is rising. The weather is clear and warm.

NASHVILLE, August 15, 1876.
River falling, with five and a half feet on the shoals.

NEW ORLEANS, August 15, 1876.
No arrivals or departures. The weather is clear and warm.

OIL CITY, August 15, 1876.
River 2½ inches and stationary. Weather clear and warm.

BROWNSVILLE, August 15, 1876.
River six feet eleven inches and falling. Weather fair; thermometer 80 at 7 P. M.

PORTSMOUTH, August 14, 1876.
River eight feet six inches, having risen three feet five inches during the last twenty-four hours. Clear and hot.

GALLIPOLIS, August 14, 1876.
The river rose eight feet in the last twenty-four hours, and is still rising slowly. The weather is clear and warm.

LITTLE ROCK, August 15, 1876.
The river is on a stand; four feet ten inches. Arrived—Ella Hughes, Ft. Smith. Departed—Gov. Garland, Memphis.

CHARLESTON, August 14, 1876.
Kanawha twelve feet eight inches, and falling. Rain last night; clear to-day. The Hawkeye passed down with eleven barges of coal.

ST. LOUIS, August 15, 1876.
Arrived—Maggie, Illinois River; Rob Roy, Keokuk. Departed—City of Helena, Vicksburg. The river is stationary. Weather cloudy and hot.

CAIRO, August 15, 1876.
Arrived—Mollie Moore, St. Louis, 2 P. M.; Bee, New Orleans, 6. Departed—Mollie Moore, New Orleans, 6. River 16 feet 2 inches, and stationary. Weather cloudy; mercury 86.

LOUISVILLE, August 15, 1876.
The river is falling, with five feet nine inches in the canal. Weather clear and warm. Arrived—Laura Davis and E. M. Norton, St. Louis. Departed—Davis, Cincinnati; Norton, Pomeroy.

MEMPHIS, August 15, 1876.
The river rose three inches; stands fourteen feet one inch. The weather is clear; thermometer 92. Departed—Ella, White River; Baum, Cincinnati; Cherokee, New Orleans; Yeager and City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; Illinois, Vicksburg.

IRONTON, August 14, 1876.
River rising fast. Cloudy and warm. Down—Fontenelle; she added seventy tons bar iron, twenty tons nails, and one hundred and fifty tons of pig iron for St. Louis. The Granite State left with one hundred tons of pig iron for Pittsburgh.

EVANSVILLE, August 15, 1876.
Weather cloudy and showery. Mercury 77 to 86. River 8 6 10 feet on the gauge and falling. Down—J. D. Parker, 11:30 A. M.; Arlington, midnight; Florence Lee, 4 P. M.; Tarascon, 6. Up—Arkansas Belle, 5 A. M.; Maggie Smith, 7; Charley Brown and tow, 6.30; Shinkle, 11. Business light.

A Drunken Fiend.

NEWBURG, August 15.—Homer Daunatt, aged 21 years, yesterday, while intoxicated, attempted to murder his family with a revolver. He first attacked his mother, who struggled with him, and she received only a slight wound in the hand. Supposing he had killed her, as he aimed at her head, he left her, and then attacked his cousin, a girl of sixteen years, who ran into a bed room. He fired two shots through the door without hitting her, and then broke in the door and shot her through the upper lip, the ball glancing. The girl jumped from a window twelve feet to the ground, and while she lay there he fired twice more, each ball taking effect in the back near the kidneys, but inflicting only flesh wounds, which are not considered dangerous. He threatened citizens and police who went to the rescue of his terrorized relatives, but was finally arrested and safely locked in jail.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.

FIRE ARMS!
AND
AMMUNITION

Of every description at lower prices than ever before offered in this market, wholesale or retail.
Price Lists Free.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
285 LIBERTY STREET.

DIED.

PATTERSON—At Cambridge, Ohio, August 8, 1876, of cholera infantum, DWIGHT, infant son of James and Mary A. Patterson, aged 8 months

BENNETT—On Tuesday, August 15, at 2:30 A. M., NETTIE ESTELLA, twin daughter of Wm. P. and Maggie A. Bennett, aged 3 months and 23 days.

Funeral TO-DAY at 2 P. M., from the residence of her grandmother, 123 Sheffield street, Allegheny.

MORRISON—On Sunday evening, August 13, CHARLEY C., son of W. H. and Mary Morrison, aged 12 years.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, corner of Sheridan avenue and Heberton street, East End, TO-DAY at 2 P. M.

VEGETINE

Strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

VEGETINE

Is not a vile, nauseous compound, which simply purges the bowels, but a safe, pleasant remedy, which is sure to purify the blood and thereby restore the health.

VEGETINE

Is now prescribed in cases of Scrofula and other diseases of the blood, by many of the best physicians, owing to its great success in curing all diseases of this nature.

VEGETINE

Does not deceive invalids into false hopes by purging and creating a fictitious appetite, but assists nature in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

VEGETINE

Was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

VEGETINE

Instead of being a puffed-up medicine has worked its way up to its present astonishing success by actual merit in curing all diseases of the blood, of whatever nature.

VEGETINE

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier." Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE

Is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

Proof---What is Needed.

BOSTON, February 13, 1871.
H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:
Dear Sir—About one year since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. VEGETINE was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefited by its use. I procured the article, and after using several bottles, was restored to health, and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those compiaints for which it is especially prepared; and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health.
Respectfully yours,
U. L. PETTINGILL,
Firm of S. M. Pettingill & Co.,
No. 10 State street, Boston.

CINCINNATI, November 26, 1872.
MR. H. R. STEVENS:
Dear Sir—The two bottles of VEGETINE, furnished me by your agent, my wife has used with great benefit.
For a long time she has been troubled with dizziness and costiveness; these troubles are now entirely removed by the use of VEGETINE.
She was also troubled with Dyspepsia and General Debility, and has been greatly benefited.
THOS. GILMORE, 229½ Walnut St.

FEEL MYSELF A NEW MAN.

NATICK, Mass., June 1, 1872.
MR. H. R. STEVENS:
Dear Sir—Through the advice and earnest persuasion of Rev. E. S. Best of this place, I have been taking VEGETINE for Dyspepsia, of which I have suffered for years.
I have used only two bottles and already feel myself a new man. Respectfully,
DR. J. W. CARTER.

Report from a Practical Chemist and Apothecary.

BOSTON, January 1, 1874.
Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have sold at retail 154½ dozen (1852 bottles) of your VEGETINE since April 12, 1870, and can truly say that it has given the best satisfaction of any remedy for the complaints for which it is recommended that I ever sold. Scarcely a day passes without some of my customers testifying to its merits on themselves or their friends. I am perfectly cognizant of several cases of Scrofulous Tumors being cured by VEGETINE alone in this vicinity.
Very respectfully yours,
AL GILMAN, 468 Broadway.
To H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

PATTERSON'S LIVERY, SALE and Commission Stables. Carriages for Operas, Parties and Concerts. Horses kept at Livery. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to by Robert H. Patterson. Fine Carriages and Hearse furnished on short notice. PATTERSON BROS., successors to Robert H. Patterson, No. 6 Seventh avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!

FLORAL and EVERGREEN DECORATIONS executed in the most artistic style at satisfactory prices. Estimates furnished. Flowers in any desired design furnished promptly to order.
J. R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
Assets, January 1, 1876, $5,167,547.46.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 85 Fourth avenue.

DR. ARTHUR
DENTIST,
HAS REMOVED TO
47 EAST DIAMOND STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Register's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators and Guardians have been duly passed in the Register's office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance, on Monday, September 4th, 1876:

No. 1. Partial account of Peter Bolster, executor of the last will and testament of August Willman, deceased; filed May 8, 1876.

No. 2. Final account of James Evans, Esq., administrator of the estate of Margaret Foster, deceased; filed May 9, 1876.

No. 3. The account of Robert Hopper and A. J. Hopper, executors of the estate of Samuel Hopper, deceased; filed May 12, 1876.

No. 4. Final account of P. A. Lytle, administrator of the estate of Samuel Kerr, deceased; filed May 15, 1876.

No. 5. Final account of P. C. Messick, executor of the estate of James W. Mackrell, deceased; filed May 15, 1876.

No. 6. Account of Elizabeth Stewart and Samuel B. Moore, executors of William Stewart, deceased; filed May 19, 1876.

No. 7. Second account of John A. Davison, executor of the estate of Thomas Davison, deceased; May 19, 1876.

No. 8. Partial account of Peter Bolster, executor of the estate of Christian Schmidt, deceased; filed May 22, 1876.

No. 9. Final account of Henry R. Chalfant, administrator of T. H. Valentine, deceased; filed May 23, 1876.

No. 10. Partial account of Louis Lepper, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Lepper, deceased; filed May 23, 1876.

No. 11. Second account of John H. Trimble and A. M. Stevenson, executors of Stewart Brown, deceased; filed May 24, 1876.

No. 12. Account of James W. Hunt, guardian of Wm. F., Charles, Kate and Mary Hald; filed May 25, 1876.

No. 13. Final account of Stephen McCloskey, surviving administrator of Manus McCloskey, deceased; filed May 27, 1876.

No. 14. Final account of Ebenezer E. Patterson, as guardian of T. O. Patterson; filed May 17, 1876.

No. 15. Final account of John R. Nielsaum, executor of the estate of Charles Frederick Rust, deceased; filed May 31, 1876.

No. 16. Final account of Catharine Rupprecht, administrator of George Rupprecht, deceased; filed May 11, 1876.

No. 17. Final account of John B. Stevenson and Alex. K. Stevenson, trustees of Mrs. Louisa D. Stevenson; filed May 20, 1876.

No. 18. Final account of John B. Stevenson and Alex. K. Stevenson, executors of John Stevenson, deceased; filed May 20, 1876.

No. 19. Final account of H. M. Boyle, executor of the estate of Mrs. Jane Justis, deceased; filed June 2, 1876.

No. 20. Account of Sarah Partington, administratrix of Eliza Miller, deceased; filed June 5, 1876.

No. 21. Final account of D. L. Ehrman, administrator d. b. n. c. ta. of Maria L. Sabot, deceased; filed June 5, 1876.

No. 22. Final account of E. G. Mooney, administrator of the estate of William Mooney, deceased; filed June 6, 1876.

No. 23. Final account of George Witherspoon, administrator of the estate of Wm. Brown, deceased; filed June 10, 1876.

No. 24. Final account of John Hodges, administrator c. t. a. of Mary Ann Jones, deceased; filed June 10, 1876.

No. 25. Final account of Mary B. Laughlin, administratrix of Irwin B. Laughlin, deceased; filed June 13, 1876.

No. 26. Account of Irena A. McClintock, executrix of the estate of Alexander McClintock, deceased; filed June 15, 1876.

No. 27. Account of Lewis Peterson, Jr., executor of the estate of Sarah Ann Petersen, deceased; filed June 16, 1876.

No. 28. First account of Jared M. Brush and George C. Rels, administrators of the estate of Edward Dithridge, deceased; filed June 16, 1876.

No. 29 Final account of C. S. Fetterman, executor of the estate of Achsah Snodgrass, deceased; filed June 22, 1876.

No. 30. Final account of Charles Gilmore and Mary Curry, administrators of estate of James Curry, deceased; filed June 27, 1876.

No. 31. Partial account of Robert Morrow and Thomas Morrow, executors of Thomas Morrow, deceased; filed June 27, 1876.

No. 32. Account of Philip Hoerr, administrator of the estate of Wm. Feucht, deceased; filed June 28, 1876.

No. 33. Account of Philip Hoerr, administrator of Frederika Feucht, deceased; filed June 28, 1876.

No. 34. Final account of Jonathan Aiken, administrator of the estate of Suranna Dickson, deceased; filed July 1, 1876

No. 35. Account of James M. Orr, administrator of the estate of John Orr, deceased; filed July 1, 1876

No. 36. Final account of Samuel H. Goldthrop, executor of the estate of Donald Stewart, deceased; filed July 3, 1876.

No. 37. Account of Richard Dietrick, acting administrator of Philip Babinger, deceased; filed July 5, 1876.

No. 38. Final account of James Shipton, guardian of minor children of Thomas Hughes, deceased; filed July 5, 1876.

No. 39. Final account of S. B. W. Gill, guardian of Joseph A. Geier; filed July 6, 1876.

No. 40. Partial account of George Wertz, executor of the estate of Ludwig Wertz, deceased; filed July 6, 1876.

No. 41. Separate and final account of Harvey Childs, deceased, one of the executors of Electa Miner, deceased, filed by his executors; filed July 6, 1876.

No. 42. Final account of James Hastings, deceased, administrator of the estate of Jane Hastings, deceased, filed by his executors; filed July 6, 1876.

No. 43. Final account of Frank Hastings, executor of the estate of James Hastings, deceased; filed July 6, 1876.

No. 44. Final account of John Wernke, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Mary Fangmeier, deceased; filed July 7, 1876.

No. 45. Partial account of Jacob H. Walter and Wm. V. Evans, executors of Adam Walter, deceased; filed July 8, 1872.

No. 46. Partial account of Ralph White and Thomas White, executors of the estate of Thomas White, deceased; filed July 8, 1876.

No. 47. Final account of J. S. Dilworth, guardian of the minor children of Jacob and Helen Hamilton, deceased; filed July 8, 1876.

No. 48. Final account of Henry Lang, guardian of the minor children of Anton Hillien, deceased; filed July 10, 1876.

No. 49. Final account of George W. Tesse, guardian of Henry C. and Richard L. Tesse; filed July 10, 1876

No. 50. Final account of Benj. Wenger, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Wenger, deceased; filed July 11, 1876.

No. 51. Third account of John A. Wilson, Esq., administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Samuel McClean, Jr., deceased; filed July 13, 1876.

No. 52. Account of James S. Tucker, executor of the estate of James Tucker, deceased; filed July 13, 1876.

No. 53. Final account of Wm. J. Radcliff, guardian of Mary J. Logan; filed July 1, 1876.

No. 54. Final account of Wm. J. Radcliff, guardian of Albert J. Logan; filed July 1, 1876.

No. 55. Fifth and partial account of Wm. B. and R. H. Negley, executors of the estate of Daniel Negley, deceased; filed July 24, 1876.

No. 56. Final account of John N. McDonald, executor of the estate of Hugh Sproul; filed July 24, 1876.

No. 57. Final account of Thomas Brady, administrator of the estate of Patrick McGann, deceased; filed 25, 1876.

No. 58. Final account of Benjamin Pulpress, administrator of the estate of Wm. Hazzard, deceased; filed July 24, 1876.

No. 59. Final account of Robert Young, deceased, late administrator of the estate of H. E. Rheem, deceased; filed by the executors of Robert Young, deceased; filed July 26, July 26, 1876.

No. 60. Final account of J. O. Brown, guardian of Harriet A. Patterson; filed July 26, 1876.

No. 61. Final account of H. B. Wilkins, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of James Ross, Jr., deceased; filed July 27, 1876.

No. 62. Final account of H. B. Wilkins, surviving Executor and Trustee of the will of James Ross, dec'd; filed July 27, 1876.

No. 63. Final account of Joseph H. McClurg, dec'd, Administrator of the estate of Henry C. McClurg, dec'd, filed by Wm. McClurg, Administrator of Joseph H. McClurg, dec'd; filed July 28, 1876.

No. 64. Partial account of Wm. McClurg, Administrator d. b. n. of Henry C. McClurg, dec'd; filed July 28, 1876.

No. 65. First account of Charles W. Rade, Administrator of the estate of Peter Rado, dec'd; filed July 29, 1876.

No. 66. Account of Margaret Hughes, Administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Hughes, deceased; filed July 31, 1876.

No. 67. Final account of Margaret McCague and Robert S. McCague, Executors of the last will and testament of George McCague, deceased; filed July 31, 1876.

No. 68. Final account of Bernard McKenna, Executor of the estate of John Helmes, deceased; filed July 31, 1876.

No. 69. Final account of Wm. A. Herron, Guardian of the estate of John F. Shirk; filed July 31, 1876.

No. 70. Final account of W. K. Jennings, Administrator of the estate of Mrs. Ellen Graham, deceased; filed August 1, 1876.

No. 71. Final account of David B. Sutton and John H. Hespenhelde, Executors and Testamentary Trustees in the estate of Nathaniel Sinton, dec'd; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 72. Final account of A. S. McCord, surviving Executor of the estate of John Logan, dec'd; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 73. Account of Henry B. Hays and John S. Hays, Executors of James H. Hays, dec'd, who was Guardian of John McClurg Hays, minor child of James H. Hays, Jr., dec'd; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 74. Account of William Barker, Jr., and J. B. Kilgore, Executors and Trustees under the will of Mrs. Fanny Barker, dec'd, in account with G. C. Davis; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 75. Account of William Barker, Jr., and J. B. Kilgore, Executors and Trustees under will of Mrs. Fanny Barker, deceased. In account with R. M. Davis; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 76. Account of William Barker, Jr., and J. B. Kilgore, Executors and Trustees under will of Mrs. Fanny Barker, deceased. In account with A. B. Davis; filed August 2, 1876.

No. 77. First account of Wm. P. Murray, Administrator of the Estate of George McCormick, deceased; filed August 3, 1876.

No. 78. Final account of L. B. Davison, Guardian of the Estate of William Hess; filed August 3, 1876.

No. 79. Account of Geo. Roth and John Fisher, Executors of the Estate of Nicholas Reth, deceased; filed August 4, 1876.

No. 80. First account of James G. Weldon, administrator cum testamento annexo of the estate of P. Magee, Jr., deceased; filed August 4, 1876.

No. 81. Partial account of William Turner, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth McBride, deceased; filed August 4, 1876

No. 82. Partial account of Henry Myers, administrator of Peter McDonald, deceased; filed August 4, 1876.

No. 83. Final account of John Dunn, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of James Dunn, deceased; filed August 5, 1676

No. 84. Final account of Joseph Rigby, executor of the estate of Michael Stutz, deceased; filed August 5, 1876.

No. 85. Final account of S. J. Crist, administrator of the estate of Susan Donnell, deceased; filed August 5, 1876.

No. 86. Partial account of R. B. Phillips, administrator of the estate of William Phillips, deceased; filed August 5, 1876.

No. 87. Final account of J. H. Demmler, guardian of Jacob Henrici and Wm. Henrici; filed Aug. 5, 1876.

JOSEPH H. GRAY,
REGISTER.

PITTSBURGH, August 5, 1876.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.
In the Orphans' Court.

{ L. S. }

AUDIT NOTICE.

CREDITORS, HEIRS, ACCOUNTANTS, And all other persons interested are hereby notified that at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Pittsburgh, in and for said county, commencing MONDAY, Sept. 18, A. D. 1876, the above accounts will be taken up, audited and distributions made according to law, at which time and place you are hereby directed to appear, and make proof of your claims, &c.

JOSEPH H. GRAY,
Register and Ex-officio Clerk of Orphans' Court.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, Spring and Summer Wear.
LOWEST PRICES

MILLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
YOUGHIOGHENY CEMENT
LIME AND PLASTER,
258 LIBERTY STREET

CIDER—25 BBLS. CHOICE REFINED CIDER just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Silks! Silks! Silks! Silks

CLOSING-OUT SALE

Of the entere and valuable stock of Goods in the store of the late PHILLIP GRAEFF, No. 87 M street, consisting of the Finest and Costliest

Silks, Satins, Cashmeres,
Velvets and Silk Poplins,
Laces, Fringes, Flowers, Shawls and Dress Goods,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Reduced 50 to 75 Per Cent.
NO. 87 MARKET STREET.
L. B. FLANNERY, Executrix.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.
JAPANESE AND CHINESE MATTINGS.
HENRY M'CALLUM,
No. 77 Fifth Avenue, ABOVE Wood Street.

Ben Franklin Insurance Co
INCORPORATED 1866.
OFFICES—41 AND 43 OHIO STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
HENRY IRWIN, President. GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary,
SIMON DRUM, Agent.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & Co.
141 WOOD STREET.
Call attention to their large collection of
Fine Engravings and Photographs,
Many of them appropriately framed. Portrait and Picture Frames, embracing many new styles. Parlor and Table Easels in great variety. Also Pier and Mantel Mirrors of latest designs at very low pri

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING AND STEAM HEATING.
The Three Highest Premiums Over All Competitors
AWARDED TO
EDWARD BOURNE,
No. 45 Market Street, Pittsburgh,
For best display of Plumbing work and Steam Heating Apparatus at Pittsburgh Exposition, 1875.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page, under the several heads of "WANTS," "FOR SALE" "TO LET," &c., will be insered a transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG AND ENERGETIC man as partner in the Commission and Market business, with from five hundred to one thousand dollars capital. Address when and where an interview can be had B. F. W., GAZETTE office. 149

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS in Allegheny city, in a respectable locality, suitable for housekeeping. Address DIVINITY STUDENT, GAZETTE office. 148

WANTED—PLACES FOR 10 FARM hands, also 15 Gardeners and Drivers; all experienced and have from 1 to 5 years' reference. Employment office, No. 1 Sixth street. g87

WANTED—MORTGAGES—
Money to loan in large and small amounts on City or Allegheny County property.
THOS. K. PETTY,
158 Fourth avenue, near Grant street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A RARE CHANCE—TWO first-class stores, suitable for any kind of business, Nos. 80 and 84 East Ohio street, one square from the Diamond, Allegheny city. Rent reasonable. For terms, apply to G. D. SIMEN, 84 Ohio street. 148

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—7,000 GALLONS GENEVA Stone Ware, at the Allegheny Wharf. For sale very cheap by JAS. RENO, 19 Federal street, Allegheny. 134

FOR SALE OR RENT—THE CITIZENS WHITE LEAD WORKS, corner Forty-fifth and Railroad streets. Apply to JAMES CUDDY, 5 Brewer's Block, Duquesne Way. 125

FOR SALE—122 ACRES OF COAL, known as the large seam Connellsville Coking Coal, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and Youghiogheny river. Price low. Terms to suit the purchaser. Enquire of J. M. DUSHANE, Connellsville, Pa. 118

FOR SALE—EXHAUST AND PRESSURE Blowers, Taps and Dies, Emery Wheels, Judson Governors, Pure Oak Tanned Belting, Lace Leather, Packing, Oline Compound, Machinery and Manufacturers' Supplies in general, at lowest prices. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 2 Portables; 6 Second-hand Engine Lathes; 1 Trip Hammer; 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FOUR PORTABLE ENGINES, attached to Boilers, from 10 to 20 horse power, at
JAMES HILL & CO.'S,
Cor. Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

FOR SALE—STEAM PUMPS, LATHE and Drill Chucks, Taps and Dies, Twist Drills, Parker's Vises, Emery Wheels and Grinders, Set and Cap Screws, Hydraulic and Screw Jacks, Belting, Packing, and Manufacturers' supplies in general. HUTCHISON & CO., 112 Liberty and 5 Union streets.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING house, situate on Fremont street, Second ward, Allegheny, well finished with all modern improvements, with lot 22x160 feet; will be sold at a bargain, by JOHN STERRITT & SON, Real Estate Agents, No. 43 North Diamond street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and second-hand BOILERS, in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the WEST POINT BOILER WORKS, 13 Water street. R. MUNROE, successor to Watson & Munroe.

FOR SALE—ONE VERY GOOD SECOND hand Steam Engine, 15 inch diameter, 24 inch stroke, wrought shaft and crank, governor and band wheel, with two steam boilers to match, 38 inches diameter, 20 feet long, with all the equipments. Also, the entire Wood Working Machinery for a first-class Planing Mill, including resawing machine. Also, one 12x24 Steam Engine; with boiler and fixtures, nearly new. Also, 12 Double Flued Boilers, of different sizes, 38 inches by 24 feet, 40 inches by 26 feet and 40 inches by 28 feet, all in prime order and tested. Inquire of H. M. BOLE, corner Point alley and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa. 122

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
136 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds
Musical Instruments,
STRINGS AND SHEET MUSIC.
Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated
GEORGE STECK & CO.'S NEW YORK
PIANOS,
JUBILEE ORGANS
And various other makes of Pianos and Organs.
Pianos and Organs sold on the rental plan, at payments to suit each and every one.
Liberal discount allowed for CASH.
Old Pianos and Organs taken in exchange for new instruments at the highest rates. 122

SLATE ROOFING.
AIKEN & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite Grain Elevator,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

THOMAS BROWN
SUCCESSOR TO
BAILIFF & BROWN,
PLUMBER,
Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter.
NO. 55 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
WORK DONE PROMPTLY AND
Best Material Used

LACE CURTAINS,
Finest Assortment in the City.
CORNICES, LAMBREQUINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
MATTRESSES,
Spring Beds and Bedding.
Holtzman & Wiederhold,
64 WOOD STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

LEGGATE'S
Auction House,
178
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,

Offers great attractions to economical buyers. In addition to the regular Auction Sales of merchandise held in the second story salesroom, goods are retailed at private sale on the first floor. Prominent among these will always be found a very large and attractive stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Complete enough to form an independent shoe business. Also, cheap lots of Men's Clothing, Underwear, Hosiery and other varieties.
Auction Sales EVERY TUESDAY and THURSDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock.
Furniture and Goods of all kinds received for these sales.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Common Pleas Court No. 1, of Allegheny county, empowering me thereto, I will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., at 1 o'clock, on

THURSDAY, AUG. 24th, 1876,

The following described real estate, belonging the estate of Adam Potter, Jr., clear of all liens, viz: A first-class farm of 103 acres, more or less, situated in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, about three miles from Oakdale, on the Panhandle Railroad, and about 12 miles from Pittsburgh, via Steubenville Pike. There are about 80 acres cleared; the balance in excellent White Oak Timber. Nearly the whole tract is underlaid with the best quality of coal; coal bank open. There is a good two story frame house of six rooms, nearly new, on the premises, with a new barn and two orchards, one old and one young. The quality of the land is limestone, and has no superior in the neighborhood.

Terms and conditions will be made known on day of sale.

A. H. BAUMAN, Assignee.
For particulars inquire at 106 Fourth avenue.
Pittsburgh, Aug. 1, 1876. 121-d&S

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by Court of Common Pleas No. 2, in Equity sitting, will offer for sale at

Public Auction

ON THE

Third Monday of August, Being the 21st Day of said Month,

To the highest bidder, on the following terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest on deferred payments, secured by mortgage on the property, all of the following property, to-wit:

1st—All that lot or portion of ground, situated in the borough of Sharpsburg, beginning at a post on Main street; thence southward by the land of Thos. Cook to the Allegheny river at low water mark; thence up said river eastward to the land of Jacob Cook: thence northward by said J. Cook's land and Main street; thence by said street 90 feet to the pace of beginning.

2d—Also, all that certain house and lot of land, situated in the borough of Sharpsburg, beginning at a post on Main street, at the southeast corner of a lot of ground, owned by the State of Pennsylvania and attached to the said No. 5; thence along the line of said State lot 120 feet 6 inches to the towing path of the Pennsylvania Canal; thence by and down said towing path south 6¼ degrees, west 99 feet 6 inches to a post; thence due south by lands of Henry Butterfield 79 feet to Main street aforesaid; thence by Main street 85 degrees, east 87 feet 6 inches to the the place of beginning, as the same is described in Deed, recorded 8th of January, A. D. 1856, in volume 94, page 118.

The foregoing property is to be sold for the sake of a division between the persons to whom it belongs. The title is good—beyond controversy.

Possession immediately given after the sale is completed.

Sale to take place on the premises at 10 o'clock A. M.

JACOB H. MILLER,
ALBERT N. SUTTON,
Commissioners.

July 13, 1876. b52-d&S

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of this District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in Admiralty, and to me directed, I will expose at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of August, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Monongahela Wharf, above Smithfield Street Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa., the Steam Tow Boat

William Wagoner,

Her Boats, Machinery, Furniture, Apparel, Tackle, &c. Libeled, seized, attached and condemned by the decree of said Court.

JOHN HALL, U. S. Marshal.
August 12, 1876. 143

AMUSEMENTS.

WEDDELL'S PICNIC GROVE, AT Hulton Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

This Grove is beautifully situated, secluded cool, and shady, covering five (5) acres, having a frontage of six hundred (600) feet on the railroad, and a strong running spring of pure cold water in the centre, and only one hundred (100) yards from the Station.

Trains arrive and depart nearly ever hour and special trains stop in front of the Grove when parties desire it.

The platform is one of the largest and most complete of any ever erected in this country, and the buildings are now undergoing extensive improvements. Will be rented at reasonable prices by applying to ROBERT F. WEDDELL, No. 134 Water street, or JOSEPH ZIMMERMAN, corner Tenth and Liberty streets, under Rush House.

TIVOLI GARDEN!
The Fashionable Resort.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
92 FIFTH AVENUE.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Corner
Penn Avenue and 6th Street.

Old Pittsburgh Hedge Farm
NURSERY,
Have on Hand and For Sale
Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Vining Plants, Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberry Plants, Rhubarb, Asparagus, &c., &c. Greenhouse and Bedding-out Plants.
Greenhouses and Nursery situated on Wilkins avenue, opposite 22d Ward Shady Side Church, about 10 minutes' walk from Fifth avenue.
WM. & JAS. MURDOCK'S SEED STORE,
114 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.